B-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

LAND GRADING

DEFINITION

RESHAPING THE EXISTING LAND SURFACE TO PROVIDE SUITABLE TOPOGRAPHY FOR BUILDING FACILITIES AND OTHER SITE IMPROVEMENTS.

PURPOSE

TO PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL AND VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT FOR EXTREME CHANGES IN GRADE.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EARTH DISTURBANCES OR EXTREME GRADE MODIFICATIONS ON STEEP OR LONG SLOPES.

DESIGN CRITERIA

THE GRADING PLAN SHOULD BE BASED ON THE INCORPORATION OF BUILDING DESIGNS AND STREET LAYOUTS THAT FIT AND UTILIZE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY AND DESIRABLE NATURAL SURROUNDINGS TO AVOID EXTREME GRADE MODIFICATIONS. INFORMATION SUBMITTED MUST PROVIDE SUFFICIENT TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS AND SOIL INVESTIGATIONS TO DETERMINE LIMITATIONS THAT MUST BE IMPOSED ON THE GRADING OPERATION RELATED TO SLOPE STABILITY, ADJACENT PROPERTIES, DRAINAGE PATTERNS, MEASURES FOR WATER REMOVAL, AND VEGETATIVE TREATMENT, ETC.

MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE REGULATIONS AND DESIGN PROCEDURES ALREADY ESTABLISHED FOR LAND GRADING THAT MUST BE FOLLOWED. THE PLAN MUST SHOW EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONTOURS FOR THE AREA(S) TO BE GRADED INCLUDING PRACTICES FOR EROSION CONTROL, SLOPE STABILIZATION, AND SAFE CONVEYANCE OF RUNOFF (E.G., WATERWAYS, LINED CHANNELS, REVERSE BENCHES, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES). THE GRADING/CONSTRUCTION PLANS ARE TO INCLUDE THE PHASING OF THESE PRACTICES AND CONSIDERATION OF THE FOLLOWING:

1. PROVISIONS TO SAFELY CONVEY SURFACE RUNOFF TO STORM DRAINS, PROTECTED OUTLETS OR STABLE WATER COURSES TO ENSURE THAT SURFACE RUNOFF WILL NOT DAMAGE SLOPES OR OTHER GRADED AREAS.
2. CUT AND FILL SLOPES, STABILIZED WITH GRASSES, NO STEEPER THAN 2:L. (WHERE THE SLOPE IS TO BE MOWED, THE SLOPE SHOULD BE NO STEEPER THAN 3:L, BUT 4:L IS PREFERRED BECAUSE OF SAFETY FACTORS RELATED TO MOWING STEEP SLOPES.) SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:L REQUIRE SPECIAL DESIGN AND STABILIZATION CONSIDERATIONS TO BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
3. BENCHING PER DETAIL B-3-1 WHENEVER THE VERTICAL INTERVAL (HEIGHT) OF ANY 2:L SLOPE EXCEEDS 20 FEET; FOR 3:L SLOPES, WHEN IT EXCEEDS 30 FEET; AND FOR 4:L SLOPES, WHEN IT EXCEEDS 40 FEET. LOCATE BENCHES TO DIVIDE THE SLOPE FACE AS EQUALLY AS POSSIBLE AND TO CONVEY THE WATER TO A STABLE OUTLET. SOILS, SEEPS, ROCK OUTCROPS, ETC. ARE TO BE TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION WHEN DESIGNING BENCHES.
   a. PROVIDE BENCHES WITH A MINIMUM WIDTH OF SIX FEET FOR EASE OF MAINTENANCE.
   b. DESIGN BENCHES WITH A REVERSE SLOPE OF 6:L OR FLATTER TO THE TOE OF THE UPPER SLOPE AND WITH A MINIMUM OF ONE FOOT IN DEPTH. GRADE THE LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF THE BENCH BETWEEN 2 PERCENT AND 3 PERCENT, UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND COMPUTATIONS.
   c. THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FLOW LENGTH WITHIN A BENCH IS 800 FEET UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND COMPUTATIONS.
4. DIVERSION OF SURFACE WATER FROM THE FACE OF ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES USING EARTH DIKES OR SWALES.
   CONVEY SURFACE WATER DOWN SLOPE USING A DESIGNED STRUCTURE, AND:
   a. PROTECT THE FACE OF ALL GRADED SLOPES FROM SURFACE RUNOFF UNTIL THEY ARE STABILIZED.
   b. DO NOT SUBJECT THE SLOPE'S FACE TO ANY CONCENTRATED FLOW OF SURFACE WATER SUCH AS FROM NATURAL DRAINAGE WAYS, GRADED SWALES, DOWNSPOUTS, ETC.
   c. PROTECT THE FACE OF THE SLOPE BY SPECIAL EROSION CONTROL MATERIALS TO INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, APPROVED VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION PRACTICES, RIPRAP OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION METHODS.
5. SERRATED SLOPE AS SHOWN IN DETAIL B-3-2. THE STEEPEST ALLOWABLE SLOPE FOR RIPABLE ROCK IS 1.5:1. FOR NON ROCK SURFACES, THE SLOPES ARE TO BE 2:1 OR FLATTER. THESE STEPS WILL WEATHER AND ACT TO HOLD MOISTURE, LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED THUS PRODUCING A MUCH QUICKER AND LONGER LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER AND BETTER SLOPE STABILIZATION.
6. SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE PROVISIONS. PROVIDE SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE WHERE NECESSARY TO INTERCEPT SEEPAGE THAT WOULD OTHERWISE ADVERSELY AFFECT SLOPE STABILITY OR CREATE EXCESSIVELY WET SITE CONDITIONS.
7. PROXIMITY TO ADJACENT PROPERTY. SLOPES MUST NOT BE CREATED CLOSE TO PROPERTY LINES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PROTECTION AGAINST SEDIMENTATION, EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE, OR OTHER RELATED DAMAGES.
8. QUALITY OF FILL MATERIAL. FILL MATERIAL MUST BE FREE OF BRUSH, RUBBISH, LOGS, STUMPS, BUILDING DEBRIS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. DO NOT PLACE FROZEN MATERIALS IN THE FILL NOR PLACE THE FILL MATERIAL ON A FROZEN FOUNDATION.
9. STABILIZATION. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS STRUCTURALLY OR VEGETATIVELY IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION B- 4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR STABILIZATION PRACTICES.

MAINTENANCE

THE LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION OF BENCHING AND SERRATED SLOPES MUST BE MAINTAINED. BENCHES AND SERRATED SLOPES MUST CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

DEFINITION

THE PROCESS OF PREPARING THE SOILS TO SUSTAIN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

PURPOSE

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED.

CRITERIA

A. SOIL PREPARATION

1. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION
   a. SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED, IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE.
   b. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.
   c. INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.
2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION
   a. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. THE MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE:
      i. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0.
      ii. SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM).
      iii. SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE.
      iv. SOIL CONTAINS 1.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT.
      v. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION.
   b. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET THE ABOVE CONDITIONS.
   c. GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES.
   d. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL TEST.
   e. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES, AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION. LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN THE SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED PREPARATION. TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE. SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS.

B. TOPSOILING

1. TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.
2. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-NRCS.
3. TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE:
   a. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.
   b. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS.
   c. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.
   d. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE.
4. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN.
5. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
   a. TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, OR LOAMY SAND.
   b. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1½ INCHES IN DIAMETER.
   c. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.
   d. TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL.

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

SEEDING AND MULCHING

DEFINITION

THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

PURPOSE

TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

CRITERIA

A. SEEDING

1. SPECIFICATIONS
   a. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED USED MUST HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE.
   b. MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND THAWS.
   c. INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES. INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER. ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE.
   d. SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.
2. APPLICATION
   a. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS.
      i. INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING TABLE B.1, PERMANENT SEEDING TABLE B.3, OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES.
      ii. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT.
   b. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL.
      i. CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING. SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING.
      ii. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION.
   c. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER).
      i. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P2O5 (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE; K2O (POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE.
      ii. LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING.
      iii. MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.
      iv. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SOIL.

B. MULCHING

1. MULCH MATERIALS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE)
   a. STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, RYE, OAT, OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR. STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY. **NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.**
   b. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE.
      i. WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY.
      ii. WCFM, INCLUDING DYE, MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS.
      iii. WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS.
      iv. WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE PHYTO-TOXIC.
      v. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MILLIMETER, PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6 PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT MINIMUM.
2. APPLICATION
   a. APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.
   b. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES. APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE.
   c. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.
3. ANCHORING
   a. PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND EROSION HAZARD:
      i. A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE CONTOUR.
      ii. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.
      iii. SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70, PETROSET, TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPROVED EQUAL MAY BE USED. FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS. **USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED**.
      iv. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET LONG.

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

DEFINITION

TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH VEGETATION FOR UP TO 6 MONTHS.

PURPOSE

TO USE FAST GROWING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR LESS. FOR LONGER DURATION OF TIME, PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE REQUIRED.

CRITERIA

1. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR SEED MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.1 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3), AND ENTER THEM IN THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY BELOW ALONG WITH APPLICATION RATES, SEEDING DATES AND SEEDING DEPTHS. IF THIS SUMMARY IS NOT PUT ON THE PLAN AND COMPLETED, THEN TABLE B.1 PLUS FERTILIZER AND LIME RATES MUST BE PUT ON THE PLAN.
2. FOR SITES HAVING SOIL TESTS PERFORMED, USE AND SHOW THE RECOMMENDED RATES BY THE TESTING AGENCY.
   SOIL TESTS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING.
3. WHEN STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE OF A SEEDING SEASON, APPLY SEED AND MULCH OR STRAW MULCH ALONE AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION B-4-3.A.1.B AND MAINTAIN UNTIL THE NEXT SEEDING SEASON.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3): 7a **Seed Mixture** (from Table B.1):					Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P_2O_5	K20	
	Annual Rye	40	2/15 to 4/30; 8/15 to 11/30	¼- ½ in	436 lbs/ac (10 lb/ 1000 sf)	436 lbs/ac (10 lb/ 1000 sf)	436 lbs/ac (10 lb/ 1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (90 lb/ 1000 sf)
	Barley	96	2/15 to 4/30; 8/15 to 11/30	¼- ½ in				
	Foxtail Millet	30	5/1 to 8/14	¼- ½ in				

TABLE B.1: TEMPORARY SEEDING FOR SITE STABILIZATION

Plant Species	Seeding Rate [1/] lb/ac	Seeding Rate [1/] lb/1000 ft²	Seeding Depth [2/] (inches)	Recommended Seeding Dates by Plant Hardiness Zone [3/]: 5b and 6a	6b	7a and 7b
Cool-Season Grasses						
Annual Ryegrass (*Lolium perenne ssp. multiflorum*)	40	1.0	0.5	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*)	96	2.2	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Oats (*Avena sativa*)	72	1.7	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug
Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*)	120	2.8	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Cereal Rye (*Secale cereale*)	112	2.8	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Oct 31	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Nov 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Dec 15
Warm-Season Grasses						
Foxtail Millet (*Setaria italica*)	3	0.	0.5	Jun 1 to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14
Pearl Millet (*Pennisetum glaucum*)	20	0.5	0.5	Jun 1 to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14

NOTES:

1/ SEEDING RATES FOR THE WARM-SEASON GRASSES ARE IN POUNDS OF PURE LIVE SEED (PLS). ACTUAL PLANTING RATES SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO REFLECT PERCENT SEED GERMINATION AND PURITY, AS TESTED. ADJUSTMENTS ARE USUALLY NOT NEEDED FOR THE COOL-SEASON GRASSES.

SEEDING RATES LISTED ABOVE ARE FOR TEMPORARY SEEDINGS, WHEN PLANTED ALONE. WHEN PLANTED AS A NURSE CROP WITH PERMANENT SEED MIXES, USE 1/3 OF THE SEEDING RATE LISTED ABOVE FOR BARLEY, OATS, AND WHEAT. FOR SMALLER-SEEDED GRASSES (ANNUAL RYEGRASS, PEARL MILLET, FOXTAIL MILLET), DO NOT EXCEED MORE THAN 5% (BY WEIGHT) OF THE OVERALL PERMANENT SEEDING MIX. CEREAL RYE GENERALLY SHOULD NOT BE USED AS A NURSE CROP, UNLESS PLANTING WILL OCCUR IN VERY LATE FALL BEYOND THE SEEDING DATES FOR OTHER TEMPORARY SEEDINGS. CEREAL RYE HAS ALLELOPATHIC PROPERTIES THAT INHIBIT THE GERMINATION AND GROWTH OF OTHER PLANTS. IF IT MUST BE USED AS A NURSE CROP, SEED AT 1/3 OF THE RATE LISTED ABOVE.

OATS ARE THE RECOMMENDED NURSE CROP FOR WARM-SEASON GRASSES.

2/ FOR SANDY SOILS, PLANT SEEDS AT TWICE THE DEPTH LISTED ABOVE.

3/ THE PLANTING DATES LISTED ARE AVERAGES FOR EACH ZONE AND MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT LOCAL CONDITIONS, ESPECIALLY NEAR THE BOUNDARIES OF THE ZONE.

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

DEFINITION

TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION.

PURPOSE

TO USE LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL GRASSES AND LEGUMES TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT GROUND COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR 6 MONTHS OR MORE.

CRITERIA

A. SEED MIXTURES

1. GENERAL USE
   a. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE
      B.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN.
   b. ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORELINES, STREAM BANKS, OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE, SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING.
   c. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY.
   d. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3 ½ POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY .
2. TURFGRASS MIXTURES
   a. AREAS WHERE TURFGRASS MAY BE DESIRED INCLUDE LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS, AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE A MEDIUM TO HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE.
   b. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED BELOW BASED ON THE SITE CONDITIONS OR PURPOSE. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN.
      i. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS THAT RECEIVE INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT. IRRIGATION REQUIRED IN THE AREAS OF CENTRAL MARYLAND AND EASTERN SHORE. RECOMMENDED CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 2.0 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT.
      ii. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/PERENNIAL RYE: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN FULL SUN AREAS WHERE RAPID ESTABLISHMENT IS NECESSARY AND WHEN TURF WILL RECEIVE MEDIUM TO INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT. CERTIFIED PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CULTIVARS/CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEEDING RATE: 2 POUNDS MIXTURE PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT.
      iii. TALL FESCUE/KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN DROUGHT PRONE AREAS AND/OR FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW TO MEDIUM MANAGEMENT IN FULL SUN TO MEDIUM SHADE. RECOMMENDED MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED TALL FESCUE CULTIVARS 95 TO 100 PERCENT, CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 0 TO 5 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 5 TO 8 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. ONE OR MORE CULTIVARS MAY BE BLENDED.
      iv. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/FINE FESCUE: SHADE MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS WITH SHADE IN BLUEGRASS LAWNS. FOR ESTABLISHMENT IN HIGH QUALITY, INTENSIVELY MANAGED TURF AREA. MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 30 TO 40 PERCENT AND CERTIFIED FINE FESCUE AND 60 TO 70 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 1½ TO 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

      NOTES:
      SELECT TURFGRASS VARIETIES FROM THOSE LISTED IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MEMO #77, "TURFGRASS CULTIVAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND"

      CHOOSE CERTIFIED MATERIAL. CERTIFIED MATERIAL IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF CULTIVAR PURITY. THE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TURF AND SEED SECTION, PROVIDES A RELIABLE MEANS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ASSURES A PURE GENETIC LINE
   c. IDEAL TIMES OF SEEDING FOR TURF GRASS MIXTURES

      WESTERN MD: MARCH 15 TO JUNE 1, AUGUST 1 TO OCTOBER 1 (HARDINESS ZONES: 5B, 6A)

      CENTRAL MD: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONE: 6B)

      SOUTHERN MD, EASTERN SHORE: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONES: 7A, 7B)
   d. TILL AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED BY DISKING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES, LEVEL AND RAKE THE AREAS TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED. REMOVE STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 1½ INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE RESULTING SEEDBED MUST BE IN SUCH CONDITION THAT FUTURE MOWING OF GRASSES WILL POSE NO DIFFICULTY.
   e. IF SOIL MOISTURE IS DEFICIENT, SUPPLY NEW SEEDINGS WITH ADEQUATE WATER FOR PLANT GROWTH (½ TO 1 INCH EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE) UNTIL THEY ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE WHEN SEEDINGS ARE MADE LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON, IN ABNORMALLY DRY OR HOT SEASONS, OR ON ADVERSE SITES.

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3): 7a **Seed Mixture** (from Table B.3): 9					Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P2O5	K20	
	Tall Fescue	60	2/15 to 4/30; 8/15 to 10/31 11/01 to 11/30	¼- ½ in	45 pounds per acre (1.0 lb/ 1000 sf)	90 lb/ac (2 lb/ 1000 sf)	90 lb/ac (2 lb/ 1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (90 lb/ 1000 sf)
	Kentucky Bluegrass	40	2/15 to 4/30; 8/15 to 10/31 11/01 to 11/30	¼- ½ in				
	Perennial Ryegrass	20	2/15 to 4/30; 8/15 to 10/31 11/01 to 11/30	¼- ½ in				

B. SOD: TO PROVIDE QUICK COVER ON DISTURBED AREAS (2:1 GRADE OR FLATTER).

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS
   a. CLASS OF TURFGRASS SOD MUST BE MARYLAND STATE CERTIFIED. SOD LABELS MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE JOB FOREMAN AND INSPECTOR.
   b. SOD MUST BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF ¾ INCH, PLUS OR MINUS ¼ INCH, AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. MEASUREMENT FOR THICKNESS MUST EXCLUDE TOP GROWTH AND THATCH. BROKEN PADS AND TORN OR UNEVEN ENDS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE.
   c. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD MUST BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED VERTICALLY WITH A FIRM GRASP ON THE UPPER 10 PERCENT OF THE SECTION.
   d. SOD MUST NOT BE HARVESTED OR TRANSPLANTED WHEN MOISTURE CONTENT (EXCESSIVELY DRY OR WET) MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT ITS SURVIVAL.
   e. SOD MUST BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS. SOD NOT TRANSPLANTED WITHIN THIS PERIOD MUST BE APPROVED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST PRIOR TO ITS INSTALLATION.
2. SOD INSTALLATION
   a. DURING PERIODS OF EXCESSIVELY HIGH TEMPERATURE OR IN AREAS HAVING DRY SUBSOIL, LIGHTLY IRRIGATE THE SUBSOIL IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD.
   b. LAY THE FIRST ROW OF SOD IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO IT AND TIGHTLY WEDGED AGAINST EACH OTHER. STAGGER LATERAL JOINTS TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH. ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE AIR DRYING OF THE ROOTS.
   c. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, LAY SOD WITH THE LONG EDGES PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR AND WITH STAGGERING JOINTS. ROLL AND TAMP, PEG OR OTHERWISE SECURE THE SOD TO PREVENT SLIPPAGE ON SLOPES. ENSURE SOLID CONTACT EXISTS BETWEEN SOD ROOTS AND THE UNDERLYING SOIL SURFACE.
   d. WATER THE SOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ROLLING AND TAMPING UNTIL THE UNDERSIDE OF THE NEW SOD PAD AND SOIL SURFACE BELOW THE SOD ARE THOROUGHLY WET. COMPLETE THE OPERATIONS OF LAYING, TAMPING AND IRRIGATING FOR ANY PIECE OF SOD WITHIN EIGHT HOURS.
3. SOD MAINTENANCE
   a. IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATER DAILY DURING THE FIRST WEEK OR AS OFTEN AND SUFFICIENTLY AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES. WATER SOD DURING THE HEAT OF THE DAY TO PREVENT WILTING.
   b. AFTER THE FIRST WEEK, SOD WATERING IS REQUIRED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN ADEQUATE MOISTURE CONTENT.
   c. DO NOT MOW UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED. NO MORE THAN ⅓ OF THE GRASS LEAF MUST BE REMOVED BY THE INITIAL CUTTING OR SUBSEQUENT CUTTINGS. MAINTAIN A GRASS HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

B-4-6 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING

DEFINITION

MATERIAL USED TO TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY STABILIZE CHANNELS OR STEEP SLOPES UNTIL GROUNDCOVER IS ESTABLISHED.

PURPOSE

TO PROTECT THE SOILS UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

ON NEWLY SEEDED SURFACES TO PREVENT THE APPLIED SEED FROM WASHING OUT; IN CHANNELS AND ON STEEP SLOPES WHERE THE FLOW HAS EROSIVE VELOCITIES OR CONVEYS CLEAR WATER; ON TEMPORARY SWALES, EARTH DIKES, AND PERIMETER DIKE SWALES AS REQUIRED BY THE RESPECTIVE DESIGN STANDARD; AND, ON STREAM BANKS WHERE MOVING WATER IS LIKELY TO WASH OUT NEW VEGETATIVE PLANTINGS.

DESIGN CRITERIA

1. THE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING THAT IS USED MUST WITHSTAND THE FLOW VELOCITIES AND SHEAR STRESSES DETERMINED FOR THE AREA, BASED ON THE 2-YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR TEMPORARY APPLICATIONS AND THE 10-YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR PERMANENT APPLICATIONS. DESIGNATE ON THE PLAN THE TYPE OF SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING USING THE STANDARD SYMBOL AND INCLUDE THE CALCULATED SHEAR STRESS FOR THE RESPECTIVE TREATMENT AREA.
2. MATTING IS REQUIRED ON PERMANENT CHANNELS WHERE THE RUNOFF VELOCITY EXCEEDS TWO AND HALF FEET PER SECOND (2.5 FPS) OR THE SHEAR STRESS EXCEEDS TWO POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT (2 LBS/FT2). ON TEMPORARY CHANNELS DISCHARGING TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING PRACTICE, PROVIDE MATTING WHERE THE RUNOFF VELOCITY EXCEEDS FOUR FEET PER SECOND (4 FPS).
3. TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING IS MADE WITH DEGRADABLE (LASTS 6 MONTHS MINIMUM), NATURAL, OR MANMADE FIBERS OF UNIFORM THICKNESS AND DISTRIBUTION OF FIBERS THROUGHOUT AND IS SMOLDER RESISTANT. THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE VELOCITY FOR TEMPORARY MATTING IS 6 FEET PER SECOND.
4. PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING IS AN OPEN WEAVE, SYNTHETIC MATERIAL CONSISTING OF NON- DEGRADABLE FIBERS OR ELEMENTS OF UNIFORM THICKNESS AND DISTRIBUTION OF WEAVE THROUGHOUT. THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE VELOCITY FOR PERMANENT MATTING IS 8.5 FEET PER SECOND.
5. CALCULATE CHANNEL VELOCITY AND SHEAR STRESS USING THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:
   SHEAR STRESS (T) IS A MEASURE OF THE FORCE OF MOVING WATER AGAINST THE SUBSTRATE AND IS CALCULATED AS: $\tau = \gamma R S_w$ where:
   τ = shear stress (lb/ft²)
   γ = weight density of water (62.4 lb/ft³)
   R = average water depth (hydraulic radius) (ft)
   S_w = water surface slope (ft/ft)
   VELOCITY (V) MEASURES THE RATE OF FLOW THROUGH A DEFINED AREA AND IS CALCULATED AS:
   $V = 1.486 R^{2/3} \sqrt{S}$ WHERE:
   V = VELOCITY (FT/SEC), N = MANNING'S ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT, R = HYDRAULIC RADIUS (FT), S = CHANNEL SLOPE (FT/FT)
6. USE TABLE B.7 TO ASSIST IN SELECTING THE APPROPRIATE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING FOR SLOPE APPLICATIONS BASED ON THE SLOPE, THE SLOPE LENGTH, AND THE SOIL-ERODIBILITY K FACTOR.

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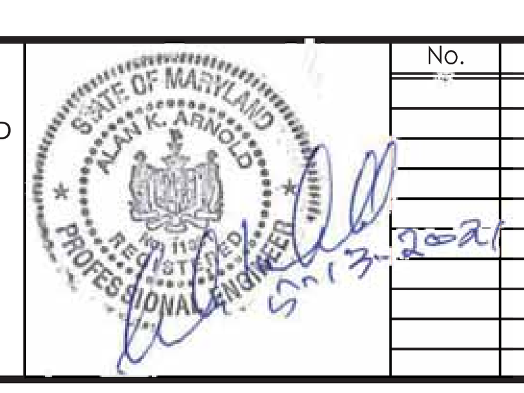
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

LICENSE NO. 11391 EXPIRATION DATE: 03-25-2023



No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

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PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL
NEW SOUTHERN AREA K-8
COMBINED CONCEPT AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DEVELOPMENT
GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

RLP/GMHA DESIGN	SCALE N/A
GMHA DRAWN	SC06
KHN/AKA CHECKED	SHEET 6 OF 10
APR 2021 DATE	218320533 PROJ No. / FILE No.

B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
FOR
STOCKPILE AREA

DEFINITION

A MOUND OR PILE OF SOIL PROTECTED BY APPROPRIATELY DESIGNED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.

PURPOSE

TO PROVIDE A DESIGNATED LOCATION FOR THE TEMPORARY STORAGE OF SOIL THAT CONTROLS THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND CHANGES TO DRAINAGE PATTERNS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

STOCKPILE AREAS ARE UTILIZED WHEN IT IS NECESSARY TO SALVAGE AND STORE SOIL FOR LATER USE.

CRITERIA

1. THE STOCKPILE LOCATION AND ALL RELATED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE CLEARLY INDICATED ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
2. THE FOOTPRINT OF THE STOCKPILE MUST BE SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE THE ANTICIPATED VOLUME OF MATERIAL AND BASED ON A SIDE SLOPE RATIO NO STEEPER THAN 2:1. BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-3 LAND GRADING.
3. RUNOFF FROM THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST DRAIN TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.
4. ACCESS THE STOCKPILE AREA FROM THE UPGRADE SIDE.
5. CLEAR WATER RUNOFF INTO THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE MINIMIZED BY USE OF A DIVERSION DEVICE SUCH AS AN EARTH DIKE, TEMPORARY SWALE OR DIVERSION FENCE. PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE FOR DISCHARGING CONCENTRATED FLOW IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER.
6. WHERE RUNOFF CONCENTRATES ALONG THE TOE OF THE STOCKPILE FILL, AN APPROPRIATE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE MUST BE USED TO INTERCEPT THE DISCHARGE.
7. STOCKPILES MUST BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 3/7 DAY STABILIZATION REQUIREMENT AS WELL AS STANDARD B-4-1 INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION AND STANDARD B-4-4 TEMPORARY STABILIZATION.
8. IF THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON AN IMPERVIOUS SURFACE, A LINER SHOULD BE PROVIDED BELOW THE STOCKPILE TO FACILITATE CLEANUP. STOCKPILES CONTAINING CONTAMINATED MATERIAL MUST BE COVERED WITH IMPERMEABLE SHEETING.

MAINTENANCE

THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. SIDE SLOPES MUST BE MAINTAINED AT NO STEEPER THAN A 2:1 RATIO. THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE KEPT FREE OF EROSION. IF THE VERTICAL HEIGHT OF A STOCKPILE EXCEEDS 20 FEET FOR 2:1 SLOPES, 30 FEET FOR 3:1 SLOPES, OR 40 FEET FOR 4:1 SLOPES, BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-3 LAND GRADING.

H-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
FOR
MATERIALS
TABLE H.1: GEOTEXTILE FABRICS

		WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE		WOVEN MONOFILAMENT GEOTEXTILE		NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE	
		MINIMUM AVERAGE ROLL VALUE[1]					
PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MD	CD	MD	CD	MD	CD
Grab Tensile Strength	ASTM D-4632	200 lb	200 lb	370 lb	250 lb	200 lb	200 lb
Grab Tensile Elongation	ASTM D-4632	15%	10%	15%	15%	50%	50%
Trapezoidal Tear Strength	ASTM D-4533	75 lb	75 lb	100 lb	60 lb	80 lb	80 lb
Puncture Strength	ASTM D-6241	450 lb		900 lb		450 lb	
Apparent Opening Size[2]	ASTM D-4751	U.S. Sieve 30 (0.59		U.S. Sieve 70 (0.21 mm)		U.S. Sieve 70 (0.21 mm)	
Permittivity	ASTM D-4491	0.05 sec^{-1}		0.28 sec^{-1}		1.1 sec^{-1}	
Ultraviolet Resistance Retained at 500 hours	ASTM D-4355	70% strength		70% strength		70% strength	

1 ALL NUMERIC VALUES EXCEPT APPARENT OPENING SIZE (AOS) REPRESENT MINIMUM AVERAGE ROLL VALUES (MARV). MARV IS CALCULATED AS THE TYPICAL MINUS TWO STANDARD DEVIATIONS. MD IS MACHINE DIRECTION; CD IS CROSS DIRECTION.

2 VALUES FOR AOS REPRESENT THE AVERAGE MAXIMUM OPENING.

GEOTEXTILES MUST BE EVALUATED BY THE NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION PRODUCT EVALUATION PROGRAM (NTPEP) AND CONFORM TO THE VALUES IN TABLE H.1.

THE GEOTEXTILE MUST BE INERT TO COMMONLY ENCOUNTERED CHEMICALS AND HYDROCARBONS AND MUST BE ROT AND MILDEW RESISTANT. THE GEOTEXTILE MUST BE MANUFACTURED FROM FIBERS CONSISTING OF LONG CHAIN SYNTHETIC POLYMERS AND COMPOSED OF A MINIMUM OF 95 PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF POLYOLEFINS OR POLYESTERS, AND FORMED INTO A STABLE NETWORK SO THE FILAMENTS OR YARNS RETAIN THEIR DIMENSIONAL STABILITY RELATIVE TO EACH OTHER, INCLUDING SELVAGES.

WHEN MORE THAN ONE SECTION OF GEOTEXTILE IS NECESSARY, OVERLAP THE SECTIONS BY AT LEAST ONE FOOT. THE GEOTEXTILE MUST BE PULLED TAUT OVER THE APPLIED SURFACE. EQUIPMENT MUST NOT RUN OVER EXPOSED FABRIC. WHEN PLACING RIPRAP ON GEOTEXTILE, DO NOT EXCEED A ONE FOOT DROP HEIGHT.

TABLE H.2: STONE SIZE

TYPE	SIZE RANGE	d_{50}	d_{100}	AASHTO	MIDSIZE WEIGHT[3]
NUMBER 57[1]	3/8 to 1 ½ inch	½ in	1 ½ in	M-43	N/A
NUMBER 1	2 to 3 inch	2 ½ in	3 in	M-43	N/A
RIPRAP[2] (CLASS	4 to 7 inch	5 ½ in	7 in	N/A	N/A
CLASS I	N/A	9 ½ in	15 in	N/A	40 lb
CLASS II	N/A	16 in	24 in	N/A	200 lb
CLASS III	N/A	23 in	34 in	N/A	600 lb

1 THIS CLASSIFICATION IS TO BE USED ON THE UPSTREAM FACE OF STONE OUTLETS AND CHECK DAMS.
2 THIS CLASSIFICATION IS TO BE USED FOR GABIONS.
3 OPTIMUM GRADATION IS 50 PERCENT OF THE STONE BEING ABOVE AND 50 PERCENT BELOW THE MIDSIZE.

STONE MUST BE COMPOSED OF A WELL GRADED MIXTURE OF STONE SIZED SO THAT FIFTY (50) PERCENT OF THE PIECES BY WEIGHT ARE LARGER THAN THE SIZE DETERMINED BY USING THE CHARTS. A WELL GRADED MIXTURE, AS USED HEREIN, IS DEFINED AS A MIXTURE COMPOSED PRIMARILY OF LARGER STONE SIZES BUT WITH A SUFFICIENT MIXTURE OF OTHER SIZES TO FILL THE SMALLER VOIDS BETWEEN THE STONES. THE DIAMETER OF THE LARGEST STONE IN SUCH A MIXTURE MUST NOT EXCEED THE RESPECTIVE D100 SELECTED FROM TABLE H.2. THE D50 REFERS TO THE MEDIAN DIAMETER OF THE STONE. THIS IS THE SIZE FOR WHICH 50 PERCENT, BY WEIGHT, WILL BE SMALLER AND 50 PERCENT WILL BE LARGER.

NOTE: RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ALL STONE CLASSIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. CONCRETE BROKEN INTO THE SIZES MEETING THE APPROPRIATE CLASSIFICATION, CONTAINING NO STEEL REINFORCEMENT, AND HAVING A MINIMUM DENSITY OF 150 POUNDS PER CUBIC FOOT MAY BE USED AS AN EQUIVALENT.

TABLE H.3: COMPOST

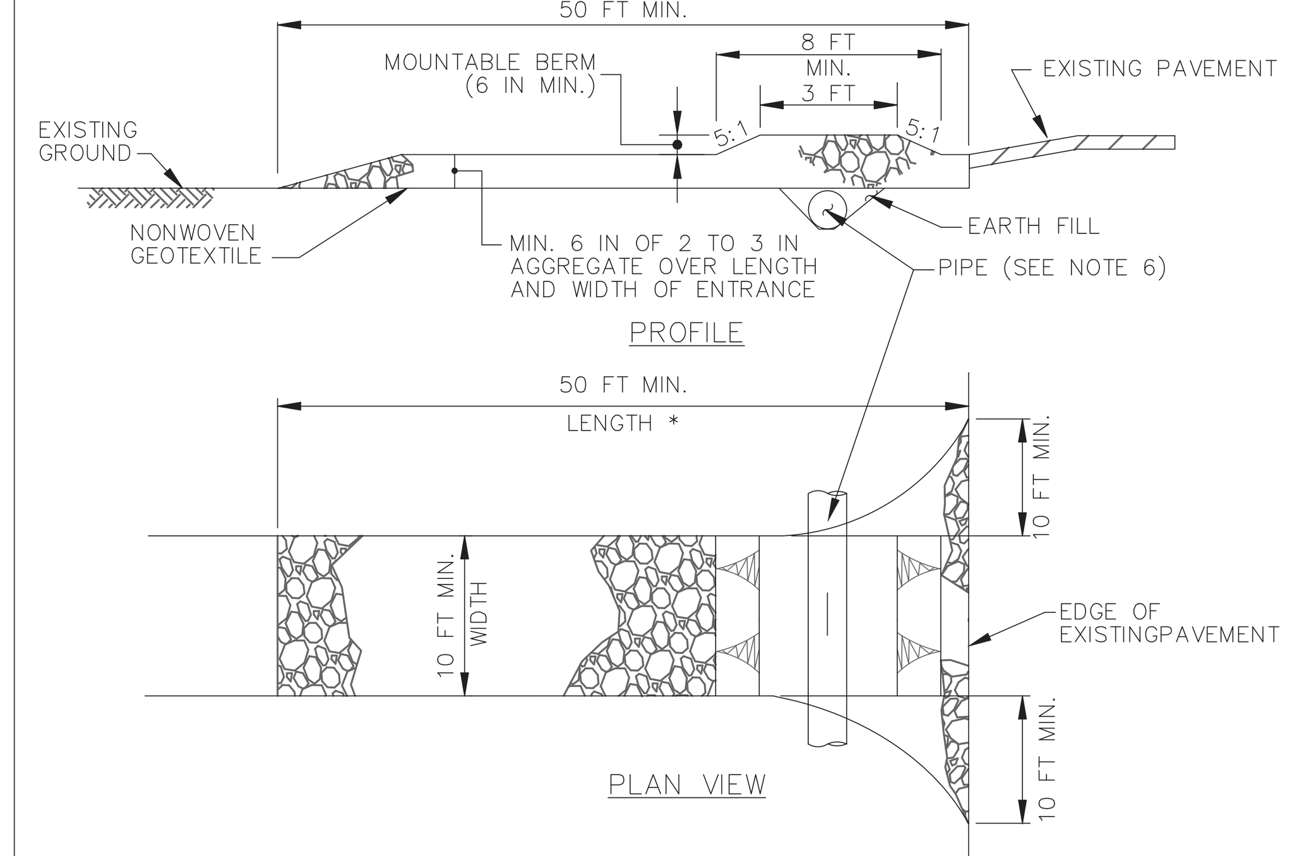
PARAMETERS[1]	ACCEPTABLE RANGE
PH	5.0 - 8.5
MOISTURE CONTENT	30% - 60%, WET WEIGHT BASIS
ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT	25% - 65%, DRY WEIGHT BASIS
PARTICLE SIZE	% PASSING A SELECTED MESH SIZE, DRY WEIGHT BASIS 3 IN (75 MM), 100% PASSING 1 IN (25 MM), 90 – 100% PASSING 0.75 IN (19 MM), 70 – 100% PASSING 0.25 IN (6.4 MM), 30 – 60% PASSING
PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS (MANMADE INERTS)	<1% DRY WEIGHT BASIS

ADAPTED FROM AASHTO STANDARDS SPECS FOR COMPOST FILTER SOCKS AND EPA EXAMPLE COMPOST FILTER PARAMETERS.

1 RECOMMENDED TEST METHODOLOGIES ARE PROVIDED IN TEST METHODS FOR THE EXAMINATION OF COMPOSTING AND COMPOST (TMEC, THE U.S COMPOSTING COUNCIL)

DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

STANDARD SYMBOL: SCE



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

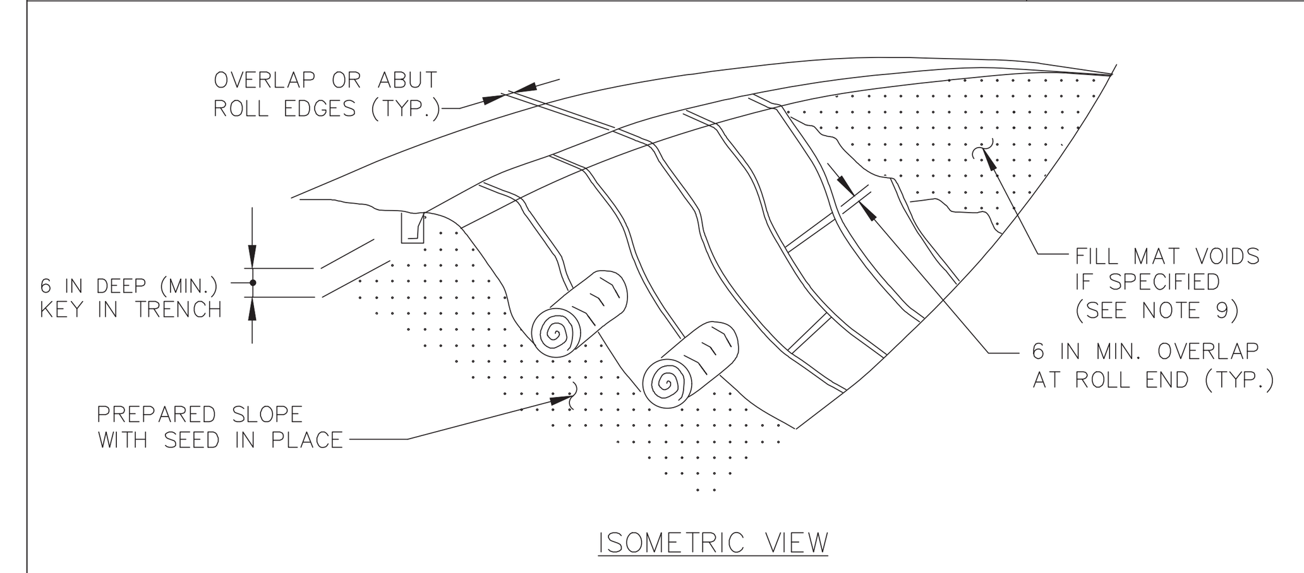
1. PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.
2. PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT.
3. PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
4. PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.
5. MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL B-4-6-D PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING SLOPE APPLICATION

STANDARD SYMBOL: PSSMS – * lb/ft² (* INCLUDE SHEAR STRESS)



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

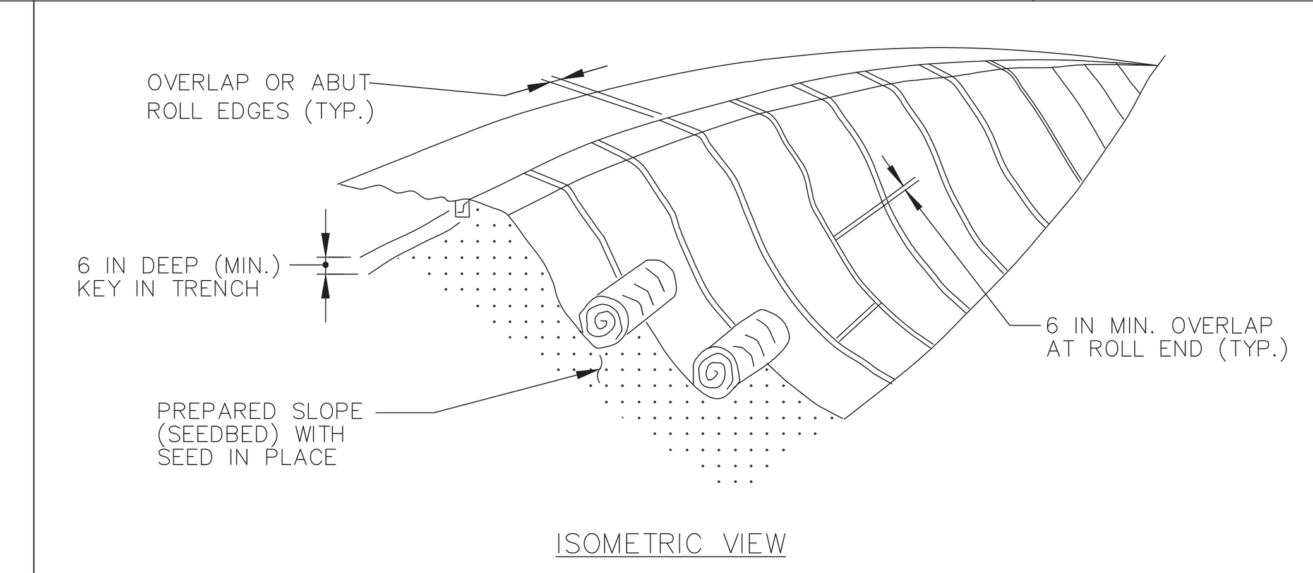
1. USE MATTING THAT HAS A DESIGN VALUE FOR SHEAR STRESS EQUAL TO OR HIGHER THAN THE SHEAR STRESS DESIGNATED ON APPROVED PLANS.
2. USE PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING MADE OF OPEN WEAVE SYNTHETIC, NON-DEGRADABLE FIBERS OR ELEMENTS OF UNIFORM THICKNESS AND DISTRIBUTION THROUGHOUT. CHEMICALS USED IN THE MAT MUST BE NON-LEACHING AND NON-TOXIC TO VEGETATION AND SEED GERMINATION AND NON-INJURIOUS TO THE SKIN. IF PRESENT, NETTING MUST BE EXTRUDED PLASTIC WITH A MAXIMUM MESH OPENING OF 2x2 INCHES AND SUFFICIENTLY BONDED OR SEWN ON 2 INCH CENTERS ALONG LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE MATERIAL TO PREVENT SEPARATION OF THE NET FROM THE PARENT MATERIAL.
3. SECURE MATTING USING STEEL STAPLES OR WOOD STAKES. STAPLES MUST BE "U" OR "T" SHAPED STEEL WIRE HAVING A MINIMUM GAUGE OF NO. 11 AND NO. 8 RESPECTIVELY. "U" SHAPED STAPLES MUST AVERAGE 1 TO 1½ INCHES WIDE AND BE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES LONG. "T" SHAPED STAPLES MUST HAVE A MINIMUM 8 INCH MAIN LEG, A MINIMUM 1 INCH SECONDARY LEG, AND MINIMUM 4 INCH HEAD. WOOD STAKES MUST BE ROUGH-SAWN HARDWOOD, 12 TO 24 INCHES IN LENGTH, 1x3 INCH IN CROSS SECTION, AND WEDGE SHAPE AT THE BOTTOM.
4. PERFORM FINAL GRADING, TOPSOIL APPLICATION, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND PERMANENT SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS. PLACE MATTING WITHIN 48 HOURS OF COMPLETING SEEDING OPERATIONS, UNLESS END OF WORKDAY STABILIZATION IS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
5. UNROLL MATTING DOWN SLOPE. LAY MATTING SMOOTHLY AND FIRMLY UPON THE SEEDED SURFACE. AVOID STRETCHING THE MATTING.
6. OVERLAP OR ABUT EDGES OF MATTING ROLLS PER MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. OVERLAP ROLL ENDS BY 6 INCHES (MINIMUM), WITH THE UPSTREAM MAT OVERLAPPING ON TOP OF THE DOWNSLOPE MAT.
7. KEY IN THE TOP OF SLOPE END OF MAT 6 INCHES (MINIMUM) BY DIGGING A TRENCH, PLACING THE MATTING ROLL END IN THE TRENCH, STAPLING THE MAT IN PLACE, REPLACING THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL, AND TAMPING TO SECURE THE MAT END IN THE KEY.
8. STAPLE/STAKE MAT IN A STAGGERED PATTERN ON 4 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS THROUGHOUT AND 2 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS ALONG SEAMS, JOINTS, AND ROLL ENDS.
9. IF SPECIFIED BY THE DESIGNER OR MANUFACTURER AND DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF MAT BEING INSTALLED, ONCE THE MATTING IS KEYED AND STAPLED IN PLACE, FILL THE MAT VOIDS WITH TOP SOIL OR GRANULAR MATERIAL AND LIGHTLY COMPACT OR ROLL TO MAXIMIZE SOIL/MAT CONTACT WITHOUT CRUSHING MAT.
10. ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN VEGETATION SO THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE CONTINUOUSLY MET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL B-4-6-B TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING SLOPE APPLICATION

STANDARD SYMBOL: TSSMS – * lb/ft² (* INCLUDE SHEAR STRESS)



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

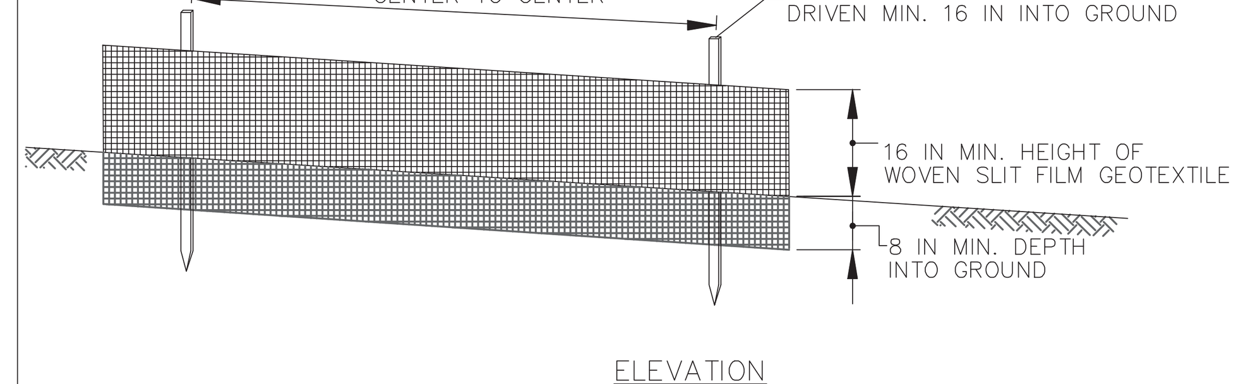
1. USE MATTING THAT HAS A DESIGN VALUE FOR SHEAR STRESS EQUAL TO OR HIGHER THAN THE SHEAR STRESS DESIGNATED ON APPROVED PLANS.
2. USE TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING MADE OF DEGRADABLE (LASTS 6 MONTHS MINIMUM) NATURAL OR MAN-MADE FIBERS (MOSTLY ORGANIC). MAT MUST HAVE UNIFORM THICKNESS AND DISTRIBUTION OF FIBERS THROUGHOUT AND BE SMOLDER RESISTANT. CHEMICALS USED IN THE MAT MUST BE NON-LEACHING AND NON-TOXIC TO VEGETATION AND SEED GERMINATION AND NON-INJURIOUS TO THE SKIN. IF PRESENT, NETTING MUST BE EXTRUDED PLASTIC WITH A MAXIMUM MESH OPENING OF 2x2 INCHES AND SUFFICIENTLY BONDED OR SEWN ON 2 INCH CENTERS ALONG LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE MATERIAL TO PREVENT SEPARATION OF THE NET FROM THE PARENT MATERIAL.
3. SECURE MATTING USING STEEL STAPLES, WOOD STAKES, OR BIODEGRADABLE EQUIVALENT. STAPLES MUST BE "U" OR "T" SHAPED STEEL WIRE HAVING A MINIMUM GAUGE OF NO. 11 AND NO. 8 RESPECTIVELY. "U" SHAPED STAPLES MUST AVERAGE 1 TO 1½ INCHES WIDE AND BE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES LONG. "T" SHAPED STAPLES MUST HAVE A MINIMUM 8 INCH MAIN LEG, A MINIMUM 1 INCH SECONDARY LEG, AND A MINIMUM 4 INCH HEAD. WOOD STAKES MUST BE ROUGH-SAWN HARDWOOD, 12 TO 24 INCHES IN LENGTH, 1x3 INCH IN CROSS SECTION, AND WEDGE SHAPED AT THE BOTTOM.
4. PERFORM FINAL GRADING, TOPSOIL APPLICATION, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND PERMANENT SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS. PLACE MATTING WITHIN 48 HOURS OF COMPLETING SEEDING OPERATIONS UNLESS END OF WORKDAY STABILIZATION IS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
5. UNROLL MATTING DOWNSLOPE. LAY MAT SMOOTHLY AND FIRMLY UPON THE SEEDED SURFACE. AVOID STRETCHING THE MATTING.
6. OVERLAP OR ABUT ROLL EDGES PER MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. OVERLAP ROLL ENDS BY 6 INCHES (MINIMUM), WITH THE UPSLOPE MAT OVERLAPPING ON TOP OF THE DOWNSLOPE MAT.
7. KEY IN THE UPSLOPE END OF MAT 6 INCHES (MINIMUM) BY DIGGING A TRENCH, PLACING THE MATTING ROLL END IN THE TRENCH, STAPLING THE MAT IN PLACE, REPLACING THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL, AND TAMPING TO SECURE THE MAT END IN THE KEY.
8. STAPLE/STAKE MAT IN A STAGGERED PATTERN ON 4 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS THROUGHOUT AND 2 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS ALONG SEAMS, JOINTS, AND ROLL ENDS.
9. ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN VEGETATION SO THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE CONTINUOUSLY MET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

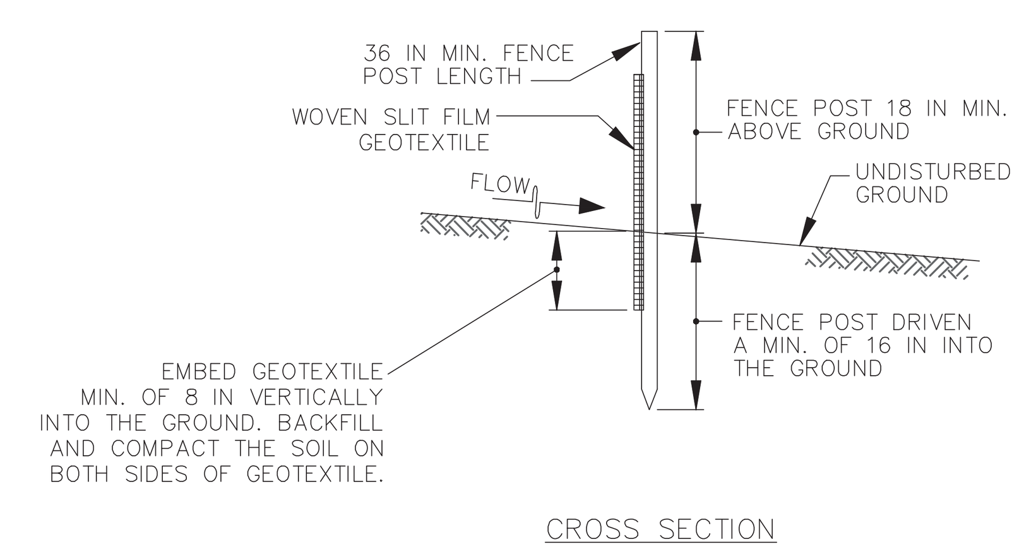
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

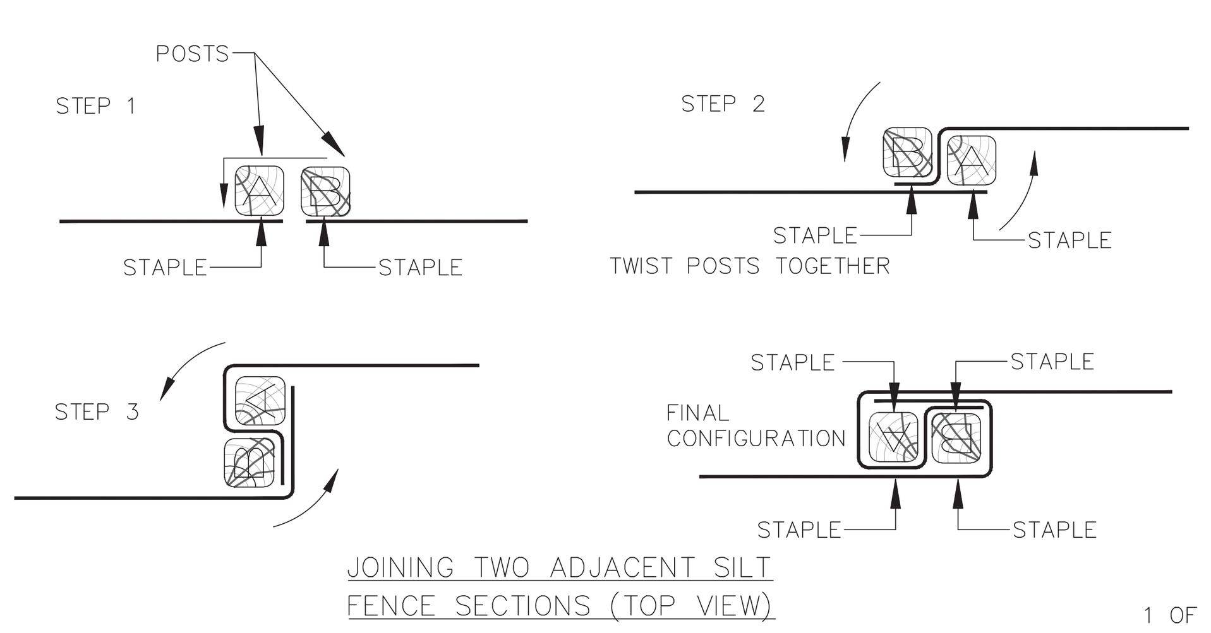
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL E-1 SILT FENCE

STANDARD SYMBOL: SF







1 OF 2

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL E-1 SILT FENCE

STANDARD SYMBOL: SF

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. USE WOOD POSTS 1¾ X 1¾ ± 1⁄16 INCH (MINIMUM) SQUARE CUT OF SOUND QUALITY HARDWOOD. AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO WOODEN POST USE STANDARD "T" OR "U" SECTION STEEL POSTS WEIGHING NOT LESS THAN 1 POUND PER LINEAR FOOT.
2. USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET APART.
3. USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS AND FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO UPSLOPE SIDE OF FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES AT TOP AND MID-SECTION.
4. PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT THE GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
5. EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE SOIL ON BOTH SIDES OF FABRIC.
6. WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DETAIL.
7. EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE.
8. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL FENCE.

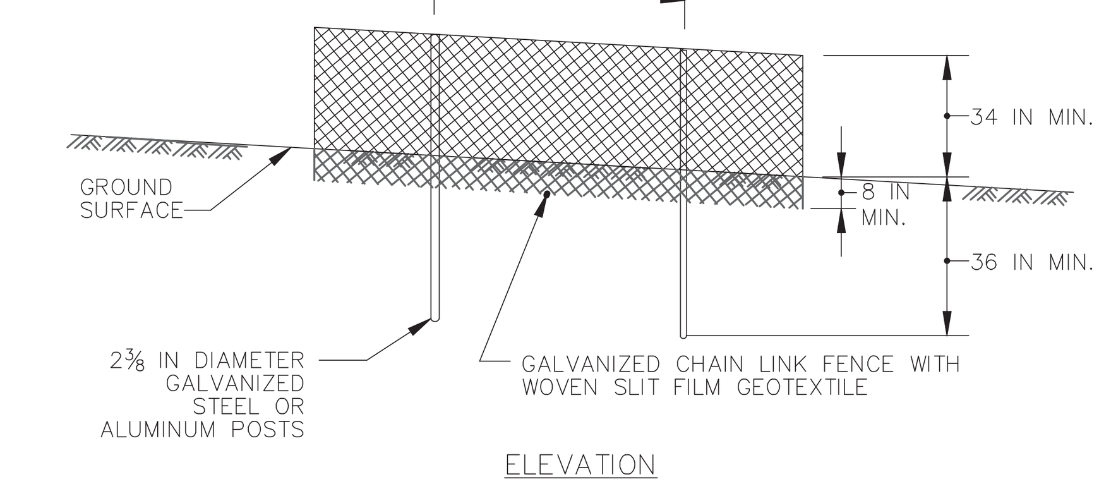
2 OF 2

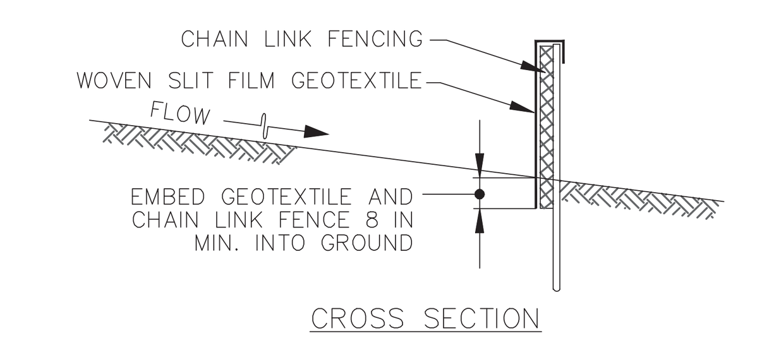
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL E-3 SUPER SILT FENCE

STANDARD SYMBOL: SSF





CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. INSTALL 2⅜ INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AND SIX FOOT LENGTH SPACED NO FURTHER THAN 10 FEET APART. DRIVE THE POSTS A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.
2. FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2⅜ INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS.
3. FASTEN WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.
4. WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS.
5. EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE.
6. PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
7. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GEOTEXTILE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

V:\2026\MISCELLANEOUS_218320413 PGCPS RFP DCP19-24A\700 CADD_DRAWINGS_SOUTHERN AREA K8\SOUTHERN AREA K-8_SC07_EROSION AND SEDIMENT DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.DWG

CONTRACTOR:
GILBANE BUILDING COMPANY
1215 EAST FORT AVENUE
BALTIMORE, MD 21230
email: MRICKETTS@GILBANECO.COM

OWNER:
THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY
C/O JASON WASHINGTON
LOUIS WILSON SR., FACILITIES ADMIN BUILDING
13300 OLD MARLBORO PIKE
UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20772
email: JASON.WASHINGTON@PGCPS.ORG

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

LICENSE NO. 11391 EXPIRATION DATE: 03-25-2023

STATE OF MARYLAND
ALAN K. ARNOLD
REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

[illegible]
5-13-2021

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

Stantec
6110 Frost Place
Laurel, MD 20707-2927
tel: 301-982-2829
al.arnold@stantec.com
www.stantec.com

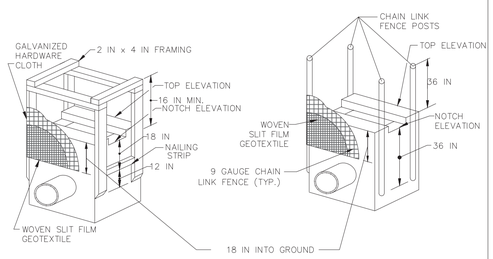
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL
NEW SOUTHERN AREA K-8
COMBINED CONCEPT AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DEVELOPMENT
GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

RLP/GMHA DESIGN	SCALE N/A
GMHA DRAWN	SC07
KHN/AKA CHECKED	SHEET 7 OF 10
APR 2021 DATE	218320533 PROJ No. / FILE No.

DETAIL E-9-1 STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

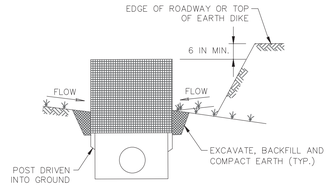
STANDARD SYMBOL: SIP

TYPE A MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = ¼ ACRE
TYPE B MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1 ACRE



TYPE A TYPE B

ISOMETRIC VIEW



SECTION FOR TYPE A AND B

1 OF 2

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL E-9-1 STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

STANDARD SYMBOL: SIP

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
2. EXCAVATE COMPLETELY AROUND THE INLET TO A DEPTH OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE NOTCH ELEVATION.
3. FOR TYPE A, USE NOMINAL 2 INCH X 4 INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER POSTS, DRIVEN 1 FOOT INTO THE GROUND AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET. PLACE NAIL STRIPS BETWEEN THE POSTS ON THE ENDS OF THE INLET. ASSEMBLE THE TOP PORTION OF THE 2x4 FRAME AS SHOWN. STRETCH ½ INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTEN SECURELY. FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO THE HARDWARE CLOTH WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND HARDWARE CLOTH A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST. THE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE MUST MEET AT A POST, BE OVERLAPPED AND FOLDED, THEN FASTENED TO THE POST.

   FOR TYPE B, USE 2⅜ INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AND 6 FOOT LENGTH, DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST AT EACH CORNER OF THE STRUCTURE. FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER CHAIN LINK FENCE, 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT, SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES. FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO THE CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST.
4. BACKFILL AROUND THE INLET IN LOOSE 4 INCH LIFTS AND COMPACT UNTIL SOIL IS LEVEL WITH THE NOTCH ELEVATION ON THE ENDS AND TOP ELEVATION ON THE SIDES.
5. STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION AND AVOID PREMATURE CLOGGING. IF INLET PROTECTION DOES NOT COMPLETELY DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, IT IS CLOGGED. WHEN THIS OCCURS, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND CLEAN, OR REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AND STONE.

2 OF 2

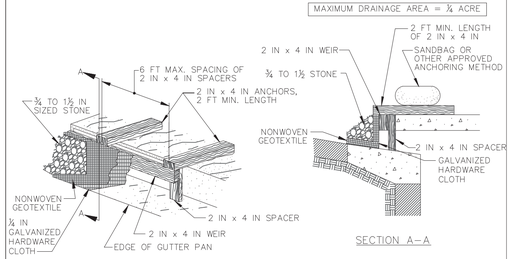
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL E-9-3 CURB INLET PROTECTION

STANDARD SYMBOL: CIP

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = ¼ ACRE



ISOMETRIC SECTION A–A

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

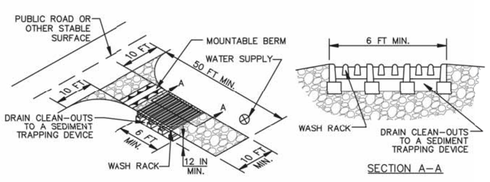
1. USE NOMINAL 2 INCH x 4 INCH LUMBER
2. USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
3. NAIL THE 2x4 WEIR TO 9 INCH LONG VERTICAL SPACERS (MAXIMUM 6 FEET APART).
4. ATTACH A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF ¼ INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH, WITH A MINIMUM WIDTH OF 30 INCHES AND A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 4 FEET LONGER THAN THE THROAT OPENING, TO THE 2x4 WEIR, EXTENDING IT 2 FEET BEYOND THROAT ON EACH SIDE.
5. PLACE A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE OF THE SAME DIMENSIONS AS THE HARDWARE CLOTH OVER THE HARDWARE CLOTH AND SECURELY ATTACH TO THE 2x4 WEIR.
6. PLACE THE ASSEMBLY AGAINST THE INLET THROAT AND NAIL TO 2x4 ANCHORS (MINIMUM 2 FEET LENGTH). EXTEND THE ANCHORS ACROSS THE INLET TOP AND HOLD IN PLACE BY SANDBAGS OR OTHER APPROVED ANCHORING METHOD.
7. INSTALL END SPACERS A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE THROAT OPENING.
8. FORM THE HARDWARE CLOTH AND THE GEOTEXTILE TO THE CONCRETE GUTTER AND FACE OF CURB TO SPAN THE INLET OPENING. COVER THE HARDWARE CLOTH AND GEOTEXTILE WITH CLEAN ¾ TO 1½ INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE.
9. AT NON-SUMP LOCATIONS, INSTALL A TEMPORARY SANDBAG OR ASPHALT BERM TO PREVENT INLET BYPASS.
10. STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION AND AVOID PREMATURE CLOGGING. IF INLET PROTECTION DOES NOT COMPLETELY DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, IT IS CLOGGED. WHEN THIS OCCURS, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND CLEAN, OR REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AND STONE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

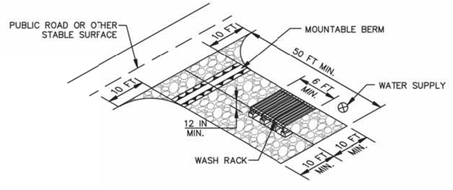
DETAIL B-2 WASH RACK OPTION

STANDARD SYMBOL: WR



ISOMETRIC VEW – WASH RACK IN SCE

SECTION A–A



ISOMETRIC VIEW– WASH RACK ALONG SCE

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. USE A WASH RACK DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED/MANUFACTURED FOR THE ANTICIPATED TRAFFIC LOADS. CONCRETE, STEEL, OR OTHER MATERIALS ARE ACCEPTABLE. PRE-FABRICATED UNITS SUCH AS CATTLE GUARDS ARE ACCEPTABLE. USE MINIMUM DIMENSION OF 6 FEET x 10 FEET. ORIENT DIRECTION OF RIBS AS SHOWN ON THE DETAIL.
2. INSTALL PRIOR TO, ALONG SIDE OF, OR AS PART OF THE SCE.
3. DIRECT WASH WATER TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
4. KEEP AREA UNDER WASH RACK FREE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT. IF DAMAGED, REPAIR OR REPLACE WASH RACK.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

B.4

LEGEND

- EARTH DIKE
- SSF — SUPERSILT FENCE
- SFOP — SUPERSILT FENCE ON PAVEMENT
- DF — DIVERSION FENCE
- CIP AGIP SIP — INLET PROTECTION (C.I.P., A.G.I.P., S.I.P.)
- SCE — STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WITH WASH RACK
- MOUNTABLE BERM
- CONSTRUCTION AREA CHAIN LINK FENCE
- BAFFLE BOARD
- WL — WETLAND
- WB — WETLAND BUFFER
- INITIAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- FINAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- B1 — SOIL BORING LOCATION AND ID
- CWS — CONCRETE WASH OUT STRUCTURE
- PST — PORTABLE SEDIMENT TANK
- RPS — REMOVABLE PUMP STATION
- FB — FILTER BAG
- SP — SUMP PIT
- RRP — RIPRAP INFLOW PROTECTION
- TEMPORARY STOCKPILE AREA
- MATERIAL STAGING AND STORAGE AREA
- CONTRACTOR PARKING
- CONTRACTOR TRAILERS
- EXISTING PAVEMENT/BUILDING DEMOLITIC
- EROSION CONTROL MATTING

- BOUNDARY
- EXISTING TREELINE
- PROPOSED TREELINE
- EXISTING FENCE
- PROPOSED FENCE
- SOIL BOUNDARY
- LOD — LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE (LOD)
- 250 — EXISTING CONTOUR
- 251 — PROPOSED CONTOUR LINE
- FG 51.80 — SPOT ELEVATION
- RETAINING WALL
- SWM/ESD DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- HDPE FLARED END SECTION
- STORM MANHOLE
- NEW SD — PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PIPE
- EX 66" RCP — EXISTING STORM DRAIN
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN (>36")
- EXISTING FEATURES TO BE REMOVED
- CURB INLET STRUCTURE
- YARD INLET STRUCTURE
- STORM DRAIN STRUCTURE ID NO.
- RIP-RAP
- CURB OPENING WITH RIP-RAP FLUME
- DF — DIVERSION FENCE
- SIDEWALK
- CURB AND GUTTER
- W — WATER MAIN (EXISTING)
- PROP. 8" W — WATER MAIN (PROPOSED)
- SS — SEWER MAIN (EXISTING)
- PROP. 6" S — SEWER MAIN (PROPOSED)
- FIRE HYDRANT
- WSSC WATER METER VAULT ASSEMBLY (STD DTL W/5.0a)
- SWALE (FLOW DIRECTION)
- MILL AND OVERLAY EXISTING PAVEMENT
- FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT
- CONCRETE PAVEMENT
- LOD — PROJECT AREA
- MICRO-BIO-RETENTION PRACTICE M-6
- SUBMERGED GRAVEL WETLAND

- ICV/LV — IRRIGATION CONTROL VALVE
- SDMH — STORM DRAIN MANHOLE
- SSMH — SEWER MANHOLE
- M.H. — UNKNOWN MANHOLE
- EMH — ELECTRIC MANHOLE
- EMTR — ELECTRIC METER
- TJCT — TELEPHONE JUNCT. BOX
- WMTR — WATER METER
- WMH — WATER MANHOLE
- WV — WATER VALVE
- GMTR — GAS METER
- GV — GAS VALVE
- TMH — TELEPHONE MANHOLE
- ACCESSIBLE PARKING
- CHAINLINK FENCE
- UTILITY POLE
- OHE — OVERHEAD ELEC. LINE
- G — GAS LINE
- E — ELECTRIC

CONTRACTOR:
GILBANE BUILDING COMPANY
1215 EAST FORT AVENUE
BALTIMORE, MD 21230
email: MRICKETTS@GILBANECO.COM

OWNER:
THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY
C/O JASON WASHINGTON
LOUIS WILSON SR., FACILITIES ADMIN BUILDING
13300 OLD MARLBORO PIKE
UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20772
email: JASON.WASHINGTON@PGCPS.ORG

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

LICENSE NO. 11391 EXPIRATION DATE: 03-25-2023

STATE OF MARYLAND — ALAN K. ARNOLD — REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

Stantec
6110 Frost Place
Laurel, MD 20707-2927
Tel: 301-982-2829
al.arnold@stantec.com
www.stantec.com

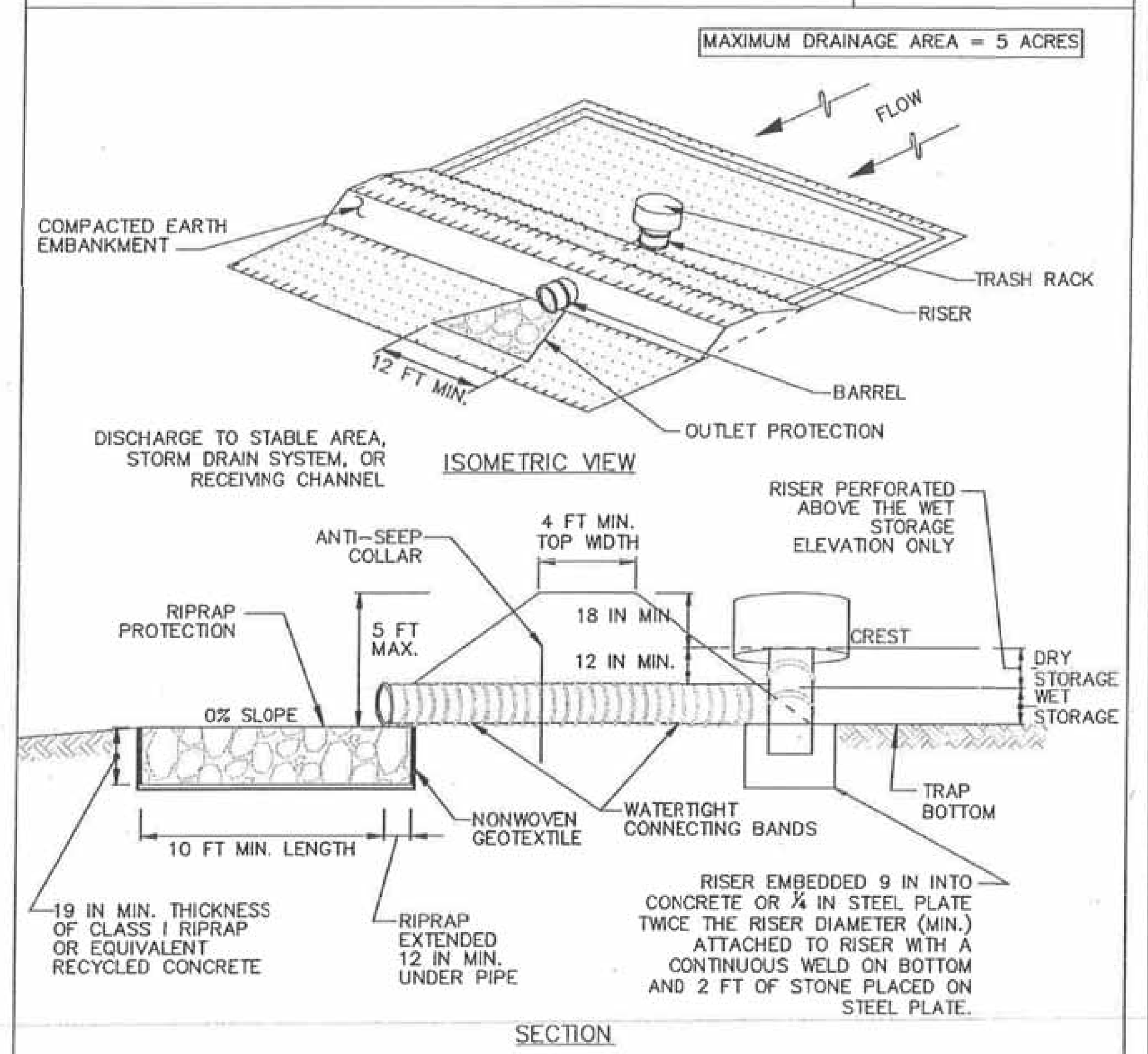
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL
NEW SOUTHERN AREA K-8
COMBINED CONCEPT AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DEVELOPMENT
GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
DETAILS AND LEGEND
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

RLP/GMHA	DESIGN	SCALE	N/A
GMHA	DRAWN	SC08	
KHN/AKA	CHECKED	SHEET 8	OF 10
APR 2021	DATE	218320533 PROJ No.	FILE No.

DETAIL G-1-1 PIPE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-I

STANDARD SYMBOL: ST-I

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 5 ACRES



NOTE:
REFER TO DETAIL G-2-1 – TYPICAL ANTI-SEEP COLLARS
REFER TO DETAIL G-2-2 – RISER BASE
REFER TO DETAIL G-2-3 – CONCENTRIC TRASH RACK AND ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE

1 OF 3

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

G.6

DETAIL G-1-1 PIPE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-I

STANDARD SYMBOL: ST-I

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. CONSTRUCT TRAP IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE AVOIDED.
2. CLEAR, GRUB, AND STRIP ANY VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT FROM THE AREA UNDER THE EMBANKMENT AND TRAP BOTTOM.
3. PERFORATE THE RISER WITH 1 INCH DIAMETER HOLES SPACED 6 INCHES ON CENTER WITH THE LOWEST PERFORATIONS AT THE WET STORAGE ELEVATION OR PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE PERFORATED ACCORDING TO APPROVED PLAN. DO NOT PERFORATE THE RISER WITHIN 6 INCHES OF THE TOP OF THE HORIZONTAL BARREL.
4. SET RISER/BARREL ASSEMBLY PRIOR TO EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION. MAKE ALL PIPE CONNECTIONS WATERTIGHT. OFFSET RISER FROM EMBANKEMENT TO ACCOMODATE PLACEMENT OF THE TRASH RACK. ANCHOR THE RISER WITH EITHER A REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE OR STEEL PLATE BASE TO PREVENT FLOTATION. MAKE CONCRETE BASES AT LEAST TWICE THE RISER DIAMETER AND 18 INCHES THICK WITH THE RISER EMBEDDED 9 INCHES.
5. USE FILL MATERIAL FREE OF ROOTS, WOODY VEGETATION, OVERSIZED STONES, ROCKS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FOR THE EMBANKMENT.
6. HAND COMPACT IN 4 INCH LAYERS FILL MATERIAL AROUND THE PIPE SPILLWAY. PLACE A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET OF HAND COMPACTED BACKFILL OVER THE PIPE SPILLWAY BEFORE CROSSING IT WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.
7. CONSTRUCT TOP OF EMBANKMENT 1 FOOT MINIMUM ABOVE RISER CREST. COMPACT THE EMBANKMENT BY TRAVERSING WITH EQUIPMENT WHILE IT IS BEING CONSTRUCTED.
8. MAKE ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES 2:1 OR FLATTER.
9. WRAP THE RISER WITH ¼ INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH THEN WRAP WITH NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE. DO NOT WRAP WITH MORE THAN ONE LAYER OF GEOTEXTILE. EXTEND HARDWARE CLOTH AND GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 6 INCHES ABOVE THE HIGHEST PERFORATIONS AND AT LEAST 6 INCHES BELOW THE LOWEST PERFORATIONS. OVERLAP, FOLD AND FASTEN WHERE ENDS OF GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER TO PREVENT BYPASS. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT CLOGGING.
10. USE STRAPS OR CONNECTING BANDS AT THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE GEOTEXTILE TO HOLD THE GEOTEXTILE AND HARDWARE CLOTH IN PLACE.
11. USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
12. STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND INTERIOR SLOPES WITH SEED AND MULCH. STABILIZE POINTS OF CONCENTRATED INFLOW AS SHOWN ON APPROVED PLAN.
13. CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE OUTLET ACCORDING TO THE APPROVED PLAN AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AT OR BELOW THE OUTLET DOES NOT OCCUR.
14. REMOVE SEDIMENT AND RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO CLEANOUT ELEVATION (50% OF WET STORAGE DEPTH). DEPOSIT REMOVED SEDIMENT IN AN APPROVED AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE. KEEP POINTS OF INFLOW AND OUTFLOW AS WELL AS INTERIOR OF THE TRAP FREE FROM EROSION, AND REMOVE ACCUMULATED DEBRIS. MAINTAIN EMBANKMENTS TO CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. REMOVE ANY TREES, BRUSH, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION GROWING ON EMBANKMENT OR NEAR PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY. MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION. MAINTAIN WATER TIGHT CONNECTIONS. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AROUND PERFORATED RISER IF DRY STORAGE VOLUME DOES NOT DRAW DOWN WITHIN 10 HOURS.
15. WHEN DEWATERING TRAP, PASS REMOVED WATER THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.
16. UPON REMOVAL, GRADE AND STABILIZE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY TRAP.

2 OF 3

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

G.7

DETAIL G-1-2 STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II

STANDARD SYMBOL: ST-II

STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II, TRAP NO. 1

DRAINAGE AREA – INITIAL	7.5	ACRES
DRAINAGE AREA – INTERIM	—	ACRES
DRAINAGE AREA – FINAL	9.1	ACRES
TOTAL STORAGE REQUIRED	32,760	CF
TOTAL STORAGE PROVIDED	104,200	CF
WET STORAGE REQUIRED	16,380	CF
WET STORAGE PROVIDED	81,175	CF
DRY STORAGE REQUIRED	16,380	CF
DRY STORAGE PROVIDED	23,025	CF
EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION AT OUTLET (WET STORAGE ELEVATION)	45.0	FT
TRAP BOTTOM ELEVATION	43.0	FT
TRAP BOTTOM DIMENSIONS	N/A	FT x FT
WEIR LENGTH	40'	FT
WEIR CREST (DRY STORAGE) ELEVATION	45.5	FT
CLEANOUT ELEVATION	42.0	FT
TOP OF EMBANKMENT ELEVATION	46.5	FT
SIDE SLOPE	3:1	H:V RATIO
EMBANKMENT TOP WIDTH	4'	FT
OUTLET PROTECTION – LENGTH	10	FT
OUTLET PROTECTION – DEPTH	19	IN

ELEV. (FT)	AREA (FT^2)	INCREM. VOL. (FT^3)	Σ VOL. (FT^3)
43.0	36,350	0	0
44.0	40,500	38,425	38,425
45.0	45,000	42,750	81,175
46.0	49,360	47,180	128,355

3 OF 3

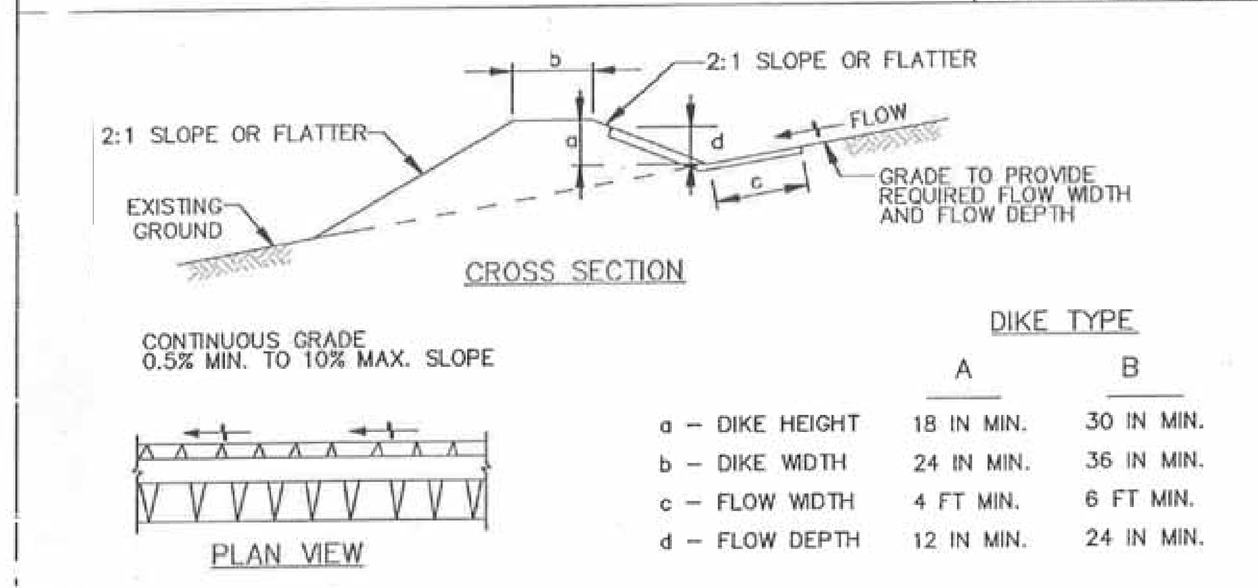
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

G.13

DETAIL C-1 EARTH DIKE

STANDARD SYMBOL: A-1
PLACE DESIGNATION (e.g. A-1) ON FLOW CHANNEL SIDE OF DIKE.



DIKE TYPE	A	B
a – DIKE HEIGHT	18 IN MIN.	30 IN MIN.
b – DIKE WIDTH	24 IN MIN.	36 IN MIN.
c – FLOW WIDTH	4 FT MIN.	6 FT MIN.
d – FLOW DEPTH	12 IN MIN.	24 IN MIN.

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

A-1 SEED WITH STRAW MULCH AND TACK. (NOT ALLOWED FOR CLEAR WATER DIVERSION.)
A-2/B-2 SEED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING OR LINE WITH SOD.
A-3/B-3 4 TO 7 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE PRESSED INTO SOIL A MINIMUM OF 7 INCHES AND FLUSH WITH GROUND.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, OBSTRUCTIONS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PROPER FUNCTION OF EARTHDIKE.
2. EXCAVATE OR SHAPE EARTH DIKE TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS SPECIFIED. BANK PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES ARE NOT ALLOWED.
3. COMPACT FILL.
4. CONSTRUCT FLOW CHANNEL ON AN UNINTERRUPTED, CONTINUOUS GRADE, ADJUSTING THE LOCATION DUE TO FIELD CONDITIONS AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.
5. PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AS REQUIRED ON APPROVED PLAN.
6. STABILIZE EARTH DIKE WITHIN THREE DAYS OF INSTALLATION. STABILIZE FLOW CHANNEL FOR CLEAR WATER DIVERSION WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSTALLATION.
7. MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS, AND MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. KEEP EARTH DIKE AND POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION, AND CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.
8. UPON REMOVAL OF EARTH DIKE, GRADE AREA FLUSH WITH EXISTING GROUND. WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REMOVAL STABILIZE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOPSOIL, SEED, AND MULCH, OR AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN.

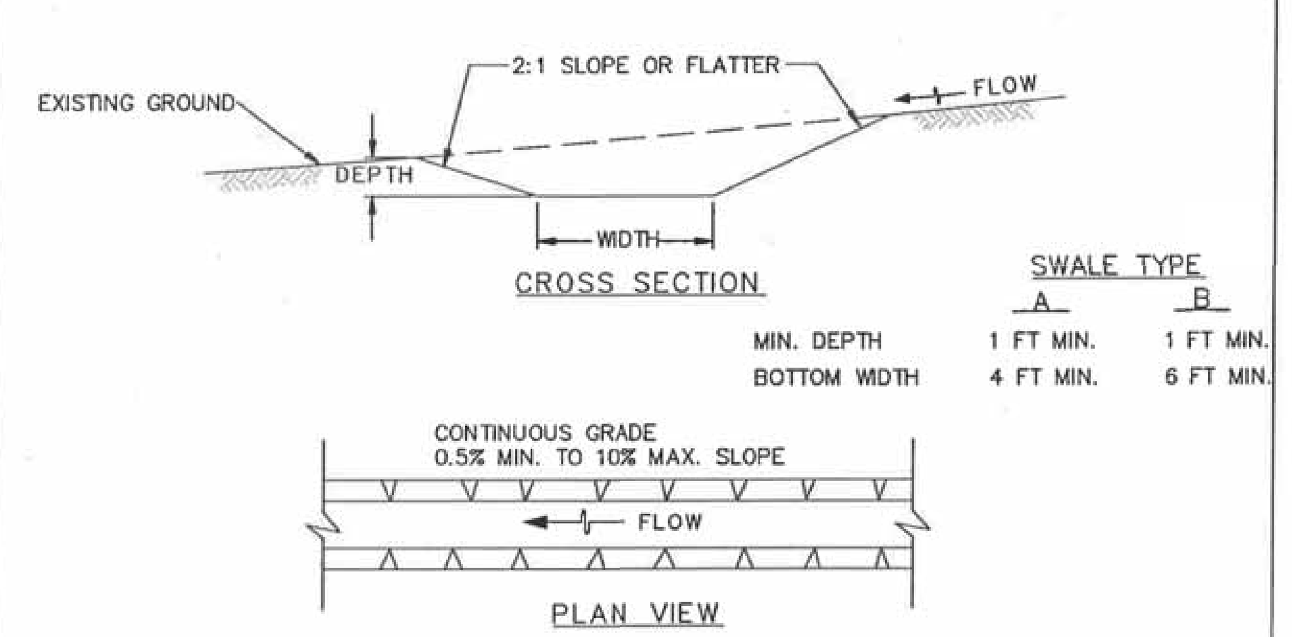
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

C.5

DETAIL C-2 TEMPORARY SWALE

STANDARD SYMBOL: A-1



SWALE TYPE	A	B
MIN. DEPTH	1 FT MIN.	1 FT MIN.
BOTTOM WIDTH	4 FT MIN.	6 FT MIN.

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

A-1 SEED WITH STRAW MULCH AND TACK. (NOT ALLOWED FOR CLEAR WATER DIVERSION.)
A-2/B-2 SEED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING OR LINE WITH SOD.
A-3/B-3 4 TO 7 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE PRESSED INTO SOIL A MINIMUM OF 7 INCHES AND FLUSH WITH GROUND.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, OBSTRUCTIONS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PROPER FUNCTION OF TEMPORARY SWALE.
2. EXCAVATE OR SHAPE TEMPORARY SWALE TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS SPECIFIED. BANK PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES ARE NOT ALLOWED.
3. STABILIZE TEMPORARY SWALE WITHIN THREE DAYS OF INSTALLATION. STABILIZE SWALES USED FOR CLEAR WATER DIVERSION WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSTALLATION.
4. CONSTRUCT FLOW CHANNEL ON AN UNINTERRUPTED, CONTINUOUS GRADE, ADJUSTING THE LOCATION DUE TO FIELD CONDITIONS AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.
5. PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AS REQUIRED ON APPROVED PLAN.
6. MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS, AND MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. KEEP TEMPORARY SWALE AND POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION, AND CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.
7. UPON REMOVAL OF TEMPORARY SWALE, GRADE AREA FLUSH WITH EXISTING GROUND. WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REMOVAL STABILIZE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOPSOIL, SEED, AND MULCH, OR AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

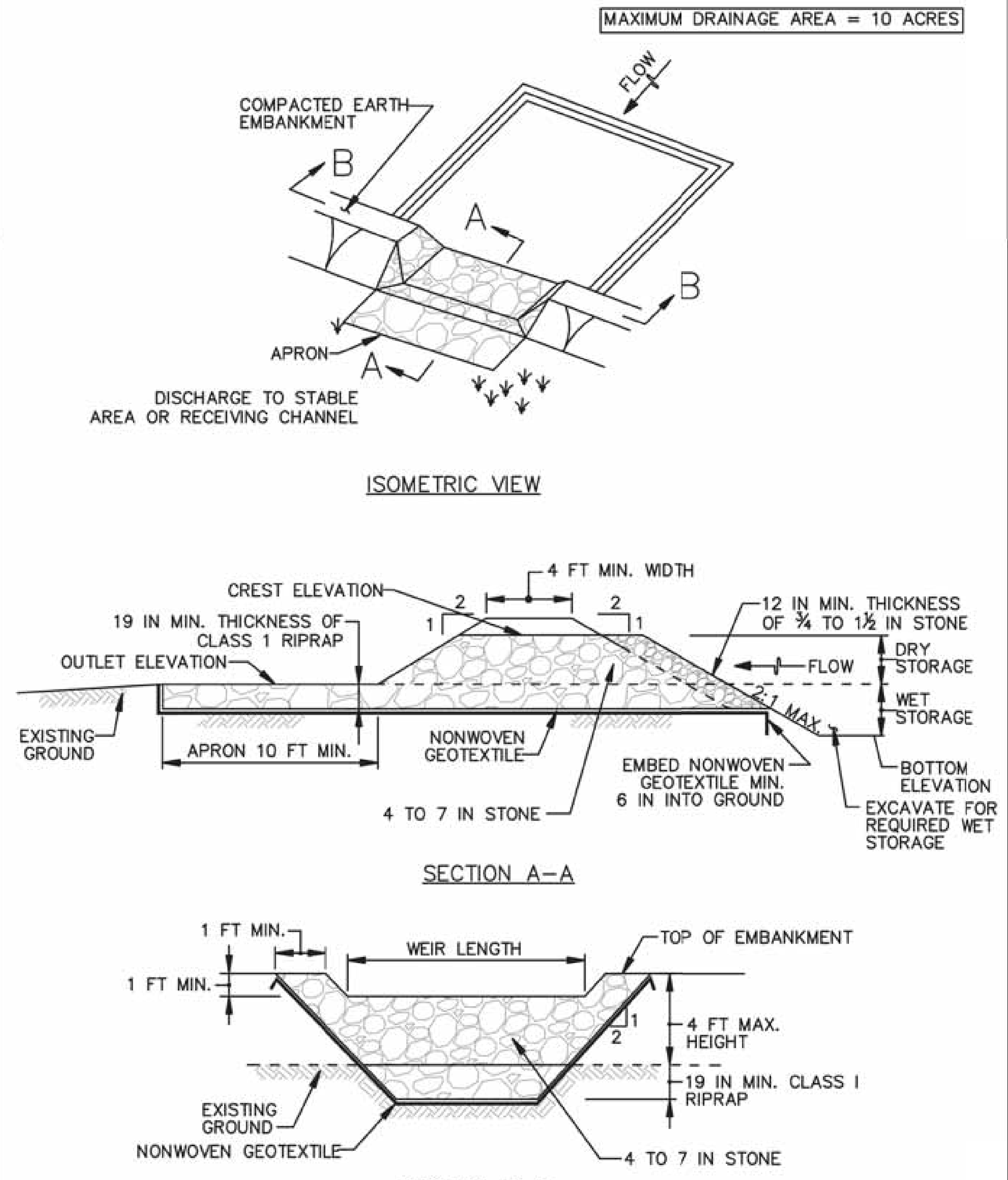
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

C.11

DETAIL G-1-2 STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II

STANDARD SYMBOL: ST-II

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 10 ACRES



1 OF 3

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

G.11

DETAIL G-1-2 STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II

STANDARD SYMBOL: ST-II

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. CONSTRUCT TRAP IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE AVOIDED.
2. CLEAR, GRUB, AND STRIP ANY VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT FROM THE AREA UNDER THE EMBANKMENT AND TRAP BOTTOM.
3. USE FILL MATERIAL FREE OF ROOTS, WOODY VEGETATION, OVERSIZED STONES, ROCKS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FOR THE EMBANKMENT.
4. CONSTRUCT TOP OF EMBANKMENT 1 FOOT MINIMUM ABOVE WEIR CREST. COMPACT THE EMBANKMENT BY TRAVERSING WITH EQUIPMENT WHILE IT IS BEING CONSTRUCTED.
5. MAKE ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES 2:1 OR FLATTER.
6. PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, OVER THE BOTTOM AND SIDES OF OUTLET AND APRON PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP. OVERLAP SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 1 FOOT WITH THE SECTION NEARER TO THE TRAP PLACED ON TOP. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 6 INCHES INTO EXISTING GROUND AT ENTRANCE OF OUTLET CHANNEL.
7. USE CLEAN 4 TO 7 INCH RIPRAP TO CONSTRUCT THE WEIR. USE CLASS I RIPRAP FOR THE APRON. USE OF RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT IS ACCEPTABLE.
8. PLACE 1 FOOT OF CLEAN ¾ TO 1½ INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE ON THE UPSTREAM FACE OF THE WEIR.
9. CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE OUTLET ACCORDING TO APPROVED PLAN, AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AT OR BELOW THE OUTLET DOES NOT OCCUR.
10. STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND INTERIOR SLOPES WITH SEED AND MULCH. STABILIZE POINTS OF CONCENTRATED INFLOW AS SHOWN ON APPROVED PLAN.
11. REMOVE SEDIMENT AND RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO CLEANOUT ELEVATION (50% OF WET STORAGE DEPTH). DEPOSIT REMOVED SEDIMENT IN AN APPROVED AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE. KEEP POINTS OF INFLOW AND OUTFLOW AS WELL AS INTERIOR OF THE TRAP FREE FROM EROSION, AND REMOVE ACCUMULATED DEBRIS. MAINTAIN EMBANKMENTS TO CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. REMOVE ANY TREES, BRUSH, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION GROWING ON EMBANKMENT OR NEAR PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY. MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION.
12. WHEN DEWATERING TRAP, PASS REMOVED WATER THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.
13. UPON REMOVAL, GRADE AND STABILIZE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY TRAP.

2 OF 3

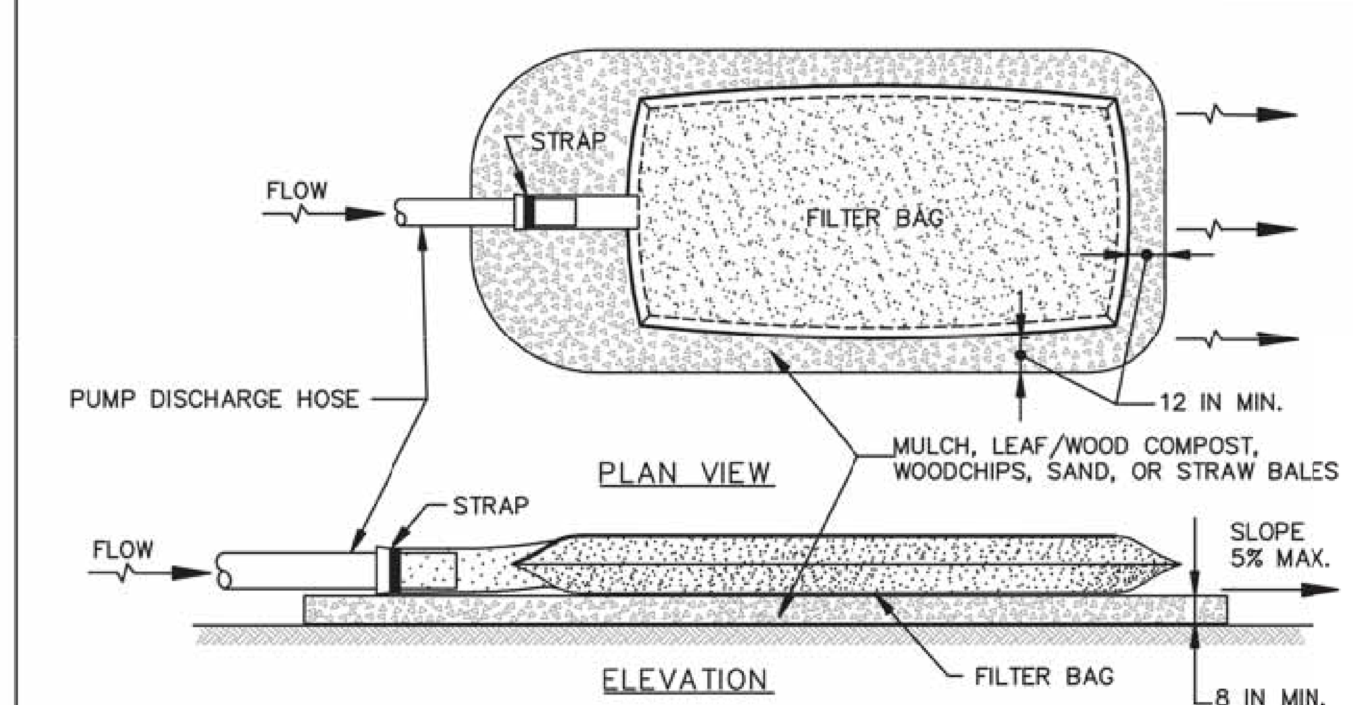
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

G.12

DETAIL F-4 FILTER BAG

STANDARD SYMBOL: ☒FB



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. TIGHTLY SEAL SLEEVE AROUND THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE WITH A STRAP OR SIMILAR DEVICE.
2. PLACE FILTER BAG ON SUITABLE BASE (E.G., MULCH, LEAF/WOOD COMPOST, WOODCHIPS, SAND, OR STRAW BALES) LOCATED ON A LEVEL OR 5% MAXIMUM SLOPING SURFACE. DISCHARGE TO A STABILIZED AREA. EXTEND BASE A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES FROM EDGES OF BAG.
3. CONTROL PUMPING RATE TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE PRESSURE WITHIN THE FILTER BAG IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. AS THE BAG FILLS WITH SEDIMENT, REDUCE PUMPING RATE.
4. REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF FILTER BAG UPON COMPLETION OF PUMPING OPERATIONS OR AFTER BAG HAS REACHED CAPACITY, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. SPREAD THE DEWATERED SEDIMENT FROM THE BAG IN AN APPROVED UPLAND AREA AND STABILIZE WITH SEED AND MULCH BY THE END OF THE WORK DAY. RESTORE THE SURFACE AREA BENEATH THE BAG TO ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON REMOVAL OF THE DEVICE.
5. USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE WITH DOUBLE STITCHED SEAMS USING HIGH STRENGTH THREAD. SIZE SLEEVE TO ACCOMMODATE A MAXIMUM 4 INCH DIAMETER PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE. THE BAG MUST BE MANUFACTURED FROM A NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE THAT MEETS OR EXCEEDS MINIMUM AVERAGE ROLL VALUES (MARV) FOR THE FOLLOWING:

GRAB TENSILE	250 LB	ASTM D-4632
PUNCTURE	150 LB	ASTM D-4833
FLOW RATE	70 $GAL/MIN/FT^2$	ASTM D-4491
PERMITTIVITY (SEC^{-1})	1.2 SEC^{-1}	ASTM D-4491
UV RESISTANCE	70% STRENGTH @ 500 HOURS	ASTM D-4355
APPARENT OPENING SIZE (AOS)	0.15–0.18 MM	ASTM D-4751
SEAM STRENGTH	90%	ASTM D-4632

6. REPLACE FILTER BAG IF BAG CLOGS OR HAS RIPS, TEARS, OR PUNCTURES. DURING OPERATION KEEP CONNECTION BETWEEN PUMP HOSE AND FILTER BAG WATER TIGHT. REPLACE BEDDING IF IT BECOMES DISPLACED.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

F.9

V:\2026\MISCELLANEOUS_218320413 PGCPS RFP DCP19-24A\700 CADD_DRAWINGS_SOUTHERN AREA K8\SOUTHERN AREA K-8_SC09_EROSION AND SEDIMENT DETAILS.DWG

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GILBANE BUILDING COMPANY
1215 EAST FORT AVENUE
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OWNER:
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C/O JASON WASHINGTON
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UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20772
email: JASON.WASHINGTON@PGCPS.ORG

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.
LICENSE NO. 11391 EXPIRATION DATE: 03-25-2023

STATE OF MARYLAND ALAN K. ARNOLD 11391 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
[illegible] 5-13-2021

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

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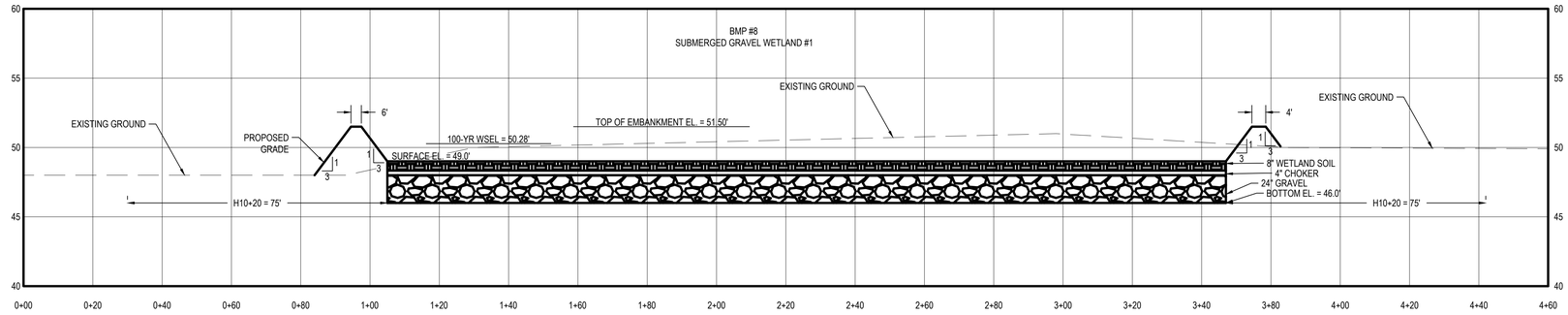
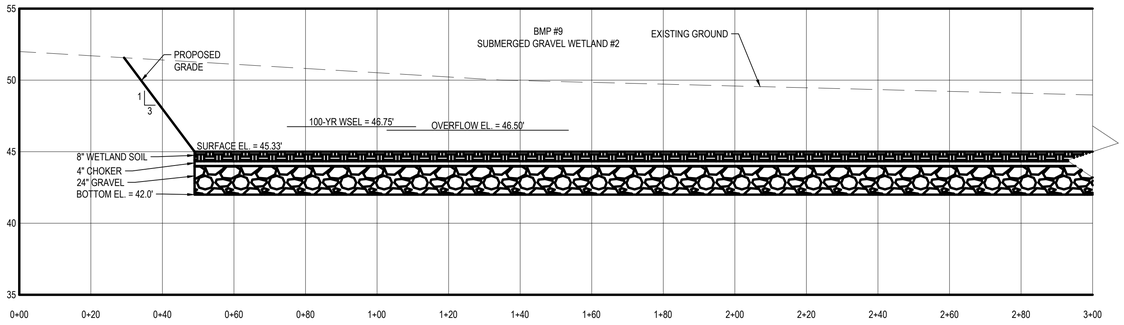
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL
NEW SOUTHERN AREA K-8
COMBINED CONCEPT AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DEVELOPMENT
GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
DETAILS
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

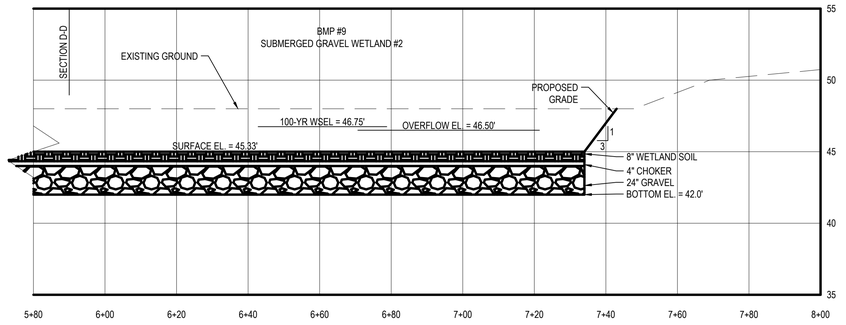
RLP/GMHA DESIGN	SCALE N/A	
GMHA DRAWN	SC09	
KHN/AKA CHECKED	SHEET 9 OF 10	
APR 2021 DATE	218320533 PROJ No.	FILE No.



SECTION A-A
H SCALE: 1" = 20'
V SCALE: 1" = 5'



SECTION C-C
H SCALE: 1" = 20'
V SCALE: 1" = 5'



SECTION C-C
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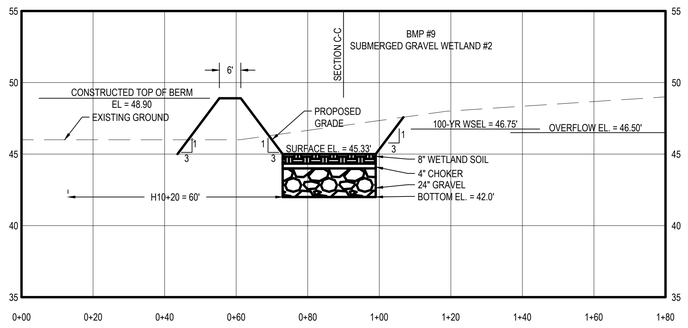
V SCALE: 1" = 5'



SECTION D-D
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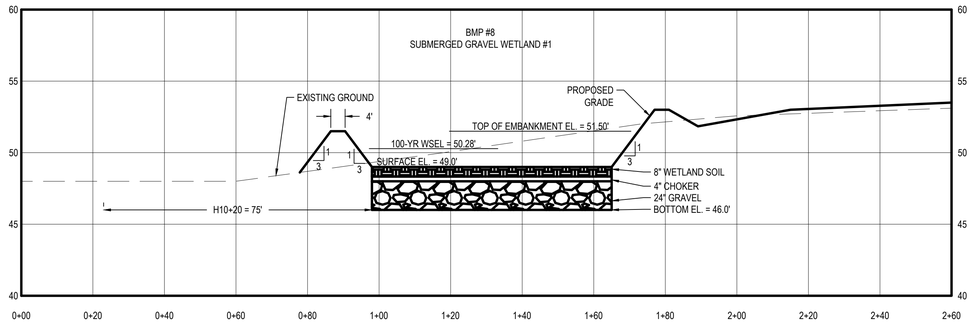
V SCALE: 1" = 5'



SECTION B-B
H SCALE: 1" = 20'
V SCALE: 1" = 5'

CONTRACTOR:
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LICENSE NO. 11391 EXPIRATION DATE: 03-25-2023

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

Stantec
6110 Frost Place
Laurel, MD 20707-2927
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PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL
NEW SOUTHERN AREA K-8
GRADING, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
SITE DEVELOPMENT
CROSS SECTIONS
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

RLP/GMHA DESIGN	SCALE N/A
GMHA DRAWN	SC10
KHN/AKA CHECKED	SHEET 10 OF 10
APR 2021 DATE	218320533 PROJ No. / FILE No.

V:\2826\WIP\CELLAR\DGS_218320413 PGCPS WIP DCP\124AUTOCAD\DRAWINGS\SOUTHERN AREA K-8\SC10_CROSSSECTIONS.DWG