Holiday Mobile Estates

2021 Water Quality Report PWS ID #MD-0020211

Water System Owner: <u>Holiday Mobile Estates Inc.</u> Water System Operator: Donald DeHart #6230

Is my water safe? YES

Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Maryland State drinking water health standards. Holiday Mobile Estates Inc. owns the property surrounding its water wells and monitors activity to safeguard its water supply and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Holiday Mobile Estates Inc. owns and operates 2 water wells; each is approximately 300 Ft. deep. The water wells are located within 50 feet of the Water Treatment Facility, which is located near the playground in C section, on Holiday Mobile Estates Inc.'s property.

Melting snow and rain filter down through the ground to form Aquifers, which are rivers of water under the ground. The Aquifer we draw our water from is the Patuxent Formation. The water is pumped from the wells to the Water Treatment Facility where we remove the hardness (natural minerals in the water) and Iron with an Ion Exchange Water Softening System. We then adjust the ph (a measure of acid and base properties) with Sodium Hydroxide. Then we add Sodium Hypochlorite (chlorine) as a disinfectant to protect against microbial contaminants. In **2021** Holiday Mobile Estates Inc. Water Treatment Facility pumped and processed **27,519,000** gallons of water.

Why are contaminants in my drinking water?

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Water Quality Data Table

The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data though representative of the water quality, may be more than one year old.

Water Quality Test Results

| Definitions: | The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation. |
|--|--|
| Avg: | Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples. |
| Level 1 Assessment: | A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. |
| Level 2 Assessment: | A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: | The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: | The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: | The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a Disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant goal or MRDLG: | The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. |

| mrem: | millirems per | vear | (a measure o | f radiation | absorbed by | v the b | odv' |
|-------|---------------|------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------|------|
| | | | | | | | |

na: not applicable.

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Contaminants Detected:

| TEST RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|------|-----------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Highest Level Detected | Unit | MCL | MCLG | Likely Source of Contamination | | | | |
| | Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | | |
| Copper (2017) (distribution) | N | 90 th Percentile .05 | mg/L | AL 1.3 | 1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits. | | | | |
| Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (2019) | N | ND | ppm | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits | | | | |
| Lead (2017) (distribution) | N | 90 th Percentile <0.0010 | mg/l | AL=15.0 | 0 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits | | | | |
| Fluoride (2019) | N | 0.2 | ppm | 4.0 | 4 | Erosion of Natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer, aluminum factories. Range of Levels Detected $0-0.1$ | | | | |
| | | | Un | regulated | Contamin | | | | | |
| Sodium (2019) | N | 69 mg/l | ppm | n/a | n/a | Erosion of natural deposits | | | | |
| рН | N | 7.5 | | n/a | n/a | Erosion of natural deposits | | | | |
| Regulated Contaminants – Disinfectants & Disinfection By-products | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorine | N | .9 | ppm | MRDL 4 | MRDLG 4 | Added to control Microbes. Range of Levels Detected = .69 | | | | |
| Haloacetic Acids | N | ND | ppb | 60 | No goal for the total | By-product of drinking water disinfection Range of levels Detected = 3.1 - 3.1 | | | | |

Violations:

Holiday Mobile Estates Water Treatment Facility had 1 minor violation

Violations Table

Consumer Confidence Rule

The Consumer Confidence Rule requires community water systems to prepare and provide to their customers annual consumer confidence reports on the quality of the water delivered by the systems.

Violation Type Violation Begin Violation End Violation Explanation

CCR ADEQUACY/AVAILABILITY/CONTENT 10/01/2021

2021 We failed to provide to you, our drinking water customers, an annual report that adequately informed you about the quality of our drinking water and the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water.

Meaning MDE did not receive a CCR Certification as required.

Violation corrective action:

The CCR was delivered to the customers as required, the CCR Certification was faxed to MDE as required. A copy of the CCR Certification and the Fax completion report from the Fax machine was E mailed to the Inspector.

Testing:

Holiday Mobile Estates Inc. uses an independent MD State certified private laboratory to test the drinking water.

In January we tested for <u>nitrates</u>, Results (mg/l) <u>ND</u>, the MCL allowed is <u>10 mg/l</u>, with a Reporting Level of <u>0.5 mg/l</u>

There were 12 monthly bacteriologic tests performed, all test results = 0 detected.

For all those concerned about lead in the drinking water please note: In <u>September of 2020</u> Holiday Mobile Estates, with the cooperation of 10 volunteer residents, collected 10 Lead and 10 Copper water samples for testing. Lead was detected in 1 sample.

(0.0031 which is well under the MCL for Lead which is 0.015 mg/l)

Copper was detected in 7 samples ranging from .05 up to .11_which is well under the MCL (which is 1.3 mg/l) for copper. Holiday Mobile Estates Inc. is required to test for lead and copper every three years.

"If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Holiday Mobile Estates WTP is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead."

PFAS – short for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances – refers to a large group of more than 4,000 human-made chemicals that have been used since the 1940s in a range of products, including stain- and water-resistant fabrics and carpeting, cleaning products, paints, cookware, food packaging and fire-fighting foams. These uses of PFAS have led to PFAS entering our environment, where they have been measured by several states in soil, surface water, groundwater and seafood. Some PFAS can last a long time in the environment and in the human body and can accumulate in the food chain.

Currently, there are no federal regulations (i.e. Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)) for PFAS in drinking water. However, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a Health Advisory Level (HAL) of 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for the sum of PFOA and PFOS concentrations in drinking water. While not an enforceable regulatory standard, when followed, the EPA HAL does provide drinking water customers, even the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from lifetime exposure to PFOA and PFOS in drinking water. Beginning in 2020, the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) initiated a PFAS monitoring program. The combined PFOA and PFAS concentration from samples taken from our water system was **below the detection limit**. MDE anticipates that EPA will establish an MCL for PFOA and PFOS in the near future. This would entail additional monitoring. Additional information about PFAS can be found on the MDE website: mde.maryland.gov

We are proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected and the EPA has determined that your water is **SAFE** at these levels.

For more information contact:

Holiday Mobile Estates WTP

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