WETLAND EVALUATION REPORT

for

PATUXENT GREENS COUNTRY CLUB 14415 Greenview Drive

Laurel, Prince George's County, Maryland

Prepared for:

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I. METHODOLOGY

The property was evaluated for wetlands on May 15th of 2017 using the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and the Atlantic & Gulf Coast Supplement¹. The methods described in the manual and supplement were used as a guide for the field delineation of the wetland/upland boundary. This analysis requires the presence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology to be considered a wetland. Where positive indications of all three parameters are observed, the area is considered wetland. In addition to identifying vegetated wetlands on the property, other regulated Waters of the United States and/or waters of the State were considered as well. These waters included aquatic sites such as ponds, lakes, streams, rivers, and isolated wetlands. Should these other Federal or State regulated Waters be found to exist on the property, they are incorporated into the delineation of nontidal wetlands and labeled accordingly.

Five Wetland Delineation Data Sheets were completed within the study area. The data sheets describe the characteristics of the three parameter methodology at a specific location and solicit a conclusion based on the findings of the study. The conclusion will be an acknowledgement regarding the presence of regulated wetlands at the point center. The Wetland Delineation Data Sheets are included in Appendix A, as well as ground-level photographs showing various aspects of the site. This report describes the evaluation of the Waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, during the on-site evaluation.

II. SITE LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

The 195 acre site is located in Prince George's County on the east side of Greenview Drive in Laurel, Maryland (Figure 1). According to information provided by the Maryland SDAT Real Property Database service, the study area consists of a country club property situated on Tax Map 6, Grid F4 with a subdivision designation of 8500. Occupied single family residences situated on Greenview Drive form the southwestern limits of the property. Additional single family homes accessible from Parkview Way abut to the northwest. To the north lies a Home Depot commercial property, as well as an undeveloped residential parcel that is entirely forested. Along the northeastern property line the subject area borders an undeveloped fairlawn acreage maintained by the City of Laurel that abuts the Patuxent River. The Patuxent River main-stem forms the southeastern property boundary. To the south lies Patuxent River Park I owned by the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

The site is currently an active 18-hole golf course, with a clubhouse, ornamental stormwater management pond, and several maintenance structures. There are several interconnected water hazards throughout the site that drain south to a pond that regulates the water level with a large pumping station. Bear Branch was excavated along the northeastern limits of the fairways, with the borrow material used to create a protective berm along the maintained golf course to the northeast and southeast. A satellite image is included with this report showing existing site conditions as of July 2014 (Figure 2), as well as a colored infrared aerial photograph of the site and surrounding areas (Figure 3). The central latitude and longitude coordinates for this subject area are 39°05'12.66"N and 76°50'17.61"W, respectively.

¹Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual, Technical Report Y-87-1, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi.

III. RESEARCH OF AVAILABLE DOCUMENTS

A. National Wetland Inventory Maps

The National Wetland Inventory (NWI) is a Department of Interior, United States Fish and Wildlife Service document that has mapped wetland location and type through the use of aerial photographs in correlation with limited field analysis. The maps indicate wetland classifications according to a methodology described in Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States². The NWI map for this section of Prince George's County (Figure 4) indicates that there are documented wetlands within the limits of the Patuxent Greens site. All the water hazard ponds are classified as PUBHx: excavated freshwater ponds with an unconsolidated bottom. The ponds are connected by a series of documented R5UBH channels (a perennial riverine system with an unconsolidated bottom) that generally drain to the south, forming a PFO1A (a temporarily flooded palustrine forested wetland complex that is dominated by broad leaved deciduous tree species) along the southern limits of the site. The main-stem of the Patuxent River meanders along the southeastern property line, and is classified as an R2UBH (lower perennial riverine system with an unconsolidated bottom) with PFO1C wetlands along the periphery (seasonally flooded palustrine forested wetlands). Bear Branch extends through the northeastern portion of the site and is classified as R2UBHx (an excavated lower perennial riverine system), with a fringe of PFO1C wetlands that extend throughout the property north of Bear Branch where no development is proposed.

B. County Soil Survey

The soil survey for this section of Prince George's County (Figure 5) indicates that four soil types are mapped within the study area, as well as standing water. 15 additional soils are mapped in close proximity within Prince George's County. Of those mapped within the subject property, two are classified as predominately hydric by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS): Zekiah & Issue soils (ZS) throughout the eastern portion of the site that are poorly drained, frequently flooded, and contain roughly 60% hydric inclusions throughout the soil profile, and Codorus and Hatboro soils (CF) that are found throughout the western portion. The following table provides a list of soils mapped close to the site and their various characteristics:

Table 1: Soil Classes Mapped within Vicinity of the Patuxent Greens Property

Map Symbol	Map unit name	Hydric Rating	Drainage Class	Hydrologic Soil Group
ApB	Aquasco silt loam, 2 to 5 % slopes	0	Somewhat poorly drained	D

²Cowardin, Lewis M. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Biological Services Program; FWS/OBS-79/31.

Map Symbol	Map unit name	Hydric Rating	Drainage Class	Hydrologic Soil Group
AuB	Aquasco-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	0	Somewhat poorly drained	D
BaA	Beltsville silt loam, 0 to 2 % slopes	0	Moderately well drained	С
BaB	Beltsville silt loam, 2 to 5 % slopes	5	Moderately well drained	С
BuB	Beltsville-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	5	Moderately well drained	С
CdD	Christiana-Downer-Urban land complex, 5 to 15 % slopes			D
CdE	Christiana-Downer-Urban land complex, 15 to 25 % slopes		Moderately well drained	D
CF	Codorus and Hatboro soils, frequently flooded		Poorly drained	C
Ch	Codorus-Hatboro-Urban land complex, frequently flooded		Poorly drained	D
Iu	Issue-Urban land complex, occasionally flooded	10	Somewhat poorly drained	B/D
RuB	Russett-Christiana-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	0	Moderately well drained	D
SnB	Sassafras-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	0	Well drained	В
SnD	Sassafras-Urban land complex, 5 to 15 % slopes	0	Well drained	Α
UdaF	Udorthents, highway, 0 to 65 % slopes	0	Well drained	
UdbB	Udorthents, loamy, 0 to 5 % slopes	0	Well drained	С
UduB	Udorthents-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	0	Well drained	С
Un	Urban land	0		D
UrbB	Urban land-Beltsville complex, 0 to 5 % slopes	0		D
W	Water	0	12日 新加州 12年	
ZS	Zekiah and Issue soils, frequently flooded	60	Poorly drained	B/D

SOIL MAPPED WITHIN STUDY AREA SOIL MAPPED IN CLOSE PROXIMITY

C. United States Geological Survey Topographic & State LiDAR Maps

The United States Geological Survey's (USGS) topographic maps show the topography and relief of the region. Topographic maps generally show the location of forests, streams, ponds, roads, and buildings on properties (Figure 6). The 7.5 minute topographic map for the study area (Laurel Quadsheet) indicates that the site is uniformly flat with elevations roughly 140' above sea level along the northern property line, falling to around 120' along the southeastern property boundary abutting the Patuxent River. There are two unnamed perennial streams running through the central fairways connecting the water hazard ponds, flowing north to south where they form a confluence offsite and discharge directly into the Patuxent River. The Patuxent River main-stem flows along the southeastern property line, and Bear Branch was excavated through the northern portion of the site. A topographic map taken from the Maryland iMAP service showing state Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) elevation data is included as well (Figure 7). This map displays the changes in elevation throughout the site in greater detail, showing subtle variations in microtopography that are not possible with large scale maps. For this area, dark red indicates higher elevations to the north and west of the country club, while yellow-green indicates the low-lying

perennial stream channels and floodplain along the southern and eastern portions of the study area. The berm constructed on the west side of Bear Branch is easily discernable from the high-resolution elevation data, as well as the nontidal water hazards.

IV. ON-SITE ASSESSMENT

A. Hydrology

The subject property is located within the upper Patuxent River watershed (MDE 8 Digit Watershed Number 02131004), which is part of the Patuxent Tributary Strategy Basin. All stormwaters falling on the maintained golf course drain from the interconnected water hazards in the north to the south western maintenance pond that has two high-volume pumps. Excess surface water is pumped to the south into an unnamed perennial tributary of the Patuxent River, which flows to the south where it forms a confluence with the Patuxent River. The southwestern portion of the site falls within Department of Natural Resources 12-digit Watershed Number 021311040939, while the northeastern portion falls within the designated 021311040940 watershed, both of which drain directly to the Patuxent River. Bear Branch was channelized and straightened through the northeastern portion of the site, with the excavated material used to construct a berm which spans the northeastern and southeastern portions along the perennial waterways, and prevent flooding in the entire golf course. The upper Patuxent River and Bear Branch are Use I waterways as classified by the Maryland Department of Environment at this location (COMAR 26.08.02.08).

B. Soils

Numerous holes were dug throughout the site with a tile spade, and the profiles at each were examined for indicators of anaerobic soil conditions. Anaerobic soils possess color characteristics which can be quantified by comparison to the Munsell Color Chart. Munsell chromas of one or less, or matrix chromas of two, observed in the surface layer of the soil profile is indicative of hydric soils. In sandy soils, the accumulation of organic material and/or organic streaking observed in the surface layer of the soil profile is indicative of hydric soils. The data sheets provided in Appendix A document the findings of the field evaluation.

C. Vegetation

The vegetation found on the site was documented during the field analysis and is listed on the Wetland Delineation Data Sheets contained in Appendix A. In conjunction with the Corps Manual, the National List of Plant Species That Occur in Wetlands: Region 1 - Northeast³ is used to obtain the indicator status of species identified on the site. The list categorizes each species by the following indicator status:

• Obligate wetland (OBL). Occurs with estimated 99% probability in wetlands.

³Resource Management Group, Inc. 1992. National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Region I - Northeast. Grand Haven, Michigan. 107 pps.

- Facultative wetland (FACW). Usually occur in wetlands (estimated 67%-99% probability).
- Facultative (FAC). Equally likely to occur in wetlands and uplands (34%-66% probability).
- Facultative upland (FACU). Usually occur in nonwetlands (67%-99% probability).
- Obligate upland (UPL). Occur in uplands almost always (> 99% probability).

In order for the wetland vegetation criteria to be met, greater than 50% of the dominant vegetation must be comprised of either OBL, FACW, and/or FAC (excluding FAC-) species.

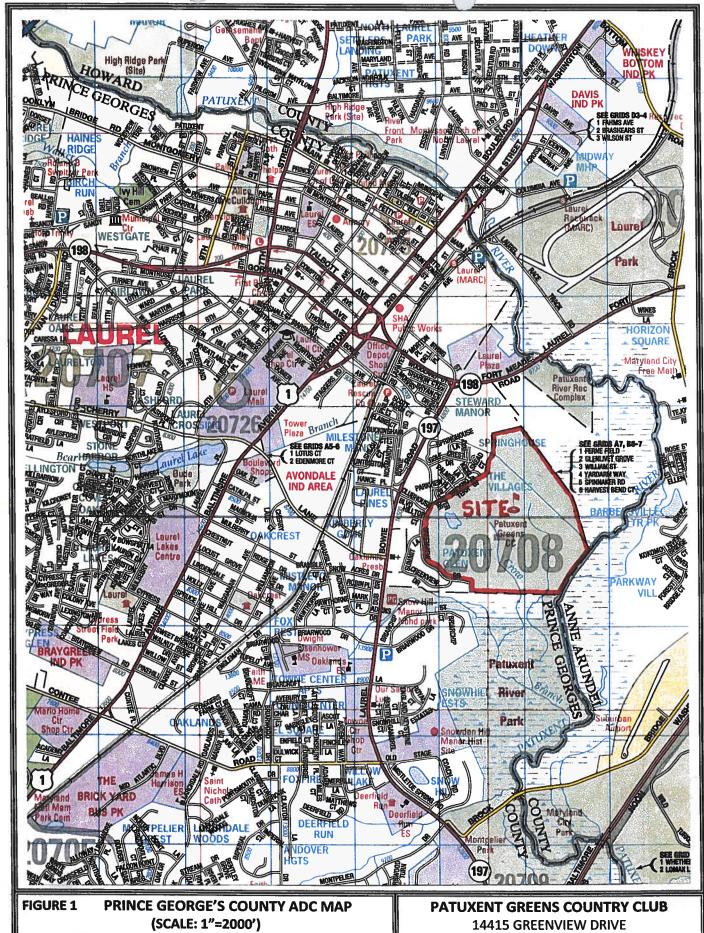
V. WETLAND DELINEATION

Based on the three-parameter criteria set forth in the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and the Atlantic & Gulf Coast Supplement, it was determined regulated wetlands exists within the boundaries of Patuxent Greens Country Club. The site has been highly disturbed, with man-made ponds constructed throughout which act as water hazards and control the hydrology of the site to allow for adequate irrigation. There is a large ornamental pond that serves as a stormwater management facility at the clubhouse in the western portion. During drought conditions, the golf course is supplemented by groundwater extraction to provide the necessary irrigation waters for the facility.

Southeast of the stormwater management pond is a drainage ditch that is frequently inundated, and drains to a 12" corrugated metal culvert pipe that runs under the paved cart path to the stormwater pond. This area was flagged as the "A" line, with flag A1 to A12 demarcating the wetland limits, and dominated with herbaceous wetland vegetation. Immediately south of the A line wetlands was a grove of southern red oak, red maple, and pin oak that was actively maintained and cleared of all understory, shrubs, and vines, as well as most herbaceous species. The hydrology of this area has been significantly altered due to the construction of the golf course, with relic soils that have a depleted matrix but no discernable hydrologic indicators.

Between Hole 2 and Hole 3 is a water hazard that has a forested wetland pocket on the west side, situated north of the tee box for Hole 2, which was flagged as the "D" line. The flags start at D1 on the north side of the wetland where it meets with the nontidal pond, and wraps around the western hydric limits, ending at flag D8 at the southern junction with the pond. The forest was dominated with sweet gum, black gum, and persimmon, with a minor component of tulip poplar and red maple on the fringe of the stand. The herbaceous layer included pokeweed, soft rush, skunk cabbage, jack-in-the-pulpit, and sensitive fern. The soil was black to a depth of 4 inches, with organic inclusions down to the water table 6 inches below the surface. There was evidence of historic beaver activity at this location, but no recent chew or any lodge/dam structures were observed during the delineation.

In the central portion of the golf course, between Holes 3, 4 and 6, is a patch of forest that has two isolated wetland channels that were flagged as the "E" line along the northwest fringe, and the "E2" line along the southeast edge. The northwestern depression flags run from E1 to E30, and is dominated with sweetgum and green ash in the shrub and canopy layers, as well as some pin oak. The herbaceous layer was primarily comprised of bugle weed, soft rush, shallow sedge, and other wetland sedge species. The southeastern depression was flagged E2-1 to E2-20 and extends into the maintained rough north of Hole 4. The soil at this location was a mucky mineral, black to 4 inches below the surface. Soft rush, bugle weed, and sedges dominated the herbaceous layer, and a couple sweetgum saplings were in close proximity to the inundated channel. The limits of the flagged wetlands can be found on the attached plan prepared by Rodgers Consulting.



CREDIT ©ADC THE MAP PEOPLE - BY PERMISSION PUN# 2090616

LAUREL, MARYLAND

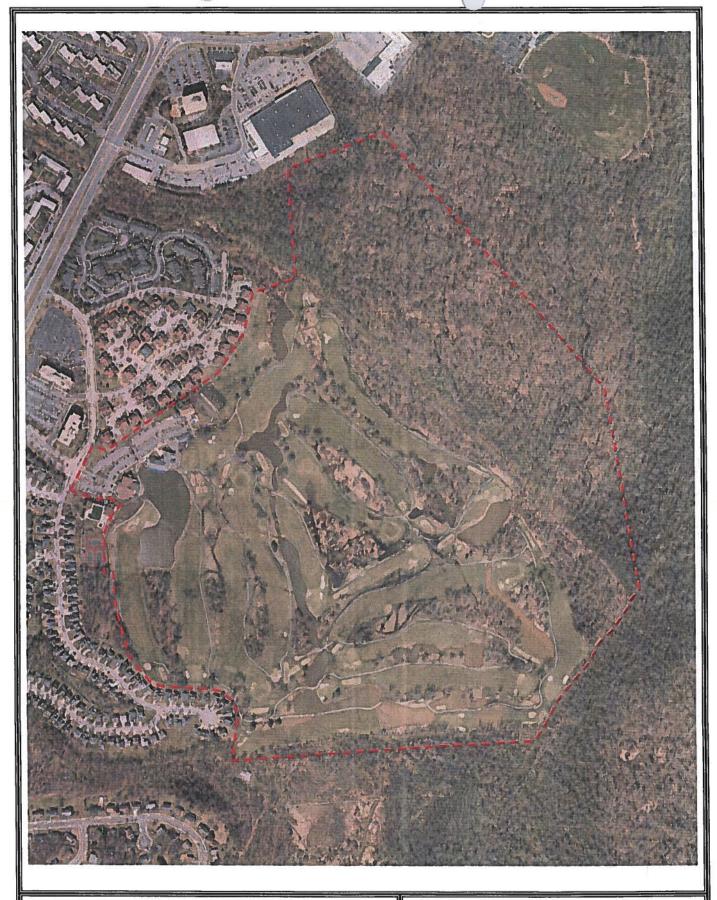


FIGURE 2

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

CREDIT - MD IMAP

http://geodata.md.gov/imaptemplate/
MD ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE & LAND INFORMATION NETWORK

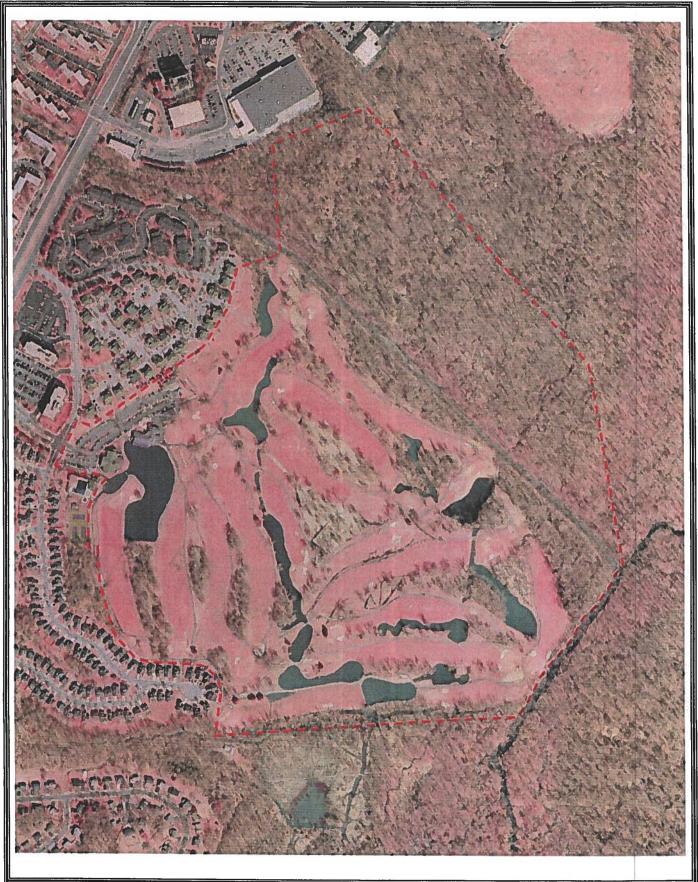


FIGURE 3 FALSE COLOR INFRA-RED PHOTO

CREDIT – MD iMAP

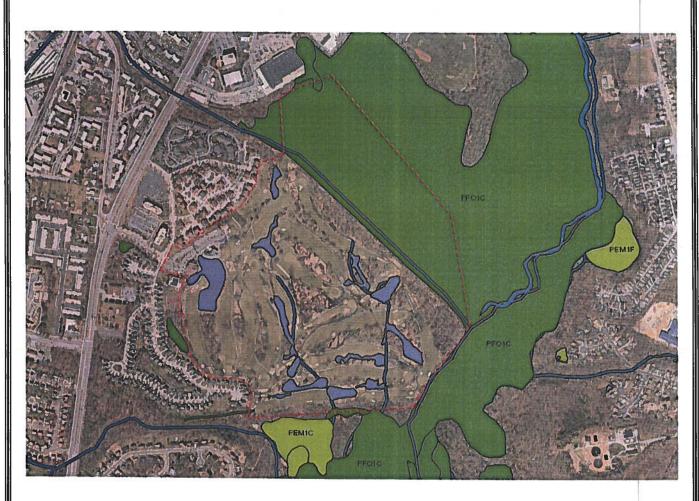
http://geodata.md.gov/imaptemplate/

http://geodata.md.gov/imaptemplate/
MD ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE & LAND INFORMATION NETWORK



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory



Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake

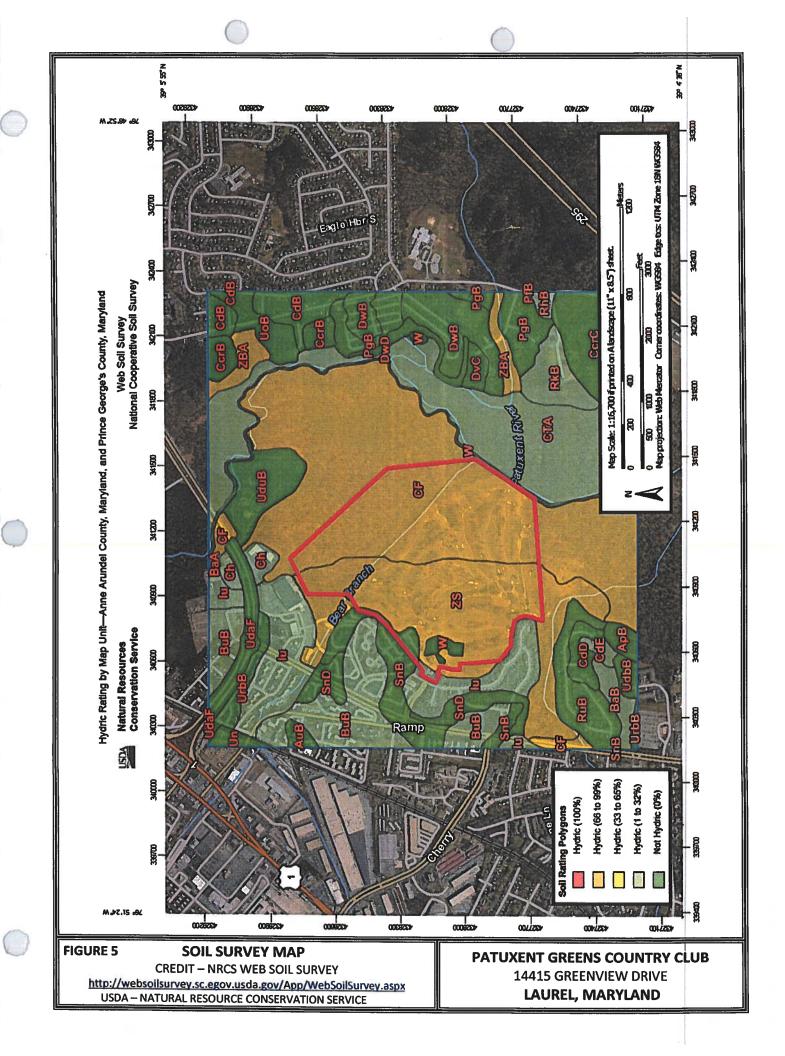
Other

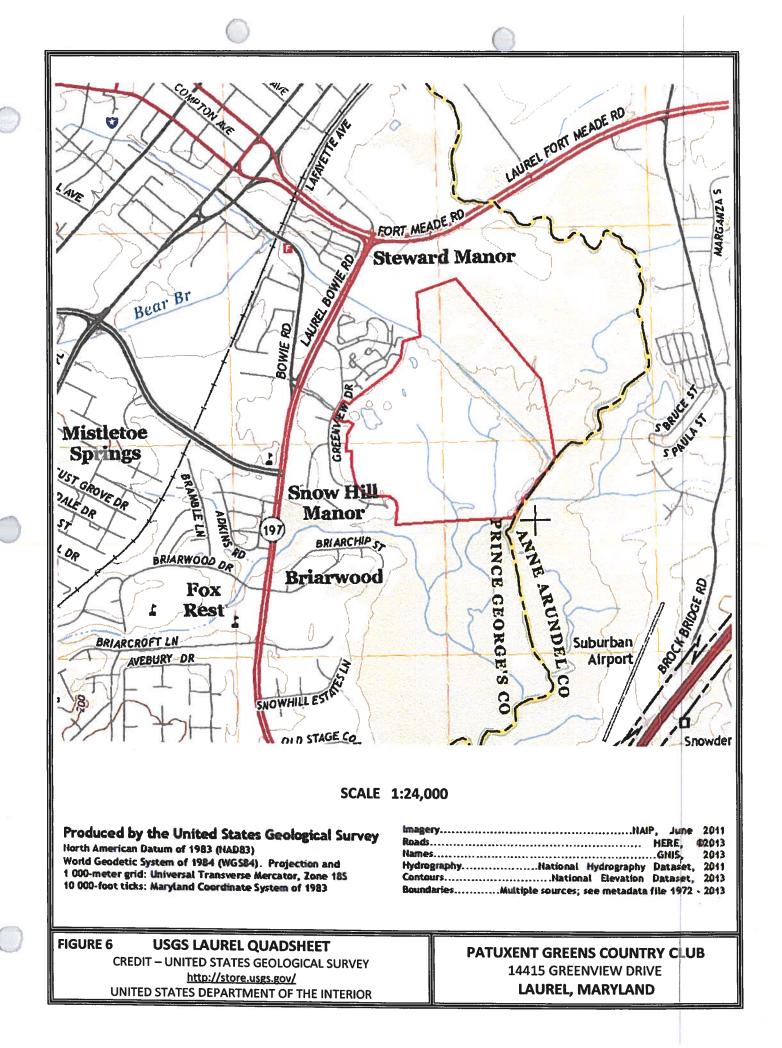
Riverine

FIGURE 4

NWI WETLAND MAP

CREDIT – USFWS NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html UNITED STATES FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE





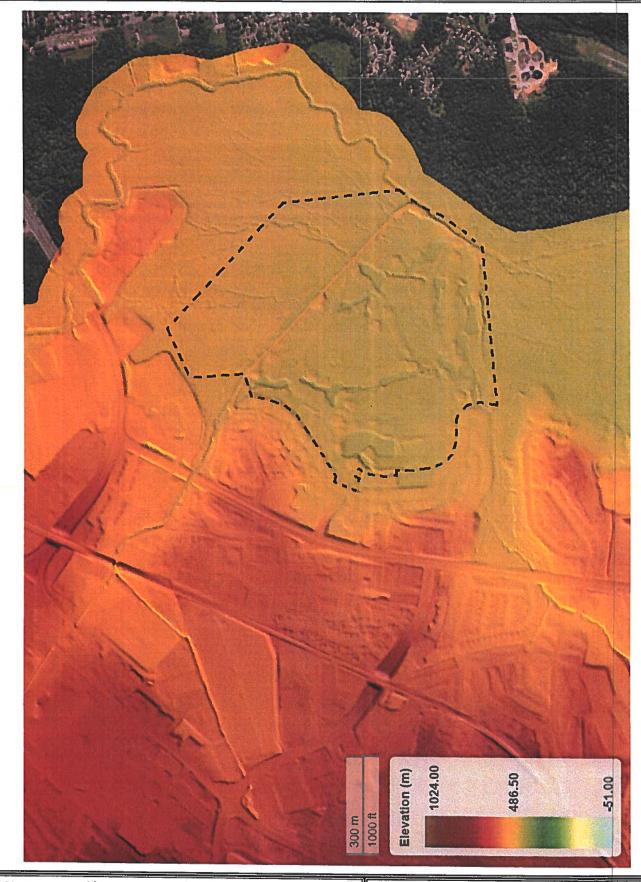


FIGURE 7 LIDAR TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

CREDIT – MD iMAP

http://imap.maryland.gov/Pages/lidar-topography-viewer.aspx

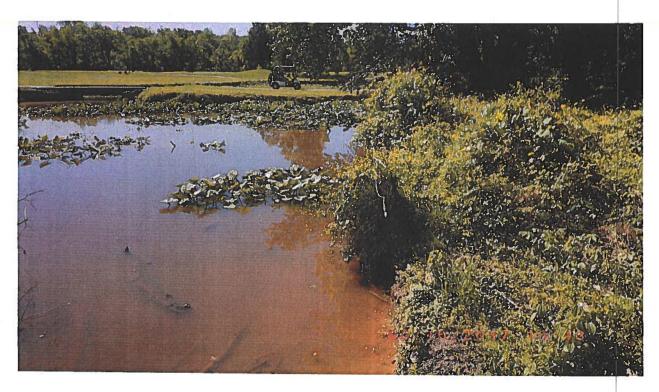
MD ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE & LAND INFORMATION NETWORK

APPENDIX A

WETLAND DELINEATION DATA SHEETS & SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



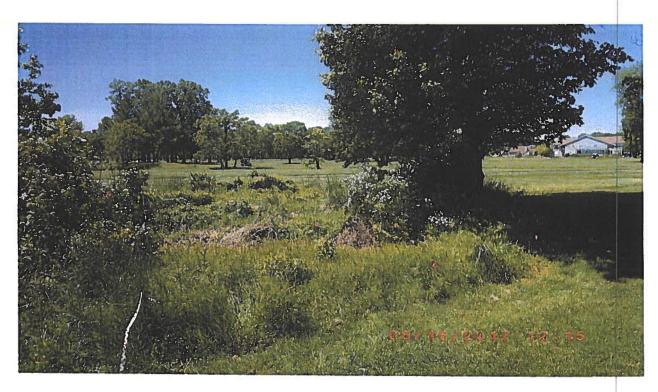
"A" Line wetland channel on east side of cart path between Holes 1 and 10, looking east



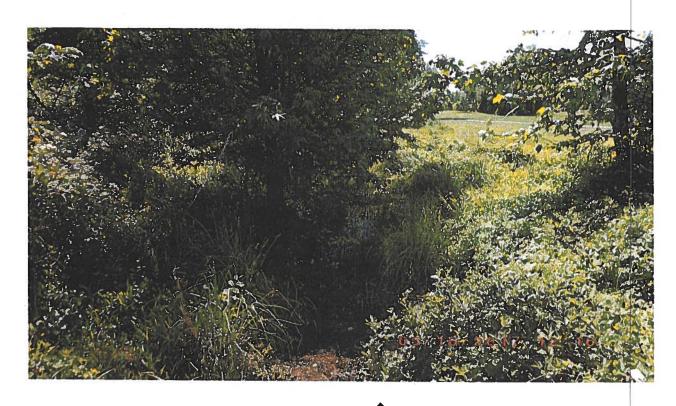
Southern connection of "D" Line wetlands to water hazard pond, looking south



Vegetation typical of forested "D" Line wetlands, looking west



Northern reaches of "E" Line wetland channel, looking southwest



Inundated portion of "E" Line wetland near central and southern portions of channel





Eastern limits of "E2" Line wetland channel, looking east



Western limits of "E2" Line wetland channel terminating at sweetgum shrub, looking west

Applicar Investiga Landforr Subregie Soil Mar Are clim Are Veg Are Veg SUMN	Site: Patuxent Greens ht/Owner: Alan Cohen ator(s): Milton McCartl m (hillslope, terrace, etc.) on (LRR or MLRA): MLR p Unit Name: ZS - Zeki matic / hydrologic condition petation No , Soil No petati	hy & Jacob M y: Flat RA149A sh and Issue ns on the site to o, or Hydrolo o, or Hydrolo S - Attach	Lat: _39°C soils, frequently flo ypical for this time of y gyNo significantl gyNo naturally p	Section, Township Local relief (conca 05'10.46"N coded rear? Yes X ry disturbed? roblematic? roblematic? Is the Sam	o, Range: ave, convex, no Long:76 No (If Are "Normal C (If needed, exp int location	one): Concave S°50'29.42"W NVI classification, explain in Recircumstances" pripalain any answers, transects,	Slope Slope ation: Dat ation: Yes emarks.) resent? Yes Yes s in Remarks.)	e (%): 0-5% tum: WGS84 X No
Wetlar Remail Inun & 10 HYDR Wetla Prima Si H Si H Inun Inun Inun Inun Inun Inun Inun In	nd Hydrology Present?	Yes ditch drain stormwate rs: of one is require	ing to corrugate r managemen ad; check all that apply Aquatic Fauna (B Ari Deposits (B' Hydrogen Sulfide Oxidized Rhizosp Presence of Redi Recent Iron Redu Thin Muck Surfac	ed metal culv t pond by club 113) 15) (LRR U) Odor (C1) Oheres along Living uced Iron (C4) uction in Tilled Soils ce (C7)	chouse. F	ying cart parages A1 to Secondary Indicat Surface Soll (Sparsely Veg Moss Trim Lii Dry-Season Very Crayfish Burr Saturation Vis Geomorphic I Shallow Aquit FAC-Neutral	tors (minimum of Cracks (B6) letated Concave sterns (B10) letas (B16) letas (C2) letas (C8) letas (two required) Surface (B8)
Field Surfac Water Satura (include Descri	Observations: ce Water Present? Table Present? ation Present? des capillary fringe) ibe Recorded Data (strea	Yes X N Yes X N	o Depth (inche o Depth (inche o Depth (inche litoring well, aerial pho	es):8" es):3"		/drology Presen		

ee Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)		Dominant I		Dominance Test worksheet:
	% Cover			I
		Species?		Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:3 (A)
				Total Number of Dominant
				Species Across All Strata:3(B)
				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3/3 = 100% (AV)
				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3/3 = 100% (A/
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		= Total Cove	ЭГ	OBL species x 1 = FACW species x 2 =
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover:		FAC species x 3 =
apling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)				FACU species x 4 =
				UPL species x 5 =
				Column Totals: (A) (
				Provolence Index = P/A =
				Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
•				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
•				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
		= Total Cov		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover:		
erb Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre) Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)	10	Yes	OBL	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology mus be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Arrow arum (Peltandra virginica)	10	Yes	OBL	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
Bugleweed (Lycopus virginicus)	10	Yes	OBL	€
Shallow Sedge (Carex lurida)	5	No	OBL	Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless
Sedge sp.	5	No		height.
				. Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, les
•				than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
•				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardle of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
0				Woody vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft i
1				height.
2				
50% of total cover:		= Total Cov		
Voody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre	2070 01	total cover.		•
•				
•				8
•				-
•				- Hydrophytic
50% of total covers		= Total Cov		Vegetation Present? Yes X No
50% of total cover: Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations b		total cover:		-
	•	jh on we	est side	e of hole 1. No trees, shrubs or wood

rofile Desc Depth	ription: (Describe	to the dept		4 -0 4 -0					
eptn (h needed to docu		ator or confir	n the absence	of indicator	'S.)	
inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Color (moist)	x Features % Tv	pe¹ Loc²	Texture		Remarks	İ
0-7"	10YR2/2	90	7.5YR4/6		D PL	Sandy Loam	Soil appe	ars to be reli	c
					<u> </u>				1
7-14"	10YR3/2	75	7.5VD4/6		- M	Loom			
7-14	10183/2		7.5YR4/6		<u> </u>	Loam			
									
Type: C=C	oncentration, D=De	pletion, RM=	Reduced Matrix. M	S=Masked Sar	nd Grains.	² Location:	PL=Pore Li	ning, M=Matrix	
	Indicators: (Appli							natic Hydric S	
Histosol	l (A1)		☐ Polyvalue B	elow Surface (S8) (LRR S, T,	U) 🔲 1 cm l	Muck (A9) (L	RR O)	
= `	pipedon (A2)		Thin Dark S	urface (S9) (LF	RR S, T, U)		Muck (A10) (-	
	istic (A3)			ky Mineral (F1)	(LRR O)	_		18) (outside M	
, ,	en Sulfide (A4)			ed Matrix (F2)				in Soils (F19)	
	d Layers (A5)	D T 11)	Depleted Ma				-	Loamy Soils (F	20)
_	: Bodies (A6) (LRR ucky Mineral (A7) (L	-		Surface (F6) ark Surface (F7	^		RA 153B) arent Materi	ol /TEO\	
	resence (A8) (LRR			essions (F8)	,			ai (1 <i>F2)</i> Surface (TF1)	»
	uck (A9) (LRR P, T)		Marl (F10) ((Explain in F	•	-/
	d Below Dark Surfa			chric (F11) (ML	.RA 151)		(⊛	
Thick D	ark Surface (A12)	, ,			F12) (LRR O, P	,T) ³ Indi	cators of hyd	rophytic veget	ation and
	Prairie Redox (A16)		i) 🔲 Umbric Surf	ace (F13) (LRI	R P, T, U)	we	tland hydrolo	gy must be pr	esent,
7	Mucky Mineral (S1)	(LRR 0, S)		(F17) (MLRA			less disturbe	d or problemat	ic.
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)				RA 150A, 150B				
_	Redox (S5)				(F19) (MLRA 1		4505)		
	d Matrix (S6) urface (S7) (LRR P,	S T III	Anomalous	Bright Loamy	Soils (F20) (ML	KA 149A, 1530	, 153D)		
	Layer (if observed					1			
Type: _ N		·							
Depth (in						Hydric Soi	l Present?	Yes X	No
emarks:						<u> </u>			
									- 1

Project/Site: Patuxent Greens Country Club	City/County Laurel/Prince George's County Sampling Pote: 5-15-2017
Applicant/Owner: Alan Cohen	City/County: Laurel/Prince George's County Sampling Date: 5-15-2017 State: MD Sampling Point: 2
Milliam McConthus O. Leanly McContlus	
	Section, Township, Range: Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0+2%
Cutaration (IRD and IRA). MI RA1494	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Goncave Slope (%): 012.70 *O5'00 40"N
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): MELOTION Lat: 09	°05'09.49"N Long: 76°50'28.97"W Datum: WGS84 flooded NWI classification: UPL
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	
Are Vegetation No Soil No or Hydrology No significant	
Are Vegetation No , Soil No , or Hydrology No naturally	problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map show	ing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No X	is die Sampied Area
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X	within a Wetland? Yes NoX
Remarks:	- - I
Sampling point taken due south of Data Poi	nt 1 (drainage ditch on west side of hole 1, just east of
paved golf cart path) in grove of trees with n	naintained lawn. Site hydrology significantly altered
when golf course was constructed.	and the state of t
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that app	
Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna Marl Deposits (
Saturation (A3) Hydrogen Sulfid	
	spheres along Living Roots (C3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	educed Iron (C4) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	duction in Tilled Soils (C6) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	
☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Other (Explain Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	☐ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Surface Water Present? Yes No _X Depth (inc	hes):
Water Table Present? Yes No _X Depth (inc	
Saturation Present? Yes No X Depth (inc	
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial pl	1
dental programme and the second programme and	notos, previous inspections), ii available.
Remarks:	
70	*

0.4	Absolute Dominant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)	% Cover Species? Status	Number of Dominant Species
1. Southern Red Oak (Quercus falcata)	10 No FACU	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:1 (A)
2. Red Maple (Acer rubrum)	25 Yes FAC	Total Number of Dominant
3. Pin Oak (Quercus palustris)	20 No FACW	. Species Across All Strata:1 (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species
5		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1/1 = 100% (A/B)
6		
7		Prevalence Index worksheet:
8		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	55% = Total Cover	OBL species x 1 = 0
50% of total cover	20% of total cover:	FACW species x 2 = 40
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)		FAC species25 x 3 =75
		FACU species10 x 4 =40
1		UPL species0 x 5 =0
2		Column Totals: 55 (A) 155 (B)
3		- - - - - - - - - -
4		Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.818181
5		- Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
6		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7		2 - Dominance Test is >50%
8		-
	0% = Total Cover	27
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
0.1 0.00	20 % of total cover	- _
		¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1		
2		Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
3		Tree - Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or
4		more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
5		height.
6		Sapting/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less
7	_	than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
8		- I lead All bearbases (non-usearly plants regardless
9		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
10		- I of the state o
11		Woody vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
12.		_ height.
12.		-
	= Total Cover	
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	-
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)		
1		_
2		_
3		_
4		_
5		Literatura de la compansión de la compan
	0% = Total Cover	- Hydrophytic Vegetation
50% of total cover:	20% of total cover:	Present? Yes X No
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations be		-
1		
No understory/shrubs, herbaceous lay	er, or woody vines at t	his location.
l .		l l

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point:

^	~ :		
	C 11	ı	

Sampling Point	2
tors.)	

Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Feature:	3		n the absence of in		
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks	
0-9"	10YR4/4	100					Sandy Loam		
9-16"	10YR4/3	90	7.5YR4/6	10	С	M	Sandy Loam		
Hydric Soil I Histosol Histic Ep Black His Hydroge Stratified Organic Tom Mu Muck Pro 1 cm Mu Depleted Thick Da Coast Pr Sandy M Sandy R Stripped Dark Su	pipedon (A2) stic (A3) sn Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) Bodies (A6) (LRR P ucky Mineral (A7) (Li esence (A8) (LRR P, T) d Below Dark Surfac ark Surface (A12) rairie Redox (A16) (I fucky Mineral (S1) (I eleyed Matrix (S4) ledox (S5) I Matrix (S6) rface (S7) (LRR P, S Layer (if observed)	able to all LRR []]]]]]]]]]] []] []] [Redox Depreted Octor Iron-Mangan Umbric Surface Delta Ochric Redox Ver Redox Depreted Natron-Mangan Umbric Surface Delta Ochric Reduced Ver Piedmont Flo	rwise not elow Surfa urface (S9 yy Mineral ed Matrix (ttrix (F3) Surface (F rk Surface essions (F LRR U) hric (F11) lesse Mass ace (F13) ((F17) (Mi rtic (F18) (codplain S	ed.) ce (S8) (L) (LRR S, (F1) (LRF (F2) 6) ((F7) 8) (MLRA 1 es (F12) ((LRR P, T LRA 151) (MLRA 156) (MLRA 156)	STANCE OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Indicators for F U)	Material (TF2) w Dark Surface (TF1 ain in Remarks) of hydrophytic vege hydrology must be p sturbed or problema	Solis ³ : MLRA 150A,E (LRR P, S, T (F20) 12) station and resent,
Remarks:									

Project/Site: Patuxent Greens Country Club	City/County: Laurel/Prince George's County Sampling Date: 5-15-2017
Applicant/Owner: Alan Cohen	State: MD Sampling Point: 3
	Section, Township, Range:
*	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0-5%
	5'13.85"N Long: 76°50'21.51"W Datum: WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: ZS - Zekiah and Issue soils, frequently floor	oded NWI classification: UPL
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of ye	
Are Vegetation No , Soil No , or Hydrology No significantly	
Are Vegetation No Soil No or Hydrology No naturally pro	•
	sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No X	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes X No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No X	within a Wetland? Yes No
Remarks:	
Sampling point taken in central portion of coun unmaintained trees/shrubs with a swale running	• •
armamamod doooromabo war a owalo farmin	ig on west side. Thags ET to Eoo.
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1) Aquatic Fauna (B1	3) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
High Water Table (A2) Marl Deposits (B15)	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Saturation (A3)	
	peres along Living Roots (C3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	ced Iron (C4) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Thin Muck Surface	
Iron Deposits (B5) Other (Explain in R	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (Inches	. O inches
Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (Inches Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (Inches	
Saturation Present? Yes X No Depth (inches	
(includes capillary fringe)	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photo	os, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	
6	
	į į
-	
	I

vegetation (Four Strata) – Use scientific na	imes of pi	ants.		Sampling Point:3
	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre	% Cover	Species?	Status	Number of Dominant Species
1. Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	10	Yes	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)
2. Sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua)	10	Yes	FAC	matrice obligation, or the
3. Pin Oak (Quercus palustris)	10	Yes	FACW	Total Number of Dominant
3. Till Oak (addicus paidsuis)		Tes	PACVV	Species Across All Strata:4 (B)
4	-			Description of Description
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4/4 = 100% (A/B)
6				That Ale OBL, I ACVV, OI FAC.
				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
8				
	30%	= Total Cov	er er	ODE species x 1
50% of total cover:	20% of	f total cover	•	FACW species25 x 2 =50
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)				FAC species45 x 3 =135
1. Sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua)	45	V	E40	FACU species0 x 4 =0
		Yes	FAC	1
2. Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	5	Yes	FACW	1 00 000
3				Column Totals:93 (A)208 (B)
4				Prevalence Index = B/A =2.23656
5				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
6				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
8				
·	200/			✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
		= Total Cov		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
50% of total cover:	20% of	f total cover	:	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre				Undigators of hydric call and wattend hydrology much
1 Bugleweed (Lycopus virginicus)	5	No	OBL	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. Shallow Sedge (Carex lurida)				
		No No	OBL	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
3. Seedbox (Ludwigia alternifolia)	3	No	OBL	Tree Mondy plants evaluating since 2 in (7.6 am) or
4. Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)	5	No	OBL	Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
5. Japanese Stilt Grass (Microstegium vimineum)	20	Yes	FAC	height.
6. Skunk Cabbage (Symplocarpus foetidus)	5	No	OBL	
7. Sedge sp.		140	- OBL	Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less
				than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
8				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
9				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
10				or one of arita troody planto look blantoizo it tail.
10				Woody vine - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
11				height.
12.				
	43%	= Total Cov	er	
50% of total cover:		f total cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)	20% 0	total cover		
1				
2			_	
3				
4				
5				Hydrophytic
	0%	= Total Cov	er er	Vegetation
50% of total cover:	20% of	f total cover:	:	Present? Yes X No
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations bel				<u> </u>
l and the second of the second	owj.			

Depth						or confirm	the absence	of indicato	rs. <i>)</i>	
	Matrix Color (moist)	%		x Feature		12	Tardona		Demonto	
(inches) 0-4"	Mucky Mineral	100	Color (moist)		_Type¹	Loc ²	<u>Texture</u>	Lilah san	Remarks	
	WILLIAM WILLIAM	100					Loam		centration de	ecomposing
								organic r	naterial	
4-9"	10YR2/2	100					Sandy Loam			
								-		
9-12"	10YR3/1	80	7.5YR4/6	20	D		Loam	-		
					· —					
					· —					
		 .								
Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked	d Sand Gra	ains.			ining, M≃Matri	
_	Indicators: (Applic	able to all							matic Hydric	Solis":
Histosol	• •		Polyvalue Be					Muck (A9) (L		
	pipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Su					Muck (A10) (
☐ Black Histic (A3) ☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR C				(O)			18) (outside l			
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)					(F2)		7-1	-	ain Soils (F19)	-
Stratified Layers (A5) Depleted Matrix (F3)								•	Loamy Soils (F20)
	Bodies (A6) (LRR P		Redox Dark		,		(MLRA 153B)			
5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)							Red Parent Material (TF2)			
	resence (A8) (LRR L	J)	Redox Depre		·8)			☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)		
	uck (A9) (LRR P, T)	- /A 4 4 \	Marl (F10) (L	•		-41	Other	(Explain in I	Remarks)	
· ·	d Below Dark Surfac	æ (A11)	Depleted Oc				mm 31			4-41
	ark Surface (A12)	MI DA 4504	Iron-Mangan						drophytic vege	
	Prairie Redox (A16) (I					, U)			ogy must be p	
	Mucky Mineral (S1) (Gleyed Matrix (S4)	LKK U, 3)	Delta Ochric					iess disturbe	ed or problema	iuc.
_	Redox (S5)		Reduced Ve							
	d Matrix (S6)		Piedmont Flo							
	urface (S7) (LRR P, \$	S T III	LI Anomaious E	ongni Loa	imy Solis (F20) (NILI	RA 149A, 1530	J, 153D)		
	Layer (if observed)						<u> </u>			
Type: N										
	nches):						Hydric Soi	il Present?	Yes X	No
Remarks:							Tiyano oo			
tomanto.										

Project/Site: Patuxent Greens Country Club	City/County: Laurel/Prince George's County Sampling Date:5-15-2017					
Applicant/Owner: Alan Cohen	State: MD Sampling Point: 4					
	Section, Township, Range:					
	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0-5%					
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): MLRA149A	°05'11.86"N Long: 76°50'15.64"W Datum: WGS84					
Soil Man Unit Name: Zekiah and Issue soils & Codorus and	°05'11.86"N Long: 76°50'15.64"W Datum: WGS84 Hatboro soils, frequently flooded NWI classification: UPL					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of						
	ntly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No					
	problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)					
	ing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	to all outliplear a ou					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No						
Remarks:						
Sampling point taken on southeast side of s	tand of unmaintained trees/shrubs where Data Point 3					
	dated depression originating in maintained lawn/rough					
to fringe of unmaintained area. Flags E2-1	to E2-20.					
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)					
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that ap						
Surface Water (A1)						
High Water Table (A2)						
Saturation (A3) Hydrogen Sulfi						
	spheres along Living Roots (C3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
	duced Iron (C4) Urayfish Burrows (C8) Guction in Tilled Soils (C6) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Thin Muck Sur						
Iron Deposits (B5) Other (Explain	in Remarks)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)					
✓ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Field Observations:	Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)					
Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (inc	hes). 0 inches					
Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inc						
Saturation Present? Yes X No Depth (inc						
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial p	hotos previous inspections) if available:					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	notes, provided inopositions), in defaulable.					
Remarks:						
	a a					

	ants.		Sampling Point:4
	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
	Species?		Number of Dominant Species
5	No	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:3 (A)
5	Yes	FAC	Total Number of Dominant
5	No	FACW	Species Across All Strata:3 (B)
			Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3/3 = 100% (A/B)
			Prevalence Index worksheet:
			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	= Total Cov	er	OBL species x 1 = 30
			FACW species15 x 2 =30
			FAC species 40 x 3 = 120
20	Yes	FAC	FACU species0 x 4 =0
 5	No	FACW	UPL species0 x 5 =0
			Column Totals: <u>85</u> (A) <u>180</u> (B)
			Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.11765
			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
			1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
			2 - Dominance Test is >50%
			✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
25%	= Total Co	/er	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
20% o	f total cover	:	
			¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
5	No	OBL	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5	No	OBL	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
	No	OBL	
15	Yes	OBL	Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) o more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless o
15	Yes	FAC	height.
	· — —		
	·		Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
			Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
			of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
			Woody vine - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
			height.
	• ———		.
20% o	f total cover	:	2
			ž.
			.]
			- Hydrophytic
	= Total Co	ver	Vegetation
0%	= Total Cover		1
			Present? Yes X No No
20% o		:	Present? Yes No
		·	Present? Yes^ No
20% o		•	Present? Yes^ No
20% o		•	Present? Yes^_ No
20% o			Present? Yes^_ No
20% o		T	Present? Yes^ No
	5 5 5 5 15% 20% of 20 5 5 5 5 5 15 15	5 No 5 Yes 5 No 5 Yes 5 No 20% of total cover 20 Yes 5 No 20% of total cover 20% of total cover 5 No 5 No 5 No 15 Yes 15 Yes 15 Yes 20% of total cover	5 No FACW 5 Yes FAC 5 No FACW 15% = Total Cover 20% of total cover: 20 Yes FAC 5 No FACW 25% = Total Cover 20% of total cover: 5 No OBL 5 No OBL 5 No OBL 15 Yes OBL 15 Yes FAC 15 Yes FAC

Depth(inches)	Matrix Color (moist) Mucky Mineral	100	th needed to docur Redo Color (moist)	ment the i		or confirm	the absence		ampling Point:	
Depth (inches) 0-4" M	Matrix Color (moist) Mucky Mineral	100	Redo	x Features	3	or commin	nia ansence	o maicato	15.)	
(inches) N	Color (moist) Mucky Mineral	100								
					<u>rype</u>	_Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	
4-7"	10YR3/1						Loam	Decompo	osing organic	matter
4-7"	10YR3/1							<u>-</u>		
		100					Loam			
7-14"	10YR3/1	80	7.5YR4/6							
							Loan			
17							2			
			Reduced Matrix, M			ains.			ining, M=Matrix matic Hydric S	
Histosol (A	•	abio to an			•	PPSTI		Muck (A9) (L	-	viis .
☐ Histosol (A1) ☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, I) ☐ Histic Epipedon (A2) ☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)							Muck (A3) (L			
Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mi					•				18) (outside N	LRA 150A.B)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)							Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S,			
Stratified L	ayers (A5)		Depleted Ma	atrix (F3)	•		Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20)			•
	odies (A6) (LRR P		Redox Dark				(MLRA 153B)			
	ky Mineral (A7) (LF						Red Parent Material (TF2)			
	ence (A8) (LRR U	I)	Redox Depr		8)					
	(A9) (LRR P, T)		₩ Marl (F10) (•			Other (Explain in Remarks)			
= :	Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Depleted Oc				3			
	Surface (A12)		Iron-Mangai				-	-	drophytic veget	
	irie Redox (A16) (I cky Mineral (S1) (I		· 💳			', υ)	wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.			
	eyed Matrix (S4)	LKK U, 3)	Delta Ochrid			-0.4 450D\		iless disturbe	ed or problemat	IC.
Sandy Red			Reduced Ve							
Stripped M						-	9A) A 149A, 153			
	ace (S7) (LRR P, §	S. T. U)	Alomaious	Digit Loai	Try Solis	(PZO) (MILIC	M 143M, 133	G, 199D)		
	yer (if observed)						Ī			
Type: N/A										
Depth (inch							Hvdric So	il Present?	Yes X	No
Remarks:							1			

Project/Site: Patuxent Greens Country Club	City/County: Laurel/F	Prince George's County Sampling Date: 5-15-2017
Applicant/Owner: Alan Cohen		State: MD Sampling Point: 5
Investigator(s): Milton McCarthy & Jacob M	Carthy Section, Township, R	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Flat		convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0-5%
		Long: 76°50'22.28"W Datum: WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: ZS - Zekiah and Issue	soils, frequently flooded	NWI classification: UPL
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site ty		
Are Vegetation No, Soil No, or Hydrologic		
		"Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation No Soil No or Hydrolog SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach		needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) locations, transects, important features, etc
		,,
	X No Is the Sample	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	X No within a Wetla	and? Yes X No No
Remarks:		
Sampling point taken on south	est side of water hazard/nont	tidal pond between holes 2 & 3. Flags
D1 to D8. Old beaver chew ob		
D. to Do. Old Boaver of low ob	served but no evidence of rec	ent acuvity.
HYDROLOCY		
HYDROLOGY Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		O
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	· check all that anniv	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Surface Water (A1)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
High Water Table (A2)	Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
Saturation (A3)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
Water Marks (B1)	Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roo	ts (C3) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6	
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	2 Outer (Explain in Nemarks)	☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
☑ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes No	X Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 8 inches	
Saturation Present? Yes X No (includes capillary fringe)	Depth (inches): 3 inches W	/etland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, moni	oring well, aerial photos, previous inspection	ns), if available:
Remarks:		
Remarks.		
2		
i i		

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants

/EGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific n	ames of pl	ants.		Sampling Point:5
		Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)		Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Blackgum (Nyssa sylvatica)		No	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:3 (A)
2. Sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua)		Yes	FAC	Total Number of Dominant
3. Persimmon (Diospyros virginiana)	10	No	FAC	Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
4. Red Maple (Acer rubrum)	15	Yes	FAC	Description of Description of Constitution
5. Tulip Poplar (Liriodendron tulipifera)	5	No	FACU	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3/3 = 100% (A/B)
6				
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
8				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	55%_	= Total Co	/er	OBL species x 1 = 17
50% of total cover:				FACW species x 2 = 60
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre)				FAC species x 3 =204
1. Sweetgum (Liquidambar styraciflua)	5	Yes	FAC	FACU species19 x 4 =76
2. Green Ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)		No	FACW	UPL species0 x 5 =0
3. Red Maple (Acer rubrum)		Yes	FAC	Column Totals:134 (A)357 (B)
4				2 66/179
5				Prevalence Index = B/A = 2.664179
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
8	15%			✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
F004 - 64 - 14		= Total Co		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
50% of total cover:	20% 0	t total cover	:	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre) 1. Tartarian Honeysuckle (Lonicera tatarica)	3	Ma	EACH	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
2. Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)		No	FACU	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3. Pokeweed (Phytolacca americana)		No	OBL	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
	3	No	FACU	Tree - Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or
4. Jack in the Pulpit (Arisaema triphyllum)	_ 10	No	FACW	more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
5. Skunk Cabbage (Symplocarpus foetidus)		No No	OBL	height,
6. Sensitive Fem (Onoclea sensibilis)	15	Yes	FACW	Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less
7. Japanese Honeysuckie (Lonicera japonica)	3	No_	FACU	than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
8				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
9				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
10				Woody vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
11.				height.
12				
	51%	= Total Co	ver	
50% of total cover:		f total cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 0.1 acre				
Poison Ivy (Toxicodendron radicans)	5	No	FAC	
2. Virginia Creeper (Parthenocissus quinquefolia)	5	No	FACU	
3. Common Greenbrier (Smilax rotundifolia)	3	No	FAC	
4				1
5.				1
	13%	= Total Co		Hydrophytic Vegetation
50% of total cover:		f total cove		Present? Yes X No No
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations b		- total cove	-	
The state of the s	GIUWJ.			

nches)	Matrix Color (moist)		Redox Features Color (moist) % Type¹ Loc²	Texture	Remarks
0-2"	Mucky Mineral	100	70 1400 200	Loam	Decomposing organic matter
2-8"	10YR4/2	100		Loam	
8-15"	10YR2/1	100		Loam	
Histosol Histic E Black H Hydrogo Stratifie Organic T cm M Deplete Thick D Coast F Sandy I	Indicators: (Applic	, T, U) RR P, T, U) e (A11)	educed Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. RRs, unless otherwise noted.) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T U) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Marl (F10) (LRR U) Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, Umbric Surface (F17) (MLRA 151) Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 151)	Indicators T, U)	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Muck (A9) (LRR O) Muck (A10) (LRR S) eed Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A) nont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, alous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) RA 153B) Parent Material (TF2) Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) (Explain in Remarks) cators of hydrophytic vegetation and tland hydrology must be present, less disturbed or problematic.
Stripped Dark Su			Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (M	•	
emarks:					