Western Maryland pH TMDLs for the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek Watersheds



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REVISED FINAL

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ACRONYMS

Al aluminum

AMD acid mine drainage or acidic mine discharge

ANC acid neutralizing capacity

BASINS Better Assessment Science Integrating Point and Nonpoint Sources

BOM Bureau of Mines
CaCO₃ calcium carbonate
CAIR Clean Air Interstate Rule
CFR Code of Federal Regulations

cfs cubic feet per second

Cl chloride CO₂ carbon dioxide

COMAR Code of Maryland Regulations
COOP Cooperative Observer Network

CWA Clean Water Act

DEM Digital Elevation Model
DMR discharge monitoring report
DOC dissolved organic carbon

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Fe iron

 $Fe(OH)_3$ ferric hydroxide Fe^{+2} ferrous iron Fe^{+3} ferric iron FeS_2 iron sulfide FA future allocation

GIS Geographical Information System

H⁺ hydrogen ion

HSPF Hydrologic Simulation Program FORTRAN

LA load allocation lb/yr pound per year

MDAS Mining Data Analysis System

MDE Maryland Department of the Environment

MDP Maryland Department of Planning

MGD million gallons per day mg/L milligrams per liter MOS margin of safety

MSTLAY Moisture Storage and Transport in Soil Layers

N nitrogen

NCDC NOAA's National Climatic Data Center

NH₃ ammonia

NH₄⁺ ionized ammonia

NHD National Hydrography Data

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NO₃ nitrate

NO_x nitrogen oxides

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

PCS Permit Compliance System
PSU Pennsylvania State University
SIC Standard Industrial Classification

SMCRA Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act

SO₂ sulfur dioxide

SO₄ sulfate

STATSGO State Soil Geographic Database

STORET EPA's STOrage and RETrieval water quality database

TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load

UNB Upper North Branch

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USGS U.S. Geological Survey WBAN Weather Bureau Army-Navy

WLA wasteload allocation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (US EPA) implementing regulations direct each State to identify and list waters, known as water quality limited segments (WQLSs), in which currently required controls of a specified substance are inadequate to achieve water quality standards (WQSs). For each WQLS, the State is to either establish a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) of the specified substance that the waterbody can receive without violating WQSs, or demonstrate that WQSs are being met (CFR 2007).

This TMDL is a revision of a previously approved TMDL. In the revision to the TMDL, discharges from the incorporation of two additional mining operations will increase flow and iron loading into the system without causing a violation of the pH water quality standard. Permit requirements ensure that discharges from these facilities do not violate pH water quality. Even though the iron loading associated with these facilities will increase the TMDL and WLA, for the streams in which they discharge, it will not result in any changes to the pH. The areas of interest for these TMDLs are the watersheds of the Casselman River, Georges Creek, the Savage River, the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek. All five watersheds are in western Maryland; however, the headwaters of Wills Creek are in Pennsylvania and portions of the Casselman River flow through both Maryland and Pennsylvania. The Casselman River eventually flows into the Youghiogheny River. Georges Creek, the Savage River, and Wills Creek are all tributaries to the North Branch of the Potomac River. The Upper North Branch of the Potomac flows along the southern edge of Maryland and into the South Branch of the Potomac River, which eventually flows to the Potomac River and the Chesapeake Bay. The watershed area is dominated by forest (72 percent) and agriculture (19 percent). Urban land use accounts for less than 5 percent of the total watershed area and is mostly concentrated near rivers and other waterbodies.

The Casselman River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 05020204) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002/2004 listing) and low pH (1996 listing). The Georges Creek 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141004) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002 listing) and low pH (1998 listing). The Savage River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141006) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2004/2006 listing). The Upper North Branch of the Potomac River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141005) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2004 listing) and low pH (1996 listing). The Wills Creek 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141003) was identified on Maryland's section 303(d) list of impaired surface waters as impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002 listing) and nutrients (1996 listing). In addition to the 8-digit basin listings for low pH there are several 12-digit basin listings for low pH in Georges Creek, the Upper North Branch Potomac River, and Wills Creek. All low pH listings are displayed in Table ES-1. The Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) conducted a survey in all basins with pH listings in 2005 to monitor stream segments with the potential to be impaired and identified 52 that fall within the five watersheds assessed in this TMDL as being impaired (Table ES-2) due to atmospheric deposition, acid mine drainage (AMD), or if a source was not determined through the assessment process, as having episodic or chronic acidification. Upon approval, this document establishes TMDLs of low pH in the 52 impaired stream segments that will address the low pH listings found in Table ES-1.

Maryland's water quality standards require the water quality in the five impaired watersheds to support their designated uses. The mainstem of the Casselman River is designated as use IV—Recreational Trout Waters (COMAR 26.08.02.08S(5)). The mainstem of Georges Creek and the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River is designated as Use I-P—Water Contact Recreation, and Protection of Nontidal Warm Water Aquatic Life, and Public Water Supply (Code of Maryland Regulations [COMAR] 26.08.02.08R(1)(a) and (b)). The mainstem of Savage River is designated Use III-P – Natural Trout Waters and Public Water Supply (COMAR 26.08.02.08R(4)). The mainstem of Wills Creek is designated as use IV-P—Recreational Trout Waters and Public Water Supply (COMAR

26.08.02.08R(6)(a)). All remaining tributaries not listed are designated as Use I – Water Contact Recreation, and Protection of Nontidal Warm Water Aquatic Life (COMAR 26.08.02.07A). The numeric criteria for pH for all the above designated uses requires that pH values not be less than 6.5 or greater than 8.5 (COMAR 26.08.02.03-3(B)(1), (E)(2)(a), (F)(4) and (G)(1)).

Table ES-1. pH 303(d) listed waterbodies in the TMDL area

| 8-digit basin name | 8-digit basin code | 12-digit basin name | 12-digit basin code | Impairment | Impairment category | 303(d) List |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Casselman River | 05020204 | - | - | рН | рН | 1996 |
| | | - | - | рН | рН | 1998 |
| Georges Creek | 02141004 | Tributary of Sand Spring Run | 021410040094 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| Georges Greek | 02141004 | Tributary of Georges Creek | 021410040088 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| | | Staub Run | 021410040092 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| Savage River | 2141006 | Aarons Run | 021410060075 | pH (AMD) | рН | 2004 |
| Upper North Branch | 02141005 | - | - | pH (AMD) | рН | 1996 |
| Potomac River | 02141005 | Three Forks Run | 021410050048 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run - Mt Savage | 021410030098 | рН | рН | 2006 |
| Wills Creek | 2141003 | Jennings Run | 021410030099 pH | | рН | 2006 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run | 021410030099 | рН | рН | 2006 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run | 021410030099 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |

Table ES-2. Impaired stream segments in the western Maryland watersheds

| Basin | Station | Station code | Stream segment | pH source assessment |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|---|---------------------------|
| Casselman River | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | Episodic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | Episodic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman | AMD |
| Casselman River | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | Unnamed tributary to North Branch Casselman | Chronic acidification |

Table ES-2. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Stream segment | pH source assessment |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---|---------------------------|
| Casselman River | WM-151 | UNA0015 | Unnamed tributary to North Branch Casselman | Chronic acidification |
| | WM-155 | LSR0015 | | |
| Casselman River | asseman River VVIVI-155 | | Little Shade Run Unnamed tributary to Georges | Chronic acidification |
| Georges Creek | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-113 | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | Episodic acidification |
| 0 0 1 | 14/14/14/14 | 1110000 | Unnamed tributary to Jackson | |
| Georges Creek | WM-118 | UJB0000 | Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-122 | UMD0000 | Unnamed tributary to Moores Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | AMD |
| | | | Unnamed tributary (to Savage | AMD and acidic |
| Savage River | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | R.) above Aaron Run | deposition |
| Savage River | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | AMD |
| Savage River | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Savage River | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Unnamed tributary to Aaron Run | AMD |
| Savage River | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | Chronic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-96 | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | Episodic acidification |
| Upper North Branch | VVIVI-97 | 1 01 007 1 | 1 opiai Liek itali | AMD and acidic |
| (UNB) Potomac | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | AMD |
| UND FOLUMAC | VVIVI-40 | KIFUUUS | Right Florig Three Forks Run | AMD and acidic |
| UNB Potomac | WM-50 | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | deposition |
| | | | | AMD and acidic |
| UNB Potomac | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Unnamed tributary to Three Forks Run | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | Episodic acidification |
| UNB Potomac | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | AMD |
| 5.12 · 0.011100 | 7 01 | | Unnamed tributary to Laurel Run | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-62 | ULF0003 | (LNB) | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| J. ID I Oldingo | 71111 01 | 20010 | Total Forig Localita (Val) | AMD and acidic |
| UNB Potomac | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| OND FOIDING | VVIVI-US | GLNUUJI | Unnamed tributary to Jennings | ueposition |
| Wills Creek | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | AMD |

| | | | Unnamed tributary to Jennings | |
|-------------|-------|---------|-------------------------------|-----|
| Wills Creek | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | AMD |
| | | | Unnamed tributary to Jennings | |
| Wills Creek | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Run | AMD |
| Wills Creek | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | AMD |
| | | | Unnamed tributary to Jennings | |
| Wills Creek | WM-41 | UJH0011 | Run | AMD |

A TMDL for a given pollutant and waterbody is composed of the sum of individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources and natural background levels. In addition, the TMDL must include an implicit or explicit margin of safety (MOS) to account for the uncertainty in the relationship between pollutant loads and the quality of the receiving waterbody and may include a future allocation (FA) component. The TMDL components are illustrated using the following equation:

$$TMDL = \Sigma WLAs + \Sigma LAs + MOS + FA$$

In TMDL development, allowable loadings from pollutant sources are determined, the sum of which amounts to a cumulative TMDL threshold, thus providing a quantitative basis for establishing water quality-based controls. To address pH impairments, chemical species that affect pH (such as sulfate, iron, aluminum, nitrate, and ammonium) were reduced in the model simulation to raise the pH above 6.5.

For this TMDL, the Mining Data Analysis System (MDAS) was used to represent the source-response linkage for pH. MDAS is a comprehensive data management and modeling system capable of representing loads from nonpoint and point sources in the watershed and simulating in-stream processes.

MDAS model simulation for a multiyear period inherently accounts for seasonal variation—a required component of TMDLs. Continuous simulation represents both hydrologic and source loading variability seasonally. In addition, the model takes critical conditions into account through dynamic model simulation (i.e., using the model to predict conditions over a long period of time that represents wet, dry, and average flow periods).

A total allowable TMDL loading was determined from these reductions. WLAs were assigned to eight permitted facilities that discharge to waters in impaired stream segments. An explicit MOS of five percent of the total TMDL was subtracted from the total TMDL to obtain the LAs. The LAs include nonpoint sources such as atmospheric deposition and AMD. A summary of annual LAs for the subwatersheds addressed in this report is presented in Table ES-3. Table ES-4 presents the percent reduction of each parameter betweent the baseline and TMDL loadings. Daily maximum loads are presented in full in Section 5 (Table 5-2) of this report. The state reserves the right to revise these allocations provided that the allocations are consistent with the achievement of water quality standards.

Table ES-3. TMDL summary for iron, aluminum, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium yearly loads

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | LA | 1,447 | 1,064 | 31,932 | 3,480 | 1,037 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 85 | 63 | 1,878 | 205 | 61 |
| | | | Meadow | FA | 170 | 125 | 3,757 | 409 | 122 |
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Run | Total | 1,703 | 1,251 | 37,567 | 4,094 | 1,220 |
| | | | | LA | 14 | 26 | 840 | 83 | 18 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Little | MOS | 1 | 2 | 49 | 5 | 1 |
| | | | Laurel | FA | 2 | 3 | 99 | 10 | 2 |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Run | Total | 16 | 30 | 989 | 97 | 21 |
| | | | | LA | 150 | 217 | 7,252 | 1,205 | 286 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 9 | 13 | 427 | 71 | 17 |
| | | | Spiker | FA | 18 | 26 | 853 | 142 | 34 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Run | Total | 177 | 255 | 8,532 | 1,417 | 337 |
| | | | | LA | 278 | 519 | 18,962 | 1,329 | 291 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Little | MOS | 16 | 31 | 1,115 | 78 | 17 |
| | WM- | | Laurel | FA | 33 | 61 | 2,231 | 156 | 34 |
| CR | 141 ^a | LLR0009 | Run | Total | 327 | 610 | 22,308 | 1,564 | 342 |
| | | | North Branch | LA | 16,981 | 12,882 | 234,888 | 8,859 | 2,190 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 999 | 758 | 13,817 | 521 | 129 |
| | WM- | | Casselm | FA | 1,998 | 1,516 | 27,634 | 1,042 | 258 |
| CR | 142 ^b | NBC0072 | an River | Total | 19,977 | 15,156 | 276,339 | 10,423 | 2,577 |
| | | | | LA | 703 | 1,310 | 46,958 | 1,775 | 389 |
| | | | Cauth | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | South Branch | MOS | 41 | 77 | 2,762 | 104 | 23 |
| | | | Casselm | FA | 83 | 154 | 5,524 | 209 | 46 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | an River | Total | 827 | 1,541 | 55,244 | 2,088 | 457 |
| | | | | LA | 57 | 100 | 4,394 | 479 | 96 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 3 | 6 | 258 | 28 | 6 |
| | | | Alexande | FA | 7 | 12 | 517 | 56 | 11 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | r Run | Total | 67 | 118 | 5,169 | 563 | 112 |
| | | | | LA | 13,131 | 7,907 | 55,999 | 5,232 | 1,347 |
| | | | Nowth | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | North Branch | MOS | 772 | 465 | 3,294 | 308 | 79 |
| | WM- | | Casselm | FA | 1,545 | 930 | 6,588 | 616 | 159 |
| CR | 145 ^c | NBC0090 | an River | Total | 15,448 | 9,302 | 65,881 | 6,156 | 1,585 |
| | | | | LA | 57 | 103 | 4,129 | 376 | 78 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 3 | 6 | 243 | 22 | 5 |
| | | | Tarkiln | FA | 7 | 12 | 486 | 44 | 9 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Run | Total | 67 | 122 | 4,857 | 443 | 92 |

| Basin | S-3. (cont | Station | Station | TMDL | Iron | Aluminum | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammonium |
|-------|------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| | | code | name | fraction | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) |
| | | | | LA | 543 | 561 | 19,108 | 3,089 | 803 |
| | | Valley | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Pleasant | MOS | 32 | 33 | 1,124 | 182 | 47 |
| | | | | FA | 64 | 66 | 2,248 | 363 | 94 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Run | Total | 639 | 660 | 22,480 | 3,634 | 944 |
| | | | | LA | 2,543 | 1,900 | 31,737 | 4,036 | 1,049 |
| | | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Branch | MOS | 150 | 112 | 1,867 | 237 | 62 |
| | WM- | | Casselm | FA | 299 | 224 | 3,734 | 475 | 123 |
| CR | 148 ^d | NBC0106 | an River | Total | 2,992 | 2,236 | 37,338 | 4,748 | 1,234 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 381 | 364 | 11,991 | 824 | 217 |
| | | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Branch | MOS | 22 | 21 | 705 | 48 | 13 |
| | | | Casselm | FA | 45 | 43 | 1,411 | 97 | 26 |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | an River | Total | 449 | 428 | 14,107 | 969 | 255 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 261 | 346 | 14,022 | 1,685 | 394 |
| | | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Branch Casselm | MOS | 15 | 20 | 825 | 99 | 23 |
| | | | | FA | 31 | 41 | 1,650 | 198 | 46 |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | an River | Total | 307 | 407 | 16,496 | 1,982 | 464 |
| | | | Little | LA | 239 | 409 | 19,996 | 1,824 | 383 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 14 | 24 | 1,176 | 107 | 23 |
| | | | Shade | FA | 28 | 48 | 2,352 | 215 | 45 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Run | Total | 282 | 481 | 23,525 | 2,145 | 451 |
| | | | | LA | 1,100 | 501 | 3,242 | 3,891 | 1,514 |
| | | | | WLA | 3.20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 65 | 29 | 191 | 229 | 89 |
| | | | Georges | FA | 130 | 59 | 381 | 458 | 178 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | Total | 1,298 | 590 | 3,814 | 4,578 | 1,781 |
| | | | | LA | 5,419 | 3,229 | 18,852 | 2,181 | 899 |
| | | | | WLA | 19,693 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 1,477 | 190 | 1,109 | 128 | 53 |
| | | | | FA | 2,954 | 380 | 2,218 | 257 | 106 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | Total | 29,541 | 3,799 | 22,179 | 2,566 | 1,057 |
| | | | | LA | 11,446 | 5,122 | 40,857 | 8,231 | 4,101 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 673 | 301 | 2,403 | 484 | 241 |
| | WM- | | Jackson | FA | 1,347 | 603 | 4,807 | 968 | 482 |
| GC | 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Run | Total | 13,466 | 6,026 | 48,067 | 9,683 | 4,824 |
| | | | | LA | 2,038 | 1,049 | 9,593 | 3,084 | 1,778 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 120 | 62 | 564 | 181 | 105 |
| | | | Matthew | FA | 240 | 123 | 1,129 | 363 | 209 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Run | Total | 2,397 | 1,234 | 11,286 | 3,628 | 2,091 |

| Basin | S-3. (cont Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) | | |
|-------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | LA | 314 | 728 | 3,533 | 210 | 81 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 18 | 43 | 208 | 12 | 5 | | |
| | | | Staub | FA | 37 | 86 | 416 | 25 | 9 | | |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Run | Total | 369 | 856 | 4,156 | 247 | 95 | | |
| | | | | | | LA | 1,282 | 667 | 6,427 | 2,081 | 1,177 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 75 | 39 | 378 | 122 | 69 | | |
| | | | Jackson | FA | 151 | 78 | 756 | 245 | 138 | | |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | Run | Total | 1,509 | 785 | 7,561 | 2,448 | 1,384 | | |
| | | | | LA | 14,197 | 6,581 | 43,974 | 9,759 | 6,363 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 6.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 835 | 387 | 2,587 | 574 | 374 | | |
| | WM- | | Winebre | FA | 1,671 | 774 | 5,173 | 1,148 | 749 | | |
| GC | 119 ^f | WBN0002 | nner Run | Total | 16,709 | 7,742 | 51,734 | 11,482 | 7,486 | | |
| | | | | LA | 3,392 | 1,716 | 15,183 | 4,189 | 2,437 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 200 | 101 | 893 | 246 | 143 | | |
| | | | Winebre | FA | 399 | 202 | 1,786 | 493 | 287 | | |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | nner Run | Total | 3,990 | 2,019 | 17,862 | 4,929 | 2,867 | | |
| | | | | LA | 5,221 | 2,295 | 17,304 | 3,573 | 1,316 | | |
| | | | UT to Moores | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 307 | 135 | 1,018 | 210 | 77 | | |
| | | | | FA | 614 | 270 | 2,036 | 420 | 155 | | |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | Run | Total | 6,142 | 2,700 | 20,358 | 4,203 | 1,548 | | |
| | | | | LA | 8,980 | 3,903 | 31,370 | 3,937 | 1,455 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 528 | 230 | 1,845 | 232 | 86 | | |
| | | | Jackson | FA | 1,056 | 459 | 3,691 | 463 | 171 | | |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Run | Total | 10,564 | 4,592 | 36,906 | 4,632 | 1,712 | | |
| | | | | LA | 1,724 | 3,031 | 98,993 | 5,414 | 964 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | Th | MOS | 101 | 178 | 5,823 | 318 | 57 | | |
| | | | Three Forks | FA | 203 | 357 | 11,646 | 637 | 113 | | |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Run | Total | 2,028 | 3,566 | 116,463 | 6,370 | 1,134 | | |
| | | | 1 10 | LA | 18,911 | 35,795 | 1,042,429 | 12,179 | 2,257 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 1,112 | 2,106 | 61,319 | 716 | 133 | | |
| | | | Wolfden | FA | 2,225 | 4,211 | 122,639 | 1,433 | 266 | | |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Run | Total | 22,248 | 42,112 | 1,226,387 | 14,328 | 2,655 | | |
| | V V I V I TO | *************************************** | TAIT | LA | 1,246 | 2,031 | 59,693 | 3,440 | 637 | | |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | | | MOS | 73 | 119 | 3,511 | 202 | 37 | | |
| | | | Entre 1 | FA | 147 | 239 | · | 405 | | | |
| DD | \\\\\\ 45 | EKI 0003 | Elklick | | | | 7,023 | | 75 | | |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Run | Total | 1,466 | 2,389 | 70,228 | 4,047 | 749 | | |

| Basin | Station | Station | Station | TMDL | Iron | Aluminum | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammonium |
|-------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|
| | | code | name | fraction | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) |
| | | | Right | LA | 1,372 | 3,625 | 1,244,350 | 6,618 | 1,302 |
| | | | Prong | WLA | 0.46 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Three | MOS | 81 | 213 | 73,197 | 389 | 77 |
| DD | 14/14 40 | DTEGGG | Forks | FA | 162 | 426 | 146,394 | 779 | 153 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Run | Total | 1,615 | 4,264 | 1,463,941 | 7,786 | 1,531 |
| | | | LA | 9,054 | 17,448 | 517,583 | 13,196 | 2,443 | |
| | | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Prong | MOS | 533 | 1,026 | 30,446 | 776 | 144 |
| | | | Lostland | FA | 1,065 | 2,053 | 60,892 | 1,552 | 287 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | Run | Total | 10,651 | 20,528 | 608,921 | 15,524 | 2,874 |
| | | | | LA | 2,890 | 5,586 | 161,641 | 6,438 | 1,201 |
| | | | South | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Prong | MOS | 170 | 329 | 9,508 | 379 | 71 |
| | | | Lostland | FA | 340 | 657 | 19,017 | 757 | 141 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Run | Total | 3,400 | 6,572 | 190,166 | 7,574 | 1,412 |
| | | | | LA | 3,893 | 7,348 | 1,345,541 | 12,055 | 2,270 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Three | MOS | 229 | 432 | 79,149 | 709 | 134 |
| | | | Forks | FA | 458 | 864 | 158,299 | 1,418 | 267 |
| PR | WM-54 TFR0016 | 6 Run | Total | 4,580 | 8,644 | 1,582,989 | 14,182 | 2,670 | |
| | | | UT to Three | LA | 434 | 1,435 | 470,712 | 650 | 118 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 26 | 84 | 27,689 | 38 | 7 |
| | | | Forks | FA | 51 | 169 | 55,378 | 76 | 14 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Run | Total | 510 | 1,688 | 553,779 | 765 | 139 |
| | | | | LA | 3,616 | 8,451 | 247,332 | 2,727 | 474 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 213 | 497 | 14,549 | 160 | 28 |
| | | | Short | FA | 425 | 994 | 29,098 | 321 | 56 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Run | Total | 4,254 | 9,942 | 290,979 | 3,208 | 558 |
| | | | | LA | 7,765 | 7,296 | 91,327 | 4,205 | 790 |
| | | | | WLA | 9.14 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 457 | 429 | 5,372 | 247 | 46 |
| | | | Laurel | FA | 915 | 858 | 10,744 | 495 | 93 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Run | Total | 9,147 | 8,583 | 107,443 | 4,946 | 929 |
| | | | | LA | 7,700 | 7,060 | 21,740 | 3,777 | 706 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | LIT 4a | MOS | 453 | 415 | 1,279 | 222 | 42 |
| | | | UT to Laurel | FA | 906 | 831 | 2,558 | 444 | 83 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | Run | Total | 9,059 | 8,306 | 25,576 | 4,444 | 830 |
| | - | | | LA | 5,782 | 11,265 | 326,461 | 8,792 | 1,644 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | North | MOS | 340 | 663 | 19,204 | 517 | 97 |
| | | | Prong Lostland | FA | 680 | 1,325 | 38,407 | 1,034 | 193 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Run | Total | 6,803 | 13,253 | 384,072 | 10,344 | 1,934 |
| | V V IVI-O-T | 141 20010 | TXIII | I Utal | 0,003 | 13,233 | JU+,U1Z | 10,344 | 1,534 |

| Basin | S-3. (cont | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | LA | 1,685 | 2,728 | 76,171 | 1,672 | 317 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 99 | 160 | 4,481 | 98 | 19 |
| | | | Laurel | FA | 198 | 321 | 8,961 | 197 | 37 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Run | Total | 1,982 | 3,209 | 89,612 | 1,967 | 373 |
| | | | | LA | 3,312 | 6,264 | 177,803 | 4,271 | 808 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 195 | 368 | 10,459 | 251 | 48 |
| | | | Glade | FA | 390 | 737 | 20,918 | 502 | 95 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Run | Total | 3,896 | 7,369 | 209,180 | 5,024 | 950 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 910 | 1,615 | 74,432 | 2,248 | 364 |
| | | | Savage | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | River above | MOS | 54 | 95 | 4,378 | 132 | 21 |
| | | | Aaron | FA | 107 | 190 | 8,757 | 265 | 43 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Run | Total | 1,071 | 1,899 | 87,567 | 2,645 | 428 |
| | | | | LA | 684 | 2,048 | 953,471 | 2,392 | 415 |
| | | | | WLA | 420.36 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 65 | 120 | 56,087 | 141 | 24 |
| | | | Aaron | FA | 130 | 241 | 112,173 | 281 | 49 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Run | Total | 1,299 | 2,409 | 1,121,730 | 2,814 | 488 |
| | | | | LA | 32,714 | 25,425 | 106,854 | 2,625 | 490 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | Pine | MOS | 1,924 | 1,496 | 6,286 | 154 | 29 |
| | | | Swamp | FA | 3,849 | 2,991 | 12,571 | 309 | 58 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run | Total | 38,487 | 29,912 | 125,710 | 3,088 | 576 |
| | | | | LA | 41 | 122 | 52,643 | 231 | 42 |
| | | | | WLA | 18.28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 3 | 7 | 3,097 | 14 | 2 |
| | | | Aaron | FA | 7 | 14 | 6,193 | 27 | 5 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Run | Total | 70 | 143 | 61,932 | 271 | 50 |
| | | | | LA | 73 | 106 | 23,511 | 765 | 117 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 4 | 6 | 1,383 | 45 | 7 |
| | | | Miller | FA | 9 | 12 | 2,766 | 90 | 14 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Run | Total | 86 | 125 | 27,660 | 901 | 138 |
| | | | | LA | 20 | 35 | 2,392 | 163 | 28 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 1 | 2 | 141 | 10 | 2 |
| | | | | FA | 2 | 4 | 281 | 19 | 3 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | Total | 23 | 41 | 2,814 | 192 | 33 |
| _ | | | | LA | 109,634 | 100,322 | 42,278 | 4,169 | 839 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 6,449 | 5,901 | 2,487 | 245 | 49 |
| | | | Little | FA | 12,898 | 11,803 | 4,974 | 490 | 99 |
| | | | Savage | _ | 128,98 | | | | |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | Total | 1 | 118,026 | 49,738 | 4,905 | 987 |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | Iron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | code | Haine | LA | 24.065 | | 54.720 | | 637 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 7,368 0.00 | 0.00 | 3,148 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | MOS | 1,416 | 433 | 3,219 | 185 | 37 |
| 0.0 | 14/14 00j | DODOOS | Poplar | FA | 2,831 | 867 | 6,438 | 370 | 75 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Lick Run | Total | 28,312 | 8,668 | 64,377 | 3,703 | 749 |
| | | | | LA | 23,514 | 7,091 | 24,521 | 2,400 | 496 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 1,383 | 417 | 1,442 | 141 | 29 |
| | | | Poplar | FA | 2,766 | 834 | 2,885 | 282 | 58 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Lick Run | Total | 27,664 | 8,342 | 28,848 | 2,823 | 583 |
| | | | | LA | 113 | 269 | 1,285 | 859 | 568 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 7 | 16 | 76 | 51 | 33 |
| | | | Jennings | FA | 13 | 32 | 151 | 101 | 67 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | Total | 133 | 317 | 1,511 | 1,011 | 668 |
| | | | | LA | 184 | 438 | 785 | 5,081 | 2,823 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 11 | 26 | 46 | 299 | 166 |
| | | | Jennings | FA | 22 | 52 | 92 | 598 | 332 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | Total | 217 | 516 | 923 | 5,978 | 3,321 |
| | | | | LA | 251 | 616 | 3,366 | 2,012 | 1,145 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | UT to | MOS | 15 | 36 | 198 | 118 | 67 |
| | | | Jennings | FA | 30 | 72 | 396 | 237 | 135 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Run | Total | 295 | 725 | 3,960 | 2,367 | 1,347 |
| | | | | LA | 1,449 | 21,705 | 15,338 | 7,499 | 4,691 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 85 | 1,277 | 902 | 441 | 276 |
| | | | Jennings | FA | 170 | 2,554 | 1,804 | 882 | 552 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Run | Total | 1,704 | 25,535 | 18,044 | 8,823 | 5,519 |
| | | | TAULI | LA | 304 | 735 | 2,198 | 6,896 | 4,027 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | MOS | 18 | 43 | 129 | 406 | 237 |
| | | | UT to | FA | 36 | 86 | 259 | 811 | 474 |
| WC | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | Jennings Run | Total | 358 | 865 | 2,585 | 8,113 | 4,738 |

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.
b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

c WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148. d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125. WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

^h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

¹ WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

Table ES-4. Comparison between baseline loads and TMDLs (lb/yr)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) | |
|----------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | | | | Baseline | 18,918 | 13,749 | 446,478 | 7,006 | 1,116 | |
| | WM- | | Meadow | TMDL | 1,703 | 1,251 | 37,567 | 4,094 | 1,220 | |
| CR | 135 | MDW0008 | Run | % reduction | 91.0 | 90.9 | 91.6 | 41.6 | -9.3 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 407 | 741 | 25,450 | 169 | 22 | |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 16 | 30 | 989 | 97 | 21 | |
| CR | 137 | LLR0024 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 42.4 | 3.4 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 4,413 | 6,206 | 222,637 | 2,431 | 335 | |
| | WM- | | | TMDL | 177 | 255 | 8,532 | 1,417 | 337 | |
| CR | 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.2 | 41.7 | -0.6 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 4,843 | 8,912 | 339,676 | 2,698 | 350 | |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 327 | 610 | 22,308 | 1,564 | 342 | |
| CR | 141 ^a | LLR0009 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 93.3 | 93.2 | 93.4 | 42.1 | 2.4 | |
| | | | North | Baseline | 153,336 | 103,684 | 1,534,917 | 17,972 | 2,530 | |
| | WM- | | Branch Casselman | TMDL | 19,977 | 15,156 | 276,339 | 10,423 | 2,577 | |
| CR | 142 ^b | NBC0072 | River | % reduction | 87.0 | 85.4 | 82.0 | 42.0 | -1.9 | |
| | | | South | Baseline | 6,360 | 11,769 | 438,472 | 3,608 | 467 | |
| | WM- | | Branch Casselman | TMDL | 827 | 1,541 | 55,244 | 2,088 | 457 | |
| CR | 143 | SCA0067 | River | % reduction | 87.0 | 86.9 | 87.4 | 42.1 | 2.1 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 1,664 | 2,874 | 133,586 | 976 | 118 | |
| | WM- | | Alexander | TMDL | 67 | 118 | 5,169 | 563 | 112 | |
| CR | 144 | ALE0011 | Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 42.3 | 4.5 | |
| | | | | North | Baseline | 140,678 | 87,295 | 883,295 | 10,639 | 1,535 |
| | WM- | | Branch | TMDL | 15,448 | 9,302 | 65,881 | 6,156 | 1,585 | |
| CR | 145 ^c | NBC0090 | Casselman River | % reduction | 89.0 | 89.3 | 92.5 | 42.1 | -3.3 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 1,337 | 2,383 | 100,347 | 767 | 95 | |
| | WM- | | | TMDL | 67 | 122 | 4,857 | 443 | 92 | |
| CR | 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | % reduction | 95.0 | 94.9 | 95.2 | 42.3 | 3.4 | |
| | | | | Baseline | 12,783 | 12,904 | 473,756 | 6,278 | 921 | |
| | WM- | | Pleasant | TMDL | 639 | 660 | 22,480 | 3,634 | 944 | |
| CR | 147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | % reduction | 95.0 | 94.9 | 95.3 | 42.1 | -2.5 | |
| | | | North | Baseline | 27,440 | 23,128 | 614,050 | 8,201 | 1,198 | |
| | 10/04 | | Branch | TMDL | 2,992 | 2,236 | 37,338 | 4,748 | 1,234 | |
| CR | WM- 148 ^d | NBC0106 | Casselman River | % reduction | 89.1 | 90.3 | 93.9 | 42.1 | -3.0 | |
| <u> </u> | | | UT to | Baseline | 4,078 | 3,854 | 135,434 | 1,667 | 243 | |
| | | | North | TMDL | 449 | 428 | 14,107 | 969 | 255 | |
| | 10/04 | | Branch | | | | , | | 200 | |
| CR | WM- 149 | ZWN0003 | Casselman River | % reduction | 89.0 | 88.9 | 89.6 | 41.9 | -4.9 | |
| OIX | 170 | ZVVINUUU3 | UT to | Baseline | 5,118 | 6,665 | 290,909 | 3,385 | 463 | |
| | | | North | TMDL | 307 | 407 | 16,496 | 1,982 | 464 | |
| | | | Branch | TIVIDL | 307 | 407 | 10,490 | 1,902 | 404 | |
| CR | WM- 151 | UNA0015 | Casselman River | % reduction | 94.0 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 41.4 | -0.1 | |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 4,023 | 6,765 | 350,629 | 3,703 | 474 |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 282 | 481 | 23,525 | 2,145 | 451 |
| CR | 155 | LSR0015 | Shade Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.9 | 93.3 | 42.1 | 5.0 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 129,493 | 55,271 | 390,267 | 8,422 | 1,875 |
| | WM- | | Georges | TMDL | 1,298 | 590 | 3,814 | 4,578 | 1,781 |
| GC | 110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.0 | 45.6 | 5.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 183,816 | 62,592 | 376,323 | 4,901 | 1,094 |
| | | | | TMDL | 29,541 | 3,799 | 22,179 | 2,566 | 1,057 |
| GC | WM- 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | % reduction | 83.9 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 47.7 | 3.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 162,017 | 71,420 | 601,487 | 19,636 | 4,856 |
| | WM- | | Jackson | TMDL | 13,466 | 6,026 | 48,067 | 9,683 | 4,824 |
| GC | 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Run | % reduction | 91.7 | 91.6 | 92.0 | 50.7 | 0.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 34,248 | 16,648 | 177,755 | 7,842 | 2,074 |
| | WM- | | Matthew | TMDL | 2,397 | 1,234 | 11,286 | 3,628 | 2,091 |
| GC | 116 | MTH0000 | Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.6 | 93.7 | 53.7 | -0.8 |
| | | | | Baseline | 947 | 2,194 | 11,067 | 447 | 98 |
| | WM- | | | TMDL | 369 | 856 | 4,156 | 247 | 95 |
| GC | 117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | % reduction | 61.0 | 61.0 | 62.4 | 44.8 | 3.5 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 21,552 | 10,589 | 118,776 | 5,245 | 1,380 |
| | WM- | | Jackson | TMDL | 1,509 | 785 | 7,561 | 2,448 | 1,384 |
| GC | 118 | UJB0000 | Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.6 | 93.6 | 53.3 | -0.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 147,676 | 67,600 | 551,187 | 26,146 | 7,197 |
| | WM- | | Winebrenn | TMDL | 16,709 | 7,742 | 51,734 | 11,482 | 7,486 |
| GC | 119 ^f | WBN0002 | er Run | % reduction | 88.7 | 88.5 | 90.6 | 56.1 | -4.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 49,875 | 24,016 | 246,232 | 10,634 | 2,831 |
| | WM- | | Winebrenn | TMDL | 3,990 | 2,019 | 17,862 | 4,929 | 2,867 |
| GC | 120 | WBN0010 | er Run | % reduction | 92.0 | 91.6 | 92.7 | 53.7 | -1.3 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 102,371 | 44,034 | 345,645 | 7,616 | 1,663 |
| | WM- | | Moores | TMDL | 6,142 | 2,700 | 20,358 | 4,203 | 1,548 |
| GC | 122 | UMD0000 | Run | % reduction | 94.0 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 44.8 | 6.9 |
| | | | | Baseline | 105,641 | 45,276 | 376,171 | 8,361 | 1,840 |
| | WM- | | Jackson | TMDL | 10,564 | 4,592 | 36,906 | 4,632 | 1,712 |
| GC | 125 | JAC0006 | Run | % reduction | 90.0 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 44.6 | 7.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 15,601 | 27,332 | 934,941 | 10,959 | 1,160 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 2,028 | 3,566 | 116,463 | 6,370 | 1,134 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Forks Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.5 | 41.9 | 2.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 34,228 | 64,855 | 1,966,367 | 24,607 | 2,675 |
| | | | Wolfden | TMDL | 22,248 | 42,112 | 1,226,387 | 14,328 | 2,655 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Run | % reduction | 35.0 | 35.1 | 37.6 | 41.8 | 0.7 |
| | | | | Baseline | 11,278 | 18,314 | 563,696 | 6,981 | 756 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,466 | 2,389 | 70,228 | 4,047 | 749 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.5 | 42.0 | 0.9 |
| | | | Right | Baseline | 17,942 | 46,735 | 16,299,485 | 13,598 | 1,493 |
| | | | Prong | TMDL | 1,615 | 4,264 | 1,463,941 | 7,786 | 1,531 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Three Forks Run | % reduction | 91.0 | 90.9 | 91.0 | 42.7 | -2.6 |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | North | Baseline | 36,322 | 70,015 | 2,161,796 | 26,678 | 2,899 |
| | | | Prong | TMDL | 10,651 | 20,528 | 608,921 | 15,524 | 2,874 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | Lostland Run | % reduction | 70.7 | 70.7 | 71.8 | 41.8 | 0.9 |
| | | | South | Baseline | 17,893 | 34,529 | 1,043,066 | 13,032 | 1,421 |
| | | | Prong Lostland | TMDL | 3,400 | 6,572 | 190,166 | 7,574 | 1,412 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Run | % reduction | 81.0 | 81.0 | 81.8 | 41.9 | 0.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 36,076 | 76,266 | 17,241,555 | 24,603 | 2,658 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 4,580 | 8,644 | 1,582,989 | 14,182 | 2,670 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Forks Run | % reduction | 87.3 | 88.7 | 90.8 | 42.4 | -0.5 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 1,759 | 5,812 | 1,913,004 | 1,328 | 137 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 510 | 1,688 | 553,779 | 765 | 139 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Forks Run | % reduction | 71.0 | 70.9 | 71.1 | 42.4 | -1.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 7,878 | 18,423 | 557,151 | 5,508 | 567 |
| | | | | TMDL | 4,254 | 9,942 | 290,979 | 3,208 | 558 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | % reduction | 46.0 | 46.0 | 47.8 | 41.8 | 1.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 303,540 | 281,473 | 2,511,018 | 8,608 | 907 |
| | | | | TMDL | 9,147 | 8,583 | 107,443 | 4,946 | 929 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 97.0 | 95.7 | 42.5 | -2.5 |
| | | | | Baseline | 301,955 | 276,000 | 871,252 | 7,731 | 810 |
| | | | UT to | TMDL | 9,059 | 8,306 | 25,576 | 4,444 | 830 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 97.0 | 97.1 | 42.5 | -2.5 |
| | | | North Prong | Baseline | 24,296 | 47,302 | 1,429,071 | 17,778 | 1,944 |
| | | | Lostland | TMDL | 6,803 | 13,253 | 384,072 | 10,344 | 1,934 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Run | % reduction | 72.0 | 72.0 | 73.1 | 41.8 | 0.5 |
| | | | | Baseline | 5,663 | 9,167 | 266,851 | 3,387 | 374 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,982 | 3,209 | 89,612 | 1,967 | 373 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 65.0 | 65.0 | 66.4 | 41.9 | 0.1 |
| | | | | Baseline | 12,175 | 23,024 | 681,250 | 8,640 | 952 |
| | | 0. 5000 | | TMDL | 3,896 | 7,369 | 209,180 | 5,024 | 950 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | % reduction | 68.0 | 68.0 | 69.3 | 41.9 | 0.1 |
| | | | UT to Savage | Baseline | 8,238 | 14,590 | 694,782 | 4,390 | 457 |
| | | | River | TMDL | 1,071 | 1,899 | 87,567 | 2,645 | 428 |
| | | | above | | | | | | |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.4 | 39.7 | 6.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 8,340 | 21,686 | 10,089,103 | 4,758 | 496 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,299 | 2,409 | 1,121,730 | 2,814 | 488 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | % reduction | 84.4 | 88.9 | 88.9 | 40.8 | 1.6 |
| | | | Pine | Baseline | 202,565 | 157,404 | 678,333 | 5,174 | 578 |
| | | | Swamp | TMDL | 38,487 | 29,912 | 125,710 | 3,088 | 576 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run | % reduction | 81.0 | 81.0 | 81.5 | 40.3 | 0.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 1,048 | 2,853 | 1,240,601 | 462 | 50 |
| | | | UT to | TMDL | 70 | 143 | 61,932 | 271 | 50 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Aaron Run | % reduction | 93.3 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 41.2 | 1.7 |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 308 | 442 | 105,161 | 1,497 | 148 |
| | | | | TMDL | 86 | 125 | 27,660 | 901 | 138 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | % reduction | 72.0 | 71.8 | 73.7 | 39.8 | 6.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 63 | 109 | 8,827 | 319 | 34 |
| | | | | TMDL | 23 | 41 | 2,814 | 192 | 33 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | % reduction | 63.0 | 62.9 | 68.1 | 39.8 | 4.1 |
| | | | Little | Baseline | 339,425 | 310,533 | 149,294 | 8,241 | 946 |
| | | | Savage | TMDL | 128,981 | 118,026 | 49,738 | 4,905 | 987 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | % reduction | 62.0 | 62.0 | 66.7 | 40.5 | -4.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 75,813 | 23,027 | 151,535 | 6,217 | 726 |
| | | | Poplar Lick | TMDL | 28,312 | 8,668 | 64,377 | 3,703 | 749 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Run | % reduction | 62.7 | 62.4 | 57.5 | 40.4 | -3.2 |
| | | | | Baseline | 74,767 | 22,501 | 88,919 | 4,750 | 557 |
| | | | Poplar Lick | TMDL | 27,664 | 8,342 | 28,848 | 2,823 | 583 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Run | % reduction | 63.0 | 62.9 | 67.6 | 40.6 | -4.8 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 6,626 | 15,345 | 81,770 | 2,308 | 635 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 133 | 317 | 1,511 | 1,011 | 668 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | % reduction | 98.0 | 97.9 | 98.2 | 56.2 | -5.2 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 21,650 | 47,307 | 119,484 | 13,171 | 3,310 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 217 | 516 | 923 | 5,978 | 3,321 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 54.6 | -0.3 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 14,763 | 33,199 | 209,447 | 4,989 | 1,317 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 295 | 725 | 3,960 | 2,367 | 1,347 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Run | % reduction | 98.0 | 97.8 | 98.1 | 52.6 | -2.2 |
| | | | | Baseline | 56,814 | 131,112 | 649,571 | 19,522 | 5,311 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 1,704 | 25,535 | 18,044 | 8,823 | 5,519 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 80.5 | 97.2 | 54.8 | -3.9 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 35,810 | 80,138 | 298,812 | 18,008 | 4,656 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 358 | 865 | 2,585 | 8,113 | 4,738 |
| WC | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | Run | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.1 | 54.9 | -1.7 |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

^b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

^cWM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

^e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

^h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

¹ WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

1 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (US EPA) implementing regulations direct each State to identify and list waters, known as water quality limited segments (WQLSs), in which current required controls of a specified substance are inadequate to achieve water quality standards (WQSs). For each WQLS, the State is to either establish a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) of the specified substance that the waterbody can receive without violating WQSs, or demonstrate that WQSs are being met (CFR 2007).

A TMDL establishes the maximum allowable load (mass per unit of time) of a pollutant that a waterbody is able to assimilate and still support its designated use(s). The maximum allowable load is determined based on the relationship between pollutant sources and in-stream water quality. A TMDL provides the scientific basis for a state to establish water quality-based controls to reduce pollution from both point and nonpoint sources to restore and maintain the quality of the state's water resources (USEPA 1991). The development of TMDLs requires an assessment of streams' assimilative capacity, critical conditions, and other considerations.

This TMDL is a revision of a previously approved TMDL. In the revision to the TMDL, discharges from the incorporation of two additional mining operations will increase flow and iron loading into the system without causing a violation of the pH water quality standard. Permit requirements ensure that discharges from these facilities do not violate pH water quality. Even though the iron loading associated with these facilities will increase the TMDL and WLA, for the streams in which they discharge, it will not result in any changes to the pH. The Casselman River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 05020204) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002/2004 listing) and low pH (1996 listing). The Georges Creek 8digit Basin (basin code - 02141004) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002 listing) and low pH (1998 listing). The Savage River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141006) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2004/2006 listing). The Upper North Branch of the Potomac River 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141005) is impaired by impacts on biological communities (2004 listing) and low pH (1996 listing). The Wills Creek 8-digit Basin (basin code - 02141003) was identified on Maryland's section 303(d) list of impaired surface waters as impaired by impacts on biological communities (2002 listing) and nutrients (1996 listing). In addition to the 8-digit basin listings for low pH there are several 12-digit basin listings for low pH in George Creek, the Upper North Branch Potomac River, and Wills Creek. All low pH listings are displayed in Table 1-1. Water quality monitoring data collected in all basins with pH listings in 2005 by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) indicate that observed pH levels sometimes exceed water quality standards for 52 segments in the five watersheds included in this report (Table 1-2 and Figure 1-1). The pollutant loadings were classified by source, including acid mine drainage (AMD) and atmospheric deposition, and organic sources. In addition, a segment could be classified as having chronic or episodic acidification, with no identified source.

While the headwaters of Wills Creek and portions of the Casselman River flow though Pennsylvania, only the portions of these waterbodies that flow through Maryland are included in this TMDL and addressed in this document.

This TMDL report addresses the low pH impairment in the five western Maryland watersheds. Low pH in a waterbody leads to acidic conditions. A pH of less than 5 is considered to be harmful to most stream biota (USEPA 1999). Healthy freshwater ecosystems have a diverse number of species (e.g., zooplankton, fish, and waterfowl) that depend on the freshwater environment for life. As pH becomes more acidic, the number of aquatic species and their populations tend to decline, with some species being more tolerant of low pH than others (USEPA 2007). Low pH in a waterbody affects gill function, egg development, and larval survival (USEPA 1999). Species that do not tolerate acidic environments will begin to lose the

ability to reproduce, and even if a species is able to spawn, the offspring often do not survive the harsh acidic environment and might be more susceptible to disease or deformity (Environment Canada 2005).

When pH falls below 5, most fish cannot survive, and terrestrial animals, such as waterfowl, that are dependent on the aquatic species for survival are affected as their aquatic food sources are diminished (Environment Canada 2005). Metals concentrations in streams (e.g., aluminum) can also become toxic to fish when stream water and runoff entering the stream is acidic (USEPA 1999).

Table 1-1. pH 303(d) listed waterbodies in the TMDL area

| 8-digit Basin Name | 8-digit Basin Code | 12-digit Basin Name | 12-digit Basin Code | Impairment | Impairment Category | 303(d) List |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Casselman River | 05020204 | - | - | рН | рН | 1996 |
| | | - | - | рН | рН | 1998 |
| Georges Creek | 02141004 | Tributary of Sand Spring Run | 021410040094 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| Georges Creek | 02141004 | Tributary of Georges Creek | 021410040088 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| | | Staub Run | 021410040092 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| Savage River | 2141006 | Aarons Run | 021410060075 | pH (AMD) | рН | 2004 |
| Upper North Branch | 02141005 | - | - | pH (AMD) | рН | 1996 |
| Potomac River | 02141005 | Three Forks Run | 021410050048 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run - Mt Savage | 021410030098 | рН | рН | 2006 |
| Wills Creek | 2141003 | Jennings Run | 021410030099 | рН | рН | 2006 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run | 021410030099 | рН | рН | 2006 |
| | | Tributary of Jennings Run | 021410030099 | pH (AMD) | Biological | 2002 |

Table 1-2. Impaired stream segments in the western Maryland watersheds

| | | | western waryland watershed | |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Basin | Station | Station code | Stream segment | pH source assessment |
| Casselman River | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | Episodic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | Episodic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman | AMD |
| Casselman River | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Casselman River | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Caradana Biran | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 714/10000 | Unnamed tributary to North | Obassis ssidification |
| Casselman River | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | Branch Casselman Unnamed tributary to North | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-151 | UNA0015 | Branch Casselman | Chronic acidification |
| Casselman River | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | Chronic acidification |
| | | | Unnamed tributary to | |
| Georges Creek | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | Georges Creek | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-113 | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | Episodic acidification |
| Georges Creek | WM-118 | UJB0000 | Unnamed tributary to Jackson Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | AMD |
| _ | - | | Unnamed tributary to Moores | |
| Georges Creek | WM-122 | UMD0000 | Run | AMD |
| Georges Creek | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | AMD |
| | | | Unnamed tributary (to | |
| Savage River | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Savage R.) above Aaron Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Savage River | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | AMD |
| Savage River | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| Cavage Hivel | V 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 100021 | Unnamed tributary to Aaron | 7 WID and adiale deposition |
| Savage River | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Run | AMD |
| Savage River | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | Chronic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-96 | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | Episodic acidification |
| Savage River | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | Episodic acidification |
| Upper North Branch (UNB) | | | | |
| Potomac | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | AMD and acidic deposition |
| UNB Potomac | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | AMD |
| UNB Potomac | WM-50 | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | AMD and acidic deposition |

Table 1-2. (continued)

| Table 1-2. (COII | Table 1-2. (Continued) | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Basin | Station | Station code | Stream segment | pH source assessment | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | AMD and acidic deposition | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | AMD | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Unnamed tributary to Three Forks Run | AMD | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | Episodic acidification | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | AMD | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-62 | ULF0003 | Unnamed tributary to Laurel Run (LNB) | AMD | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | AMD and acidic deposition | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | AMD and acidic deposition | | | | |
| UNB Potomac | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | AMD and acidic deposition | | | | |
| Wills Creek | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Unnamed tributary to Jennings Run | AMD | | | | |
| Wills Creek | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Unnamed tributary to Jennings Run | AMD | | | | |
| Wills Creek | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Unnamed tributary to Jennings Run | AMD | | | | |
| Wills Creek | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | AMD | | | | |
| Wills Creek | WM-41 | UJH0011 | Unnamed tributary to Jennings Run | AMD | | | | |

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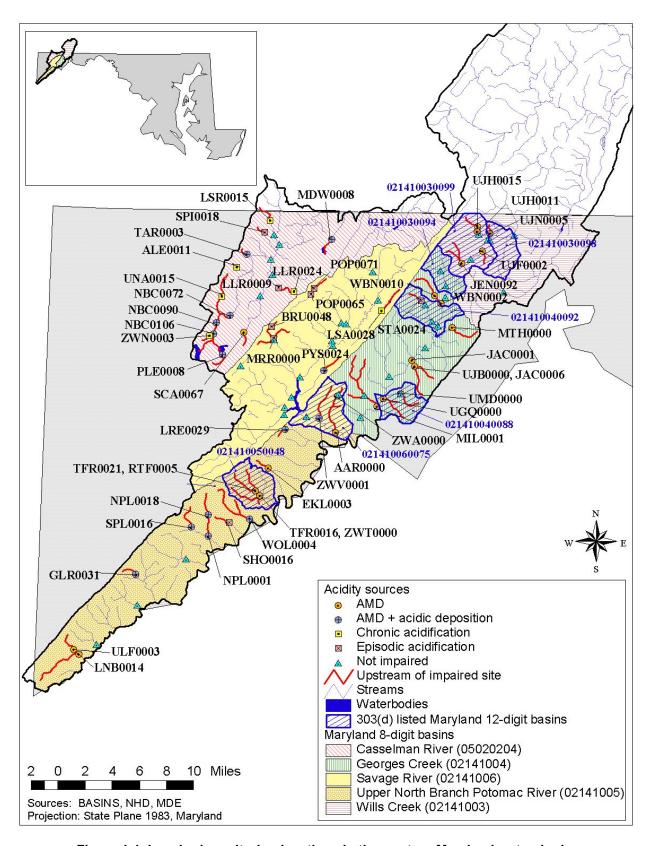


Figure 1-1. Impaired monitoring locations in the western Maryland watersheds.

1.1 Watershed Description

The study area includes five watersheds: the Casselman River, Georges Creek, the Savage River, the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek. All five watersheds are in western Maryland; however, portions of Wills Creek and the Casselman River also flow through Pennsylvania. The headwaters of Wills Creek begin in Pennsylvania. The Casselman River flows through portions of Maryland and Pennsylvania and eventually flows into the Youghiogheny River. The Savage River, Georges Creek, and Wills Creek all flow into the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River. The North Branch of the Potomac flows along the southern edge of Maryland until the river reaches the Chesapeake Bay.

The watersheds are in portions of Garrett and Allegany County in Maryland and Somerset County in Pennsylvania. The area of interest for this TMDL study is the portions of the watersheds in Maryland only. Figure 1-2 shows the location of the watersheds.

1.2 Water Quality Problem Statement

There are several potential sources affecting pH levels in the Casselman River, Georges Creek, the Savage River, the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek watersheds: atmospheric deposition (acid rain), AMD, and naturally occurring conditions.

Acid rain is produced when atmospheric moisture reacts with gases to form sulfuric acid and nitric acids. These gases are primarily formed from nitrogen dioxides and sulfur dioxide, which enter the atmosphere through exhaust and smoke from burning fossil fuels such as gas, oil, and coal. Acid rain crosses political and watershed boundaries and can originate out of state.

AMD occurs when surface and subsurface water percolates through coal-bearing minerals containing large amounts of pyrite and marcasite, which are crystalline forms of iron sulfide (FeS₂). The chemical reactions of the pyrite generate acidity in water. A synopsis of these reactions is as follows (Stumm and Morgan 1996):

- Exposure of pyrite to air and water causes the oxidation of pyrite.
- The sulfur component of pyrite is oxidized, releasing dissolved ferrous (Fe⁺²) and hydrogen (H⁺) ions. These hydrogen ions cause the acidity.
- The intermediate reaction with the dissolved Fe⁺² ions generates a precipitate, ferric hydroxide [Fe(OH)₃], and releases hydrogen ions, thereby causing more acidity.
- A third reaction occurs between the pyrite and the generated ferric (Fe⁺³) ions contained in the ferric hydroxide precipitate, where more hydrogen ions (increasing acidity) are released as well as Fe⁺² ions, which enter the reaction cycle.

Levels of pH can further be lowered by natural conditions such as wetlands, more specifically bogs, and the lack of stream buffering capacity. In bogs, pH might be decreased from the natural decomposition of organic material. The other natural condition that could result in lowered pH levels is the lack of buffering-capacity in streams. The bedrock in the study watersheds are mainly sandstone, shale, and siltstone, which contain little calcium carbonate. There are only small areas containing limestone and calcareous shale that include calcium carbonate, which buffers excess hydrogen ions to raise pH levels in streams.

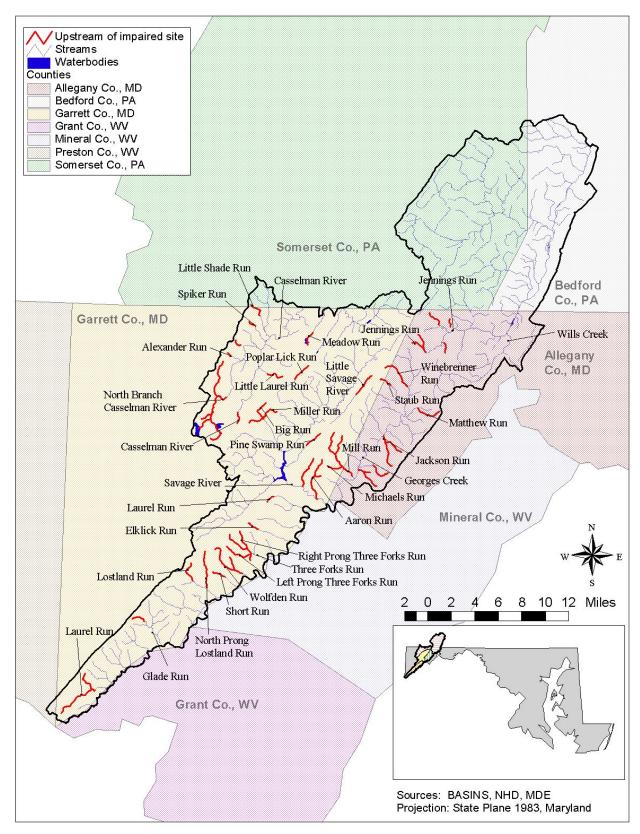


Figure 1-2. Location of the western Maryland watersheds.

1.3 Water Quality Standards

Maryland water quality standards consist of two components that are relevant here: (1) designated and existing uses; and (2) narrative or numeric water quality criteria necessary to support those uses. Furthermore, water quality standards serve the purpose of protecting public health, enhancing the quality of water, and protecting aquatic resources.

Maryland's water quality standards require the water quality in the five impaired watersheds to support their designated uses. The mainstem of the Casselman River is designated as use IV—Recreational Trout Waters (COMAR 26.08.02.08S(5)). The mainstem of Georges Creek and the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River is designated as Use I-P—Water Contact Recreation, and Protection of Nontidal Warm Water Aquatic Life, and Public Water Supply (Code of Maryland Regulations [COMAR] 26.08.02.08R(1)(a) and (b)). The mainstem of Savage River is designated Use III-P – Natural Trout Waters and Public Water Supply (COMAR 26.08.02.08R(4)). The mainstem of Wills Creek is designated as use IV-P—Recreational Trout Waters and Public Water Supply (COMAR 26.08.02.08R(6)(a)). All remaining tributaries not listed are designated as Use I – Water Contact Recreation, and Protection of Nontidal Warm Water Aquatic Life (COMAR 26.08.02.07A). The numeric criteria for pH for all the above designated uses requires that pH values not be less than 6.5 or greater than 8.5 (COMAR 26.08.02.03-3(B)(1), (E)(2)(a), (F)(4) and (G)(1)).

Portions of Wills Creek and the Casselman River are in Pennsylvania. Maryland's and Pennsylvania's water quality standards are presented in Table 1-3, as are EPA's national recommended water quality criteria.

Table 1-3. Water quality standards

| Parameter | Mar | yland ^a | Penns | sylvania ^b | EPA ^c | | |
|---------------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Value | Comment | Value | Comment | Value | Comment | |
| Acidity | | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity | | | 20 mg/L as CaCO₃ | | 20 mg/L | | |
| Aluminum | | | 750 μg/L | | 750 μg/L 87 μg/L | Freshwater maximum concentration at pH 6.5–9.0 Freshwater continuous concentration at pH 6.5–9.0 | |
| Ammonia Nitrogen | | | | Varies based on pH | | Varies based on pH and temperature | |
| Iron | | | 1.5 mg/L 0.3 mg/L | 30-day average total recoverable Dissolved | 1.0 mg/L 0.3 mg/L | Freshwater continuous concentration Human health for consumption of water and organism | |
| Nitrate | | | 10 mg/L as N | Nitrate + Nitrite | 10 mg/L | Human health for consumption of water and organism | |
| рН | 6.5–8.5 | | 6.0–9.0 | | 6.5–9.0 5.0–9.0 | Freshwater continuous range Human health for consumption of water and organism | |
| Sulfate | | | 250 mg/L | | | | |

Notes:

^a COMAR 2005

^b PADEP 2006

^c USEPA 2006

1.4 Impaired Waterbodies

MDE monitored 92 stream segments in the the Casselman River, Georges Creek, the Savage River, the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek watersheds in 2005 in order to identify pH-impaired streams. Of these, MDE identified 52 as being impaired (14 in the Casselman River watershed, ten in the Georges Creek watershed, nine in the Savage River watershed, 14 in the Upper North Branch of the Potomac River watershed, and five in the Wills Creek watershed). For a full description of the assessment process, see Section 2.2.1. These streams were identified as impaired due to atmospheric deposition and AMD, or as having episodic or chronic acidification if a source was not determined through the assessment process.

Portions of the Casselman River and Wills Creek are in Somerset County, Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania includes the Casselman River on its 2006 Section 303(d) for impairments to the Aquatic Life designated use caused by metals and pH from AMD. Wills Creek and the North Branch of Jennings Run, a tributary to Wills Creek, are attaining Pennsylvania's water quality criteria where they enter Maryland.

1.5 History of Mining in Western Maryland

Coal mining has occurred in western Maryland since the early 1700s. Coal was discovered in the North Branch of the Potomac River watershed in 1736, with commercial development beginning in 1738 in the Georges Creek coal field (Salstrom 1994). Deep mine production peaked in the early 1900s. Coal mining in Maryland peaked at 5.5 million tons in 1907 but usually averaged 4 to 5 million tons annually (USDOI 2006). Deep mines in the area produced AMD when water was pumped from the mines and discharged to the streams. AMD was also an issue after the closure of deep mines because they filled with water, which also caused AMD. Underground mining declined in Maryland after 1945, with 91 percent of the mines being surface mines in 1977 (USDOI 2006). In the 1980s, production fluctuated between 3 and 4.5 million tons annually (USDOI 2006).

In the western Maryland watersheds, mining is now confined to the southeast and northwest portions of the watersheds. The mining is mostly in the Cassleman River, Wills Creek, Georges Creek, and North Branch watersheds with a small area of mining also in the Savage River watershed.

Beginning in the 1960s, several studies showed the effects that coal mining and the resulting AMD had on the North Branch of the Potomac watershed. These publications and reports document the biological status of the North Branch of the Potomac River watershed up to 1990. Studies documented the severe effect AMD has had on the water quality in the watershed by causing chronically low pH (Clark 1969; Lauby 1966–1968; Mason et al. 1976; Skelly and Loy, Inc. 1976).

Other studies documented the effect AMD has had on fish and benthic communities in the North Branch of the Potomac watershed. Davis (1973) sampled several stations with no fish as well as no measurable alkalinity, low pH, and high iron; acidity; sulfates; and conductivity. Staubitz (1981) and Staubitz and Sobashinski (1983) sampled the North Branch watershed's streamflow, water quality, and biological data. All stations affected by AMD had very poor benthic populations and many stations in the Upper North Branch watershed had low pH as a result of AMD. Hendricks et al. (1984), Lebo (1983), and the Morgan Mining and Environmental Consultants (Morgan Mining) report (1994) all found few to no fish at many of their sampling stations and poor benthic macroinvertebrate populations. At the stations that did have fish or benthic populations, the diversity of species was low.

2 DATA INVENTORY AND ANALYSIS

2.1 Data Inventory

Table 2-1 outlines key data sets compiled for this project. The data sets include geographical and political information, such as county boundaries and land uses, and in-stream monitoring data, such as water quality and flow. Descriptions of the data sets that were used in model development are provided in Sections 2.1.1 through 2.1.8.

Table 2-1. Data sets compiled for the Western Maryland watersheds

| Data type | Information sources |
|---|---|
| Reservoir boundaries and stream network | BASINS ^a , USGS ^b 7.5 minute Quads, MDE |
| Land use | MDE; Pennsylvania Spatial Data Access |
| Soils | STATSGO ^c |
| Watershed boundaries | USGS Hydrologic Unit Boundaries (8-digit), MDE |
| Topographic relief and elevation data | USGS 7.5 minute Quads, Digital Elevation Models from BASINS |
| Surface geology | Maryland Geological Survey |
| Active and abandoned mine locations | MDE |
| Flow data and locations | USGS |
| Meteorological data and locations ^d | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration – National Climatic Data Center (NOAA–NCDC) |
| Water quality data and locations | MDE, STORET |
| NPDES permitted facilities and locations ^e | Permit Compliance System (PCS), MDE |

Notes:

2.1.1 Hydrology and Topography

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) online database (NWISWeb) contains eight stations that have daily flow data for the modeling period in the five TMDL watersheds (USGS 2005). These stations are shown in Figure 2-1 and listed in Table 2-2.

^a BASINS (Better Assessment Science Integrating Point and Nonpoint Sources)

^b U.S. Geological Survey

^c STATSGO (State Soil Geographic database)

^d Precipitation, dry-bulb [air] temperature, dew point temperature, wind speed, cloud cover.

^e NPDES permit limits, design flow, DMR data

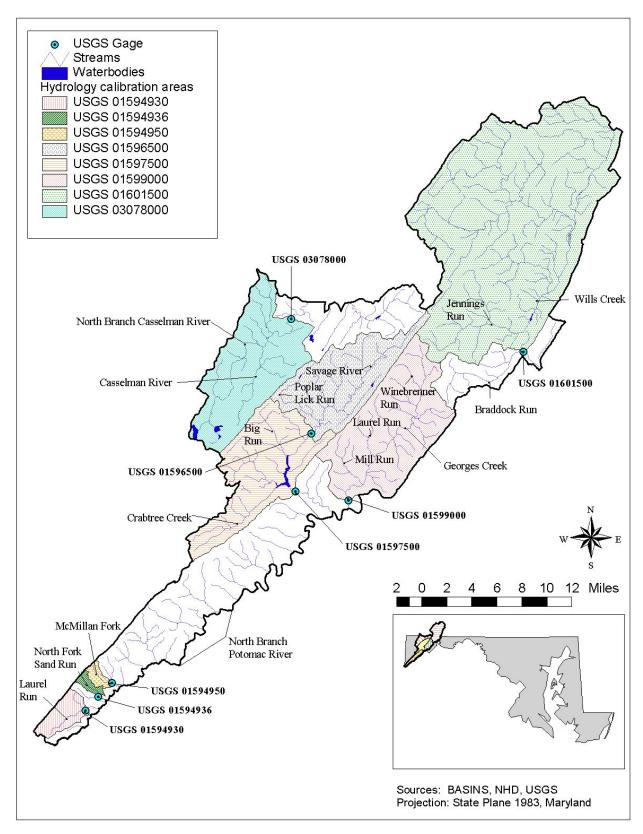


Figure 2-1. USGS gages in the western Maryland watersheds.

Table 2-2. Eight USGS gaging stations with daily flow data

| Station | Station name | Drainage area (square miles) | Start date | End date | Percent complete* |
|----------|--|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 01594930 | Laurel Run at Dobbin Road near Wilson, Maryland | 8.23 | 5/1/1980 | 9/30/2004 | 100 |
| 01594936 | North Fork Sand Run near Wilson, Maryland | 1.91 | 5/1/1980 | 9/30/2005 | 100 |
| 01594950 | McMillan F near Fort Pendleton, Maryland | 2.3 | | 6/8/2006 | 100 |
| 01596500 | Savage River near Barton, Maryland | 49 | 9/18/1948 | present | 100 |
| 01597500 | Savage River below Savage River Dam near Bloomington, Maryland | 106 | 10/1/1948 | present | 100 |
| 01599000 | George's Creek at Franklin, Maryland | 72.5 | 5/1/1905 | present | 100 |
| 01601500 | Will's Creek near Cumberland, Maryland | 247 | 5/1/1905 | present | 100 |
| 03078000 | Casselman River at Grantsville, Maryland | 62.5 | 7/25/1947 | present | 100 |

^{*}Note that the percent complete was calculated for the period of record used in the watershed model, not the entire period of record for each USGS gage.

The elevation of the western Maryland watersheds ranges from approximately 587 feet to over 3,000 feet, with an average elevation of 2,178 feet. Topographic information was obtained from Digital Elevation Models (DEMs) from EPA's Better Assessment Science Integrating Point and Nonpoint Sources (BASINS) (USEPA 2004) and USGS topographic maps.

2.1.2 Climate

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) collects weather data from numerous regional climate stations. NOAA's National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) stores and distributes weather data gathered by the Cooperative Observer Network (COOP) throughout the United States and from Weather Bureau Army-Navy (WBAN) airways stations. The COOP stations record hourly or daily rainfall data, while the WBAN stations record hourly rainfall plus additional hourly data.

The identification of the best weather data for this modeling effort was based on several factors including geographic coverage, data record, and data completeness. There were nine stations used for this TMDL study, based mainly on geographic location. There were other nearby weather stations with more complete data sets; however, they were not considered representative of the watershed because they were on opposite sides of the surrounding mountains and most likely had different rainfall patterns. Information on the selected hourly and daily COOP and WBAN stations is presented in Table 2-3 and Figure 2-2. Table 2-3 also provides statistics regarding the period of record and the completeness of records expressed as percentages of reported data corresponding to the respective station's period of record.

Data for air temperature, wind speed, solar radiation, cloud cover, and dewpoint temperature data were required in addition to hourly precipitation and evapotranspiration. Precipitation, wind speed, temperature, and cloud cover data were taken directly from the NOAA stations. Solar radiation was calculated using the Hamon equation (Hamon 1961) using latitude (to determine the hours of sunshine) and cloud cover. Potential evapotranspiration was calculated using the Penman method (Penman 1948). The Penman equation uses air temperature, wind speed, solar radiation, and dewpoint temperature to compute pan evaporation. An additional conversion factor of 0.8 for winter and 1.0 for summer was

applied to estimate potential evapotranspiration. This conversion factor is used to represent the influence of vegetative cover on the land surface.

Table 2-3. Available meteorological data

| Station ID | Station name | Start date | End date ^a | Percent complete | Data type |
|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 361087 | Buffalo Mills | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2004 | 98 | Precipitation |
| 183415 | Frostburg 2 | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2004 | 98 | Precipitation |
| MD8065 | Savage River Dam | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2004 | 98 | Precipitation |
| 460527 | Bayard | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2003 | 99 | Precipitation |
| 186620 | Oakland 1 SE | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2004 | 85 | Precipitation |
| 365686 | Meyersdale 2 SSW | 1/1/1990 | 12/31/2004 | 95 | Precipitation |
| 182285 | Cumberland Police Brk | 1/1/1997 | 12/31/2004 | 85 | Precipitation |
| WV8777 | Terra Alta No 1 | 1/1/1978 | 12/20/2004 | 90 | Precipitation |
| | | 7/1/1996 | 12/31/2002 | 100 | Altimeter pressure |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 100 | Ceiling height |
| | | 7/1/1996 | 12/31/2002 | 100 | Dewpoint temperature (Celsius) |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Dewpoint temperature (Fahrenheit) |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Haze/visibility |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 6/30/1996 | 100 | Station pressure |
| 13729 | Elkins - Randolph Co | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Relative humidity |
| 13723 | Airport | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Sea-level pressure |
| | | 7/1/1996 | 12/31/2002 | 100 | Dry-bulb temperature (Celsius) |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 100 | Dry-bulb temperature (Fahrenheit) |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Wet-bulb temperature (Fahrenheit) |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 4/30/1996 | 95 | Cloud cover |
| | | 1/1/1980 | 12/31/2002 | 96 | Windspeed and direction |

2.1.3 Water Quality Data

Water quality data for the western Maryland watersheds were provided by the MDE. Additional data were obtained from EPA's STORET database (USEPA 2005a). Table 2-4 presents the available water quality data sets and the availability of the corresponding location data, flow data, data range, and parameters. Figure 2-3 shows the locations of the water quality stations. The data sets contained many parameters including pH, nitrate, sulfate, total iron, and total aluminum. Water quality data are summarized in Appendix A.

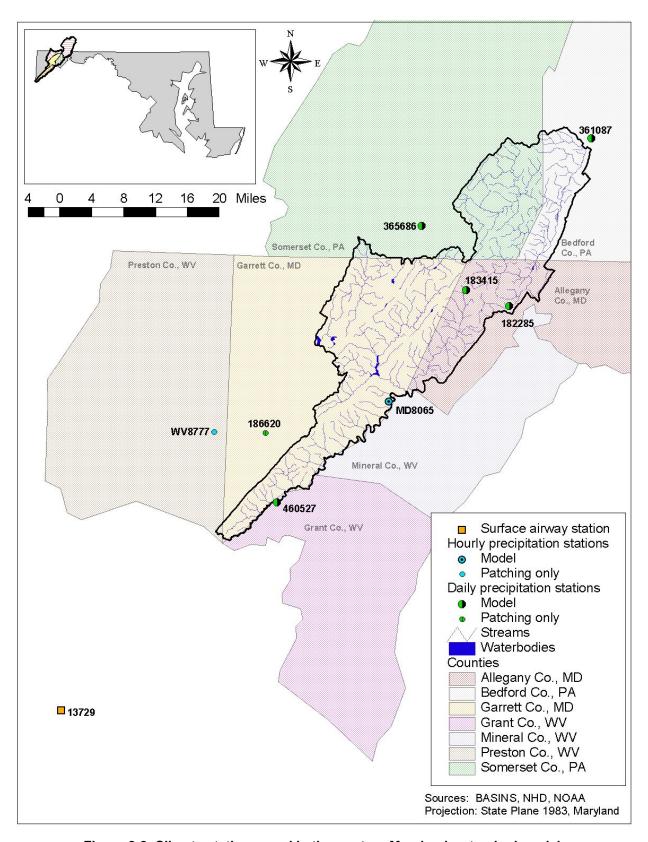


Figure 2-2. Climate stations used in the western Maryland watershed model.

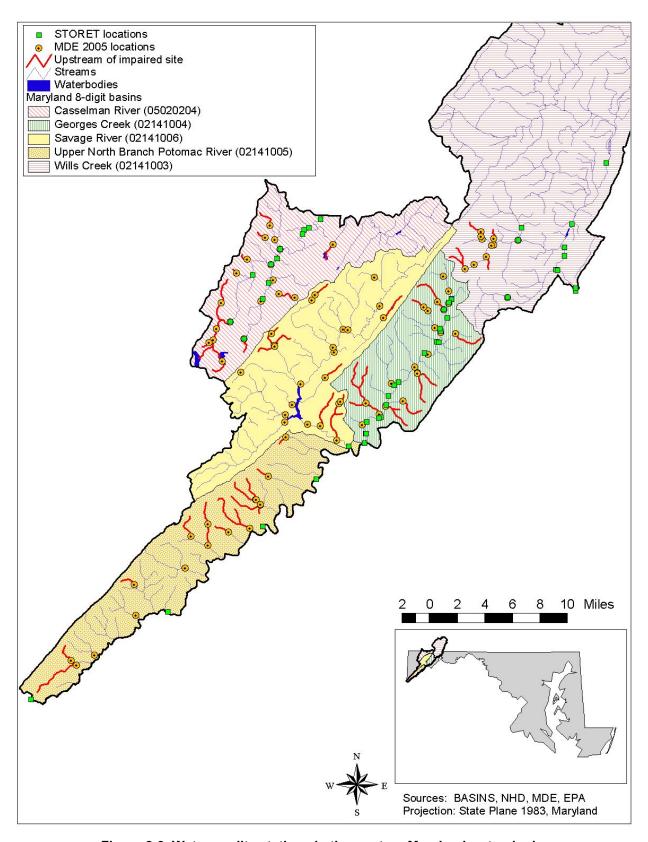


Figure 2-3. Water quality stations in the western Maryland watersheds.

Table 2-4. Water quality monitoring data sets

| Watershed | Source file | No. of stations | Percent of stations with flow | Period of record | Parameters |
|---|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | MDE 2005 | 19 | 0 | 3/31/2005-4/21/2005 | acidity, |
| Casselman River | MDE 2005f | 18 | 0 | 9/22/2005-11/3/2005 | alkalinity, acid |
| | MDE 2005 | 21 | 0 | 3/28/2005-4/18/2005 | neutralizing |
| Georges Creek | MDE 2005f | 20 | 0 | 9/19/2005-10/31/2005 | capacity, chloride, dissolved iron, dissolved organic carbon, hardness, total aluminum, total |
| | MDE 2005 | 22 | 0 | 3/30/2005-4/21/2005 | |
| Savage River | MDE 2005f | 22 | 0 | 9/21/2005–11/3/2005 | |
| Upper North Branch of the Potomac River | MDE 2005 | 17 | 0 | 3/30/2005-4/20/2005 | |
| | MDE 2005f | 17 | 0 | 9/21/2005-11/2/2005 | |
| | MDE 2005 | 11 | 0 | 3/28/2005-4/18/2005 | iron, nitrate, |
| | MDE 2005f | 11 | 0 | 9/19/2005-10/31/2005 | pH, sulfate |
| Wills Creek | STORET | 1 | 0 | 3/8/2001-10/21/2003 | ammonium |

2.1.4 Land Use Data

Because the portion of the watersheds included in this study encompass parts of two states, land use data were obtained from two different sources. Land use data for Maryland were obtained from the Maryland Department of Planning (MDP). The land use data for Pennsylvania were obtained from the Pennsylvania Spatial Data Access Website, which is housed at Pennsylvania State University (PSU 2003).

Each land use data set had its own classification system, therefore, it was necessary to reclassify the land uses to be consistent between data sets. The MDE classifications were used as the basis for the reclassification. The detailed MDE classifications were grouped into seven categories (Table 2-5). The land use classifications from Pennsylvania were compared to the MDE categories and reclassified into the appropriate land use categories (Table 2-6).

Table 2-7 presents the final land use classifications and the area of each land use in the watershed. The dominant land use in the watersheds is forest (72 percent) followed by agriculture (19 percent). Urban land uses account for less than 5 percent of the total watershed area and are mostly concentrated around rivers and other waterbodies. Figure 2-4 presents the land use coverage for the watersheds.

2.1.5 Soils and Geology

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has defined four hydrologic soil groups providing a means for grouping soils by similar infiltration and runoff characteristics during periods of prolonged wetting. Typically, clay soils (Group D) that are poorly drained have the lowest infiltration rates with the highest amount of runoff, while sandy soils (Group A) that are well drained have high infiltration rates, with little runoff. Data for the watershed were obtained from BASINS, which contains information from the State Soil Geographic Database (STATSGO) and are presented in Figure 2-5. The majority of the watersheds are made up of silty soils (Group B) and a combination of sandy and clay soils (Group C). The Wills Creek watershed contains mostly B soils, while the Casselman River, Savage River, Georges Creek, and North Branch of the Potomac watersheds mostly consist of C soils. There are small portions of A soils in the Wills Creek and North Branch of the Potomac watersheds and a very small portion of D soils in the North Branch of the Potomac.

The TMDL watersheds are in the Appalachian Plateaus and Ridge and Valley Physiologic Province. The Appalachian Plateau is characterized by gently folded sedimentary rocks, such as sandstone, shale, and

siltstone. The Ridge and Valley is characterized by stronger folding and faulting than the Appalachian Plateau. The rocks range in age from Silurian to Permian and contain several coal beds.

Table 2-5. Land use reclassifications from the MDP data set

| Detailed land use description | Land use group |
|--|----------------|
| Agricultural breeding building | Agriculture |
| Agriculture | Agriculture |
| Bare exposed rock | Barren land |
| Bare ground | Barren land |
| Barren land | Barren land |
| Beaches | Barren land |
| Brush | Forest |
| Commercial—retail and wholesale services | Urban built-up |
| Cropland | Agriculture |
| Deciduous forest | Forest |
| Evergreen forest | Forest |
| Extractive-surface mines/quarries/pits | Mining |
| Feeding operations | Agriculture |
| Forest | Forest |

| Detailed land use description | Land use group | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| High-density residential | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Industrial | • | | | | |
| | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Institutional | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Low-density residential | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Medium-density residential | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Mixed forest | Forest | | | | |
| Open urban land | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Orchards/vineyards/ horticulture | Agriculture | | | | |
| Pasture | Agriculture | | | | |
| Row and garden crops | Agriculture | | | | |
| Transportation | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Urban built-up | Urban built-up | | | | |
| Water | Water | | | | |
| Wetlands | Wetlands | | | | |

Table 2-6. Land use classification conversion between Pennsylvania and Maryland data sets

| Pennsylvania detailed land use description | Maryland detailed land use description | Reclassified land use group |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Coal mines | Extractive-surface mines/quarries/pits | Mining |
| Coniferous forest | Evergreen forest | Forest |
| Deciduous forest | Deciduous forest | Forest |
| Emergent wetland | Wetlands | Wetlands |
| Hay Pasture | Pasture | Agriculture |
| High-density urban | High-density residential | Urban built-up |
| Low-density urban | Low-density residential | Urban built-up |
| Mixed forest | Mixed forest | Forest |
| Probably row crops | Agriculture | Agriculture |
| Quarries | Extractive-surface mines/quarries/pits | Mining |
| Row crops | Row and garden crops | Agriculture |
| Transitional | Barren land | Barren land |
| Water | Water | Water |
| Woody wetland | Wetlands | Wetlands |

Surface geology of the area consists of the Dunkard Group, Chemung Formation, Hampshire Formation, Pocono Group, Greenbrier Formation, Rockwell Formation, Mauch Chunk Formation, Monongahela Formation, Pottsville Formation, Allegheny Formation, Conemaugh Formation, Parkhead Sandstone, Brallier Formation, Harrell Shale, Pursland Sandstone, and the Oriskany Group. Four of these formations contain significant coal-bearing layers: the Monongahela Formation (Waynesburg and Pittsburgh coals), the Conemaugh Formation (Upper Freeport and Barton coals) and the Pottsville and Allegheny

Formations (Upper Freeport and Brookville coals). The Greenbrier Formation and Harrell Shale are the only formations that contain significant limestone and calcareous shale. These rock types act as a natural acidity buffer. The Georges Creek and Wills Creek watersheds are underlain by carbonate rock. Figure 2-6 presents the surface geology of the watersheds.

Table 2-7. Land use areas used for the western Maryland watersheds

| Detailed land use | Model land use | Area | Area | Percent land |
|--|------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------|
| description | group | (acres) | (square miles) | use |
| Agricultural breeding building | Agriculture | 141 | 0.22 | 0.03 |
| Agriculture | Agriculture | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Cropland | Agriculture | 25,880 | 40.44 | 6.25 |
| Feeding operations | Agriculture | 23,000 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Orchards/vineyards/ horticulture | Agriculture | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Pasture | Agriculture | 32,793 | 51.24 | 7.92 |
| Row and garden crops | Agriculture | 21,901 | 34.22 | 5.29 |
| Transaction and garden or ope | Agriculture subtotal | 80,715 | 126.12 | 19.49 |
| Bare exposed rock | Barren land | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Bare ground | Barren land | 387 | 0.61 | 0.09 |
| Barren land | Barren land | 5,519 | 8.62 | 1.33 |
| Beaches | Barren land | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Barren land subtotal | 5,906 | 9.23 | 1.42 |
| Brush | Forest | 8,737 | 13.65 | 2.11 |
| Deciduous forest | Forest | 259,652 | 405.71 | 62.69 |
| Evergreen forest | Forest | 7,711 | 12.05 | 1.86 |
| Forest | Forest | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Mixed forest | Forest | 21,625 | 33.79 | 5.22 |
| | Forest subtotal | 297,725 | 465.20 | 71.88 |
| Extractive-surface | Mining | | | 2.18 |
| mines/quarries/pits | _ | 9,036 | 14.12 | |
| | Mining subtotal | 9,036 | 14.12 | 2.18 |
| Commercial—retail and wholesale services | Urban built-up | 1,316 | 2.06 | 0.32 |
| High-density residential | Urban built-up | 200 | 0.31 | 0.05 |
| Industrial | Urban built-up | 250 | 0.39 | 0.06 |
| Institutional | Urban built-up | 702 | 1.10 | 0.00 |
| Low-density residential | Urban built-up | 10,377 | 16.21 | 2.51 |
| Medium-density residential residential | Urban built-up | 5,101 | 7.97 | 1.23 |
| Open urban land | Urban built-up | 531 | 0.83 | 0.13 |
| Transportation | Urban built-up | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Urban built-up | Urban built-up | 16 | 0.03 | 0.00 |
| | rban built-up subtotal | 18,493 | 28.90 | 4.46 |
| Water | Water | 1,314 | 2.05 | 0.32 |
| | Water subtotal | 1,314 | 2.05 | 0.32 |
| Wetlands | Wetlands | 1,005 | 1.57 | 0.24 |
| | Wetlands subtotal | 1,005 | 1.57 | 0.24 |
| Total | | 414,194 | 647.19 | 100 |

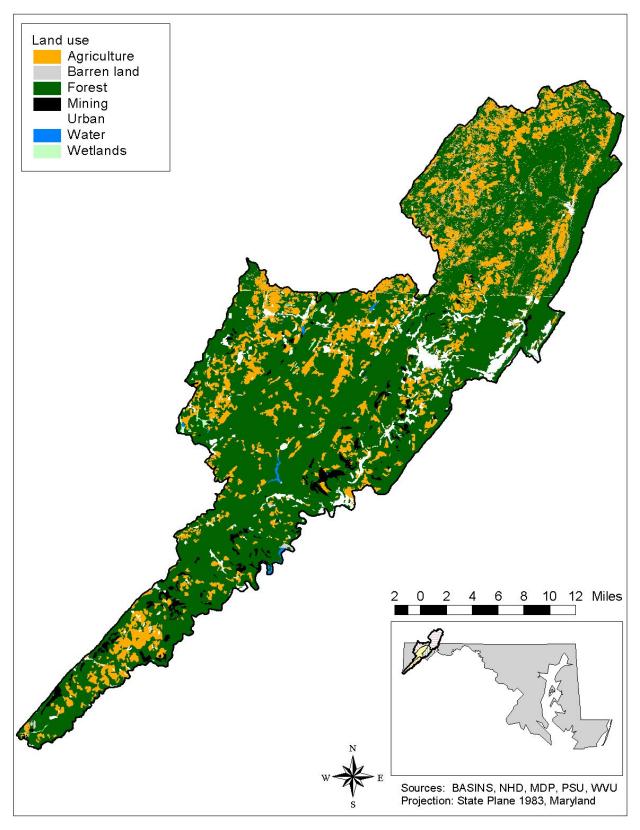


Figure 2-4. Land use in the western Maryland watersheds.

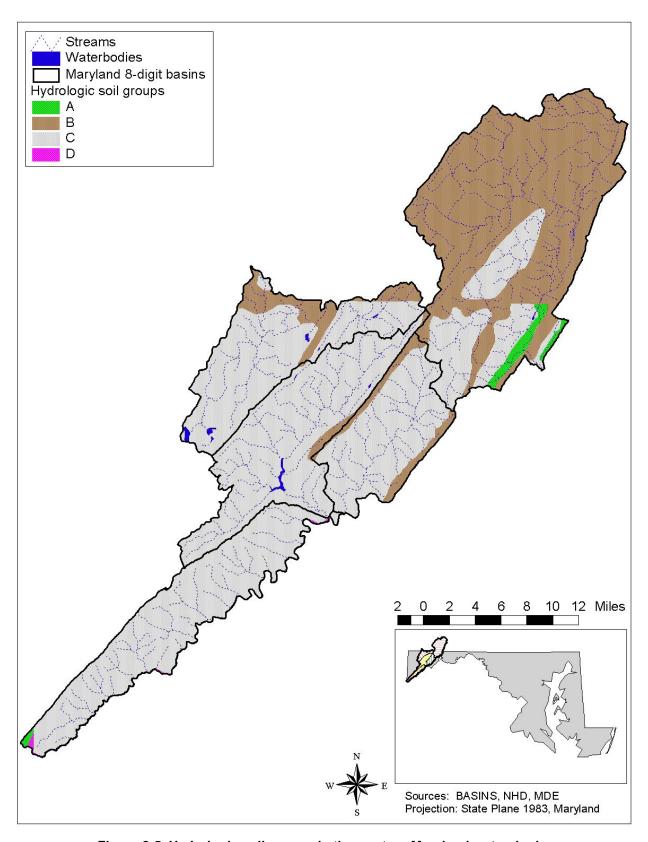


Figure 2-5. Hydrologic soil groups in the western Maryland watersheds.

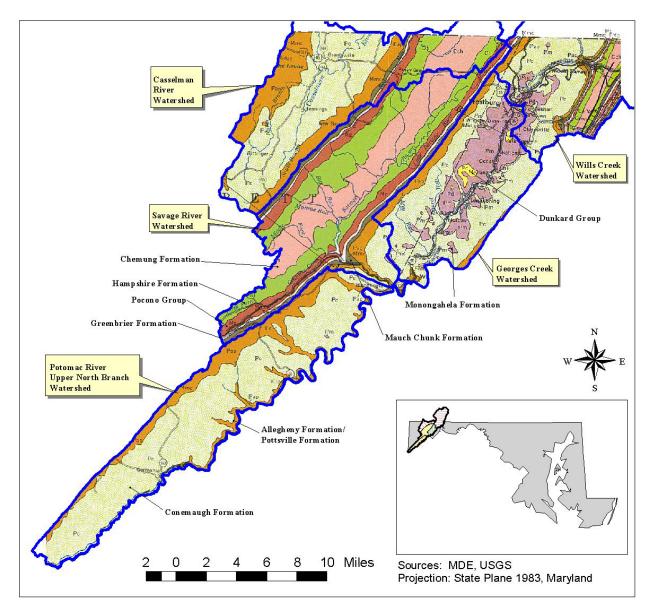


Figure 2-6. Geology in the western Maryland watersheds.

2.1.6 Historical Mining Data

Historical mining activities are an important consideration when developing pH TMDLs. The study area contains numerous mining activities, but information from most operations is not available because they were not required to keep thorough records of past activities. MDE provided information on mine drainage sources such as portals, sediment ponds, and pits (Figure 2-7). This information was plotted, and each location was assigned to its corresponding subwatershed in the model area. In all, 313 mine sources were included as model inputs. Few of the locations had concentration or flow data associated with them. In addition, Figure 2-7 shows areas of historical mining activities.

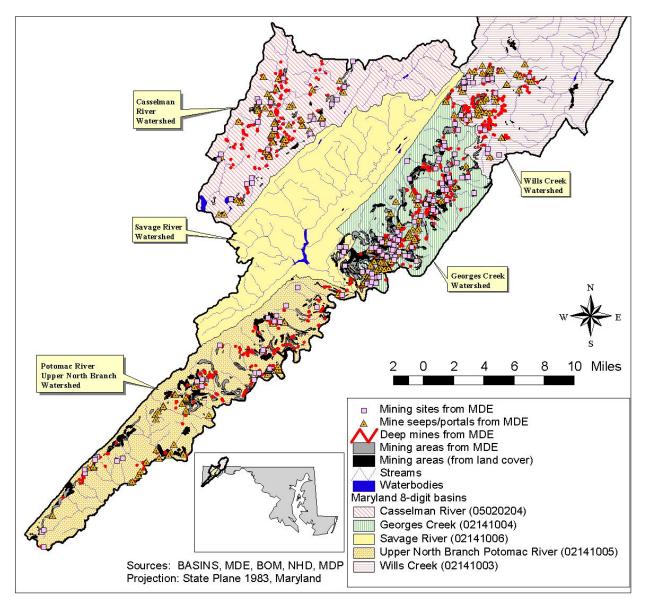


Figure 2-7. Mining activities in the western Maryland watersheds.

2.1.7 Point Source Data

A point source, according to 40 CFR 122.3, is any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, and vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or could be discharged. The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program, established under Clean Water Act sections 318, 402, and 405, requires permits for the discharge of pollutants from point sources.

2.1.7.1 Non-Mining NPDES Permits

NPDES permit information was obtained from EPA's Permit Compliance System (PCS) (USEPA 2005b) and MDE. Table 2-8 identifies the one non-mining NPDES permit in the model area that was included in

this TMDL development as well as its permitted flow and permit limits for iron and pH. Figure 2-8 shows the location of the NPDES facility.

Table 2-8. Permitted non-mining facilities included in the western Maryland watershed model

| NPDES permit number | Facility name | Outfall | Permitted flow | | l iron g/L) | рН | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Outian | (mgd) | Daily avg. | Daily max | Daily min | Daily max |
| MD0066958 | Midlothian Water Treatment Plant | 001 | | 2 | 3 | 6.5 | 8.5 |

2.1.7.2 Mining NPDES Permits

The Federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA, Public Law 95-87) and its subsequent revisions were enacted to establish a nationwide program to protect the beneficial uses of land or water resources, protect public health and safety from the adverse effects of current surface coal mining operations, and promote the reclamation of mined areas left without adequate reclamation before August 3, 1977. The SMCRA requires a permit for developing new, previously mined, or abandoned sites for the purpose of surface mining. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permittees are required to post a performance bond that will be sufficient to ensure the completion of reclamation requirements by a regulatory authority if the applicant forfeits its permit. Mines that ceased operations before the effective date of SMCRA (often called *pre-law* mines) are not subject to the requirements of SMCRA.

SMCRA Title IV is designed to provide assistance for the reclamation and restoration of abandoned mines, while Title V states that any surface coal mining operations are required to meet all applicable performance standards. Some general performance standards include the following:

- Restoring the land affected to a condition capable of supporting the uses that it was capable of supporting before any mining
- Backfilling and compacting (to ensure stability or to prevent leaching of toxic materials) to restore the approximate original contour of the land, including all highwalls
- Minimizing disturbances to the hydrologic balance and to the quality and quantity of water in surface water and groundwater systems both during and after surface coal mining operations and during reclamation by avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage

Untreated coal mining-related point source discharges from deep, surface, and other mines typically have low pH values (that is, they are acidic) and contain high concentrations of metals (e.g., iron, aluminum, and manganese). Coal mining-related activities are commonly issued NPDES discharge permits that contain effluent limits for total iron, total manganese, nonfilterable residue, and pH. Many permits also include effluent monitoring requirements for total aluminum.

There are a total of ten mining-related NPDES permits, with 31 associated outlets, included in the TMDL development for the western Maryland watersheds. A complete list of the mining permits and outlets is provided in Table 2-9. Figure 2-8 illustrates the extent of the mining NPDES outlets in the watershed.

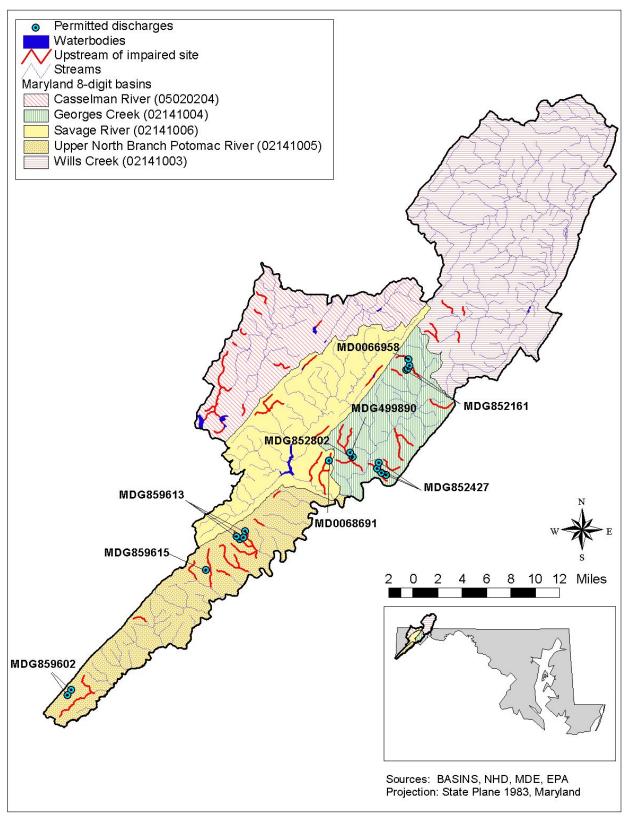


Figure 2-8. NPDES permitted facilities discharging to waters upstream of impaired monitoring sites in the western Maryland watersheds.

Table 2-9. Permitted mining facilities included in the western Maryland watershed model

| Dameit much an | Facility many | Outfall | Permit flow | Total (mg | | рН | |
|----------------|---|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----|-----|
| Permit number | Facility name | Outfall | (mgd) | Monthly avg. | Daily max | Min | Max |
| MD0068691 | Georges Creek, Inc./ ARJ Construction Company | 001 | 0.0020 | 3 | 45 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG499890 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | 001 | 0 | | | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG499890 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | 002 | 0 | | | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG499890 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | 003 | 0.000735 | | | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852161 | Fairview Coal Company, Inc. | 001 | 0 | | | NA | NA |
| MDG852161 | Fairview Coal Company, Inc. | 002 | 0 | | | NA | NA |
| MDG852161 | Fairview Coal Company, Inc. | 003 | 0 | | | NA | NA |
| MDG852427 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | 001 | 0.000050 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852427 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | 002 | 0.000150 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852427 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | 003 | 0.000150 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852427 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | 004 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 001 | 0.000110 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 003 | 0.000967 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 006 | 0.000081 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 007 | 0.000072 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 008 | 0.000120 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 009 | 0.000180 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 010 | 0.000165 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 013 | 0.000015 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG852802 | Caledonia Hill Mine | 014 | 0.000013 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| WIDG032002 | Mettiki Coal, Inc./C | 014 | U | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859602 | Mine Surface Mine | 001 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859602 | Mettiki Coal, Inc./C Mine Surface Mine | 002 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859602 | Mettiki Coal, Inc./C Mine Surface Mine | 003 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859602 | Mettiki Coal, Inc./C Mine Surface Mine | 004 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859613 | Island Tract Surface Mine—Vindex Energy Corporation | 001 | 0.000050 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859613 | Island Tract Surface Mine—Vindex Energy Corporation | 002 | 0.000025 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859613 | Island Tract Surface Mine—Vindex Energy Corporation | 003 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859613 | Island Tract Surface Mine—Vindex Energy Corporation | 004 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MDG859615 | LAOC Corporation— Paugh Tract Mine | 001 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6.0 | 9.0 |

| Permit number | Facility name | Outfall | Permit flow | Total (mg | рН | | |
|---------------|---|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----|-----|
| | i acinty name | Outlan | (mgd) | Monthly avg. | Daily max | Min | Max |
| MD0070670 | Western Maryland Lumbar (Colmar Mine) | | 6.46 | 1.0 | | 6.0 | 9.0 |
| MD0070661 | Moran Coal (Lower Bakerstown Mine) | | 0.046 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 9.0 |

2.1.8 Nonpoint Source Data

Nonpoint sources of pollutants are diffuse, nonpermitted sources. They most often result from precipitation-driven runoff. The two main sources of nonpoint source pollution that contribute to the low pH levels in the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek are mining (i.e., historical mining without NPDES permits) and atmospheric deposition. Mining was described in Section 2.1.7 and atmospheric deposition is described below.

The majority of the acid deposition occurs in the eastern United States. In March 2005, EPA issued the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR), which will reduce emissions from power plants for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen dioxides through a cap and trade program in 28 states through out the eastern United States. It is expected that CAIR will reduce sulfur dioxide emissions by more than 70 percent and nitrogen oxides emissions by more than 60 percent from the 2003 emission levels (USEPA 2005c). Because the pollution is highly mobile in the atmosphere, reductions based on CAIR in West Virginia, Ohio, and Pennsylvania will likely improve the quality of precipitation in the TMDL watersheds.

Atmospheric deposition occurs by two main methods: wet and dry. Wet deposition occurs through rain, fog, and snow. Dry deposition occurs from gases and particles. Dry deposition accounts for approximately half of the atmospheric deposition of acidity (USEPA 2005d). Particles and gases from dry deposition can be washed from trees, roofs, and other surfaces by precipitation after it is deposited and washed into streams. Winds blow the particles and gases contributing to acid deposition over long distances, including political boundaries, such as state boundaries. The primary pollutants from atmospheric deposition are sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x). The majority of sulfur dioxides (two-thirds) and one-fourth of nitrogen oxides are from fossil fuel burning electric power generating plants (USEPA 2005d).

Atmospheric deposition data were obtained from EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards at Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. The data are a result of air quality modeling in support of the CAIR. The data include concentrations of sulfate and nitrogen oxides in wet and dry deposition. For the technical information on these data, see the *Technical Support Document for the Final Clean Air Intestate Rule—Air Quality Modeling* (USEPA 2005e).

2.2 Data Analysis

2.2.1 Source Assessment

Streams in the designated watersheds were monitored in the spring and fall of 2005. MDE analyzed the monitoring results following the method summarized below and in Table 2-10 for identifying the source(s) of acid impairments in streams.

• Assuming baseflow conditions, there is most likely no major source of acidification if the acid neutralizing capacity (ANC) of the stream is greater than 200 μeg/L.

- If agriculture represents greater than 50 percent of the drainage area for the monitoring location and the nitrogen nitrate (NO₃-N) level is greater than 100 μ eq/L (\approx 14 mg/L), there is a strong probability that agriculture is the major influence in stream acidification.
- If sulfate levels are greater than 500 μ eq/L (\approx 24 mg/L), the primary acidification source is most likely AMD.
- If sulfate is greater than 300 μ eq/L (\approx 14 mg/L), there is the potential that the stream can be affected by both AMD and atmospheric deposition.
- If conductivity is greater than $80-100 \mu S/cm$, the stream is considered AMD-influenced.
- If the levels of organic ions are greater than the levels of nitrate and sulfate, there is the potential that the stream is acidified by organic acids.
- If the concentration of dissolved organic carbon (DOC) is greater than 8 mg/L, the stream could be influenced by organic sources and atmospheric deposition.
- Finally, stream water quality can be broken into three levels of acidification depending on the levels of ANC:
 - o Low (ANC > 50 and \leq 200 μ eq/L): This level has episodic acidification, especially during high intensity storm events, and occasionally long-duration storms.
 - o Very Low (ANC > 0 and \leq 50 μ eq/L): This level has chronic acidification where small acid inputs would drive the stream below 0 μ eq/L.
 - o Acidic (ANC \leq 0 μ eg/L): These streams have a baseflow ANC that remains below 0 μ eg/L.

Results of the data assessment are presented in Table 1-1 and Figure 1-1. Of the 92 segments that MDE monitored, 52 segments were found to be impaired by low pH. There were 15 stations assessed for AMD and atmospheric deposition, 23 for only AMD, six for chronic acidification, and eight for episodic acidification.

Table 2-10. Methodology for assessment of stream acidification in Maryland

| Water chemistry measurement | | Source of acidification |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Baseflow ANC < 200 µeq/L | $No \longrightarrow$ | None |
| Yes↓ | | |
| Agriculture > 50% of drainage area and NO₃-N > 100 μeq/L (≈ 1.4 mg/L) | $_{ m Yes}$ \longrightarrow | Possible agricultural influence |
| No ↓ | | |
| SO ₄ ≥ 500 μeq/L (≈ 24 mg/L) | $_{\text{Yes}}$ \longrightarrow | Primarily AMD |
| No ↓ | | |
| SO ₄ ≥ 300 μeq/L (≈ 14 mg/L) | Yes → | Possibly affected by both AMD and atmospheric deposition—look at conductivity (> 80–100 µS/cm consider AMD influenced) |
| No ↓ | | |
| Organic Ions > NO ₃ + SO ₄ | $_{ m Yes}$ \longrightarrow | Primarily organic sources |
| No ↓ | | |
| DOC > 8 mg/L | $_{ m Yes}$ \longrightarrow | Affected by both organic sources and atmospheric deposition |
| No ↓ | | |
| Baseflow ANC 50–200 μeq/L | $_{ m Yes}$ \longrightarrow | Stream vulnerable to episodic acidification |
| No ↓ | | |
| Baseflow ANC < 50 μeq/L | $_{ m Yes}$ \longrightarrow | Chronic acidification (Baseflow ANC may be less than $$0$~\mu\mbox{eq/L.})$ |

3 TECHNICAL APPROACH

Establishing the relationship between the in-stream water quality targets and source loadings is a critical component of TMDL development. It allows for evaluation of management options that will achieve the desired source load reductions. The link can be established through a range of techniques, from qualitative assumptions based on sound scientific principles to sophisticated modeling techniques. This section presents the approach taken to develop the linkage between sources and in-stream response for TMDL development in the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek.

A watershed model is a useful tool for providing a quantitative linkage between sources and in-stream response. It is essentially a series of algorithms applied to watershed characteristics and meteorological data to simulate naturally occurring, land-based processes over an extended period, including hydrology and pollutant transport. Many watershed models are also capable of simulating in-stream processes using the land-based and subsurface calculations as input. Once a model has been adequately set up and calibrated for a watershed, it can be used to quantify the existing loading of pollutants from subwatersheds or from land use categories and also can be used to assess the impacts of a variety of hypothetical scenarios.

The following technical factors were critical to selecting an appropriate watershed model:

- The model should be able to address the pollutants of concern (e.g., pH).
- The model should be able to simulate processes and constituents that influence pH levels, such as sulfate, iron, and aluminum.
- The model should be able to simulate chemical processes and interactions in the surface and subsurface environments because the cumulative effect of these two environments and chemical/biological reactions will affect in-stream pH levels.
- The model should be able to address a watershed with primarily rural land uses.
- The model should provide adequate time-step estimation of flow and not oversimplify storm events to provide accurate representation of rainfall events/snowmelt and resulting peak runoff.
- The model should be capable of simulating various pollutant transport mechanisms (e.g., groundwater contributions, sheet flow).
- The model should be able to simulate wet and dry atmospheric deposition.
- The model should include an acceptable snowmelt routine.

Using the above considerations, the Mining Data Analysis System (MDAS) was selected for modeling the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek. MDAS is a re-coded C++ version of the Hydrologic Simulation Program FORTRAN (HSPF) model. MDAS integrates a geographical information system (GIS), comprehensive data storage and management capabilities, the original HSPF algorithms, and a data analysis/post-processing system. MDAS's algorithms are identical to a subset of those in the HSPF model. A brief overview of the HSPF model is provided below, and a detailed discussion of HSPF-simulated processes and model parameters is available in the HSPF User's Manual (Bicknell et al. 1996).

HSPF is a comprehensive watershed and receiving water quality modeling framework that was originally developed in the mid-1970s. During the past several years, it has been used to develop hundreds of EPA-approved TMDLs, and it is generally considered the most advanced hydrologic and watershed loading model available. The hydrologic portion of HSPF is based on the Stanford Watershed Model (Crawford and Linsley 1966), which was one of the pioneering watershed models developed in the 1960s. The HSPF framework is developed in a modular fashion with many different components that can be assembled in

different ways, depending on the objectives of the individual project. The model includes three major modules:

- PERLND for simulating watershed processes on pervious land areas
- IMPLND for simulating processes on impervious land areas
- RCHRES for simulating processes in streams and vertically mixed lakes

All three modules include many subroutines that calculate the various hydrologic and water quality processes in the watershed. Many options are available for both simplified and complex process formulations. Spatially, the watershed is divided into a series of subwatersheds representing the drainage areas that contribute to each of the stream reaches. These subwatersheds are then further subdivided into segments representing different land uses. For the developed areas, the land use segments are further divided into the pervious (PERLND) and impervious (IMPLND) fractions. The stream network (RCHRES) links the surface runoff and groundwater flow contributions from each of the land segments and subbasins and routes them through the waterbodies using storage routing techniques. The stream model includes precipitation and evaporation from the water surfaces, as well as flow contributions from the watershed, tributaries, and upstream stream reaches. Flow withdrawals can also be accommodated. The stream network is constructed to represent all the major tributary streams, as well as different portions of stream reaches where significant changes in water quality occur.

Like the watershed components, several options are available for simulating water quality in the receiving waters. The simpler options consider transport through the waterways and represent all transformations and removal processes using simple, first-order decay approaches. The framework is flexible and allows different combinations of constituents to be modeled depending on data availability and the objectives of the study.

The current version of MDAS includes algorithms for simulation of pollutant accumulation and washoff from land surfaces. MDAS integrates comprehensive data storage and management capabilities, a dynamic watershed model, and a data analysis/post-processing system into a convenient PC-based Windows interface that dictates no software requirements.

For the Western Maryland pH TMDLs, MDAS was updated to include additional modules from HSPF plus new modules designed specifically for these TMDLs. Each of the additional modules is briefly described below and is more thoroughly explained in Appendix B.

The first module that was added to MDAS from HSPF was atmospheric deposition. With this addition, the model is able to model dry and wet deposition. Users have the option to enter fluxes (mass per area per time) for dry deposition and concentrations for wet deposition, which the program automatically combines with the input rainfall time series to compute the resulting flux. Either type of deposition data can be input as a constant value or alternatively, as a set of monthly values that is used for each year of the simulation.

The Moisture Storage and Transport in Soil Layers (MSTLAY) module from HSPF uses the fluxes that are computed from surface water, converts them into soil moisture, and inter-layer fluxes makes them usable for adsorption/desorption in solute transport calculations. MSTLAY estimates moisture storages in the four soil layers in addition to the fluxes of moisture between the storages.

Six modules were created to better simulate pH in the subsurface and in-stream reaches by modeling sulfate and nitrogen species. These modules, which are further described in Appendix B, include routines to calculate the transfer and transformation of the different constituents in surface water and subsurface soils.

All these modules were added to MDAS to better predict pH levels in the streams because of the following factors:

- Sulfate and nitrate from atmospheric deposition carry hydrogen, which is the source of acidity, and play a role in water quality in the eastern United States.
- Acidity from atmospheric deposition might intensify or buffer pH levels in the subsurface environment.
- Minerals in the subsurface buffer pH.
- Seasonal biological activity generates carbon dioxide, which can influence pH. Carbon dioxide saturated interflow/groundwater can increase pH when the transport water is subjected to air and the carbon dioxide is released from the water.
- Biological nitrogen transformation, which changes concentrations of nitrate and ammonium, influences pH.
- Increased pH levels could again decrease pH because of dissolved aluminum entering surface water from interflow/groundwater flow.

All these processes are important to consider in the pH modeling process and were added to the MDAS model to better predict pH in the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek. Generalized diagrams of how the pollutant flows and how MDAS and the modules interact are shown in Figure 3-1.

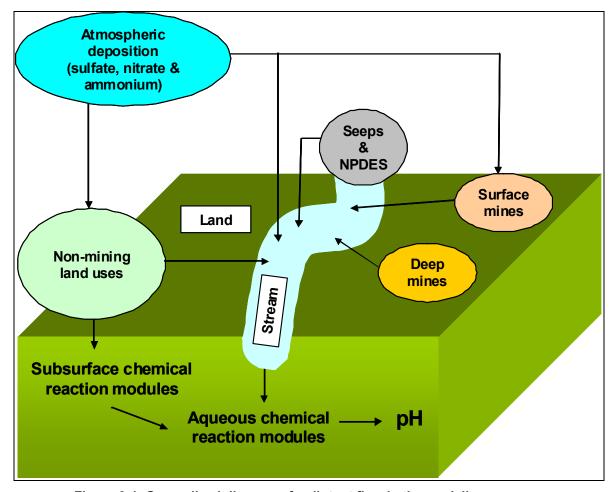


Figure 3-1. Generalized diagram of pollutant flow in the modeling process.

4 MDAS MODEL DEVELOPMENT

4.1 Model Configuration

Configuration of the model involved consideration of the following five major components, all of which provide the basis for the model's ability to estimate flow and pollutant loadings:

- Watershed subdivision, which provides the basis for how the model is set up (e.g., land uses are input into the model by watershed subdivisions)
- Stream representation, which represent the actual stream channels in the model
- Land use representation, which provides the basis for distributing runoff and pollutant loading characteristics throughout the basin
- Meteorological data, which drive the watershed model
- Hydrologic and pollutant representation, which refers to the MDAS modules or algorithms used to simulate hydrologic processes (e.g., surface runoff, infiltration) and flow and pollutant transport through streams and rivers

4.1.1 Watershed Subdivision

Watershed subdivision refers to the subdivision of the entire watershed into smaller, discrete subwatersheds for modeling and analysis. MDAS calculates watershed processes with user-defined, hydrologically connected subwatersheds. These subdivisions were based on stream networks and topographic variability and secondarily on the locations of flow and water quality monitoring stations to facilitate model calibration. Using this method, 323 subwatersheds were defined for the five watersheds (Figure 4-1).

4.1.2 Stream Representation

Each delineated subwatershed in the MDAS model was conceptually represented with a single stream assumed to be a completely mixed, one-dimensional segment with a constant cross-section. The National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) stream reach network was used to determine the representative stream length for each subwatershed. The stream lengths were used along with the 30-meter National Elevation Dataset to calculate reach slope.

Channel dimensions for a number of segments were available from field surveys. Assuming representative trapezoidal geometry for all streams, mean stream depth and channel width were estimated using regression curves that relate upstream drainage area to stream dimensions (Rosgen 1996). Rating curves consisted of a representative depth-outflow-volume-surface area relationship. Estimated Manning's roughness coefficients of 0.035 were applied to each representative stream reach using typical literature values for natural streams (Chapra 1997).

4.1.3 Land Use Representation

MDAS requires a basis for distributing hydrologic and pollutant loading parameters. This is necessary to appropriately represent hydrologic variability throughout the watershed, which is influenced by land surface and subsurface characteristics. It is also necessary to represent variability in pollutant loading, which is highly related to land practices. Land use typically represents the primary unit for computing both water quantity and quality. In addition to the need for land use data in computing water quantity and quality, nonpoint source management decisions are also frequently based on land use related activity at the subwatershed level. Therefore, it is important to have a detailed land use representation with

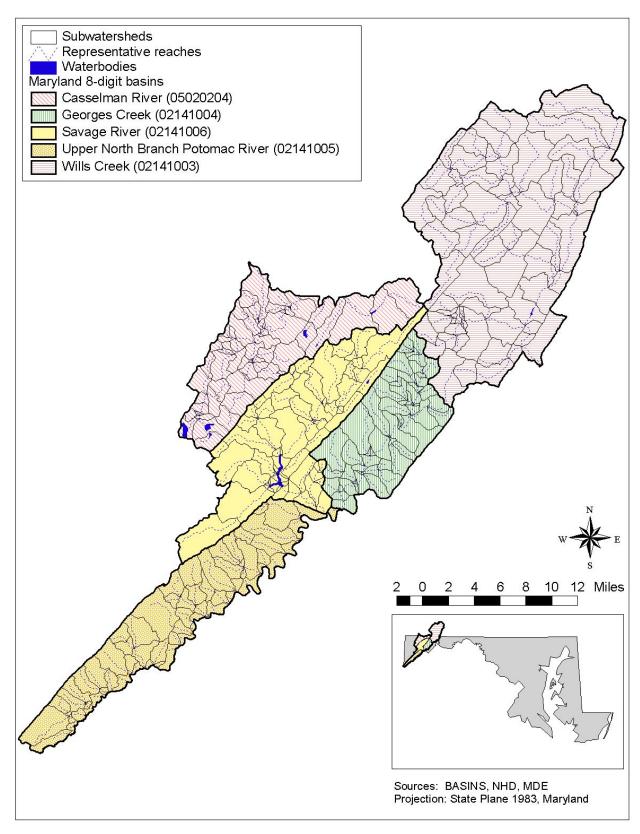


Figure 4-1. Watershed delineation for the western Maryland watersheds MDAS model.

classifications that are meaningful for load allocation and load reduction. The following sections describe the source and rationale for the land use data used in the modeling effort.

Existing land use and land cover in the watershed were determined from information provided by MDP. The land use data for the portion of the watershed in Pennsylvania were obtained from the Pennsylvania Spatial Data Access Website, which is housed at Pennsylvania State University (PSU 2003). It was necessary to reclassify the two land use data sets to make them consistent because each State has its own classification system. The MDE classifications were used as the basis for the reclassification. The detailed MDE classifications were grouped into seven general categories (Table 2-5). Forest land use types include deciduous forest, evergreen forest, and brush. Agriculture includes row crops, orchards, pasture, and non-specific cropland. Urban built-up areas include residential, commercial, industrial, institutional (e.g., schools, hospitals), and major highways.

4.1.4 Meteorological Representation

Hydrologic processes are time-varying and depend on changes in environmental conditions such as precipitation, temperature, and wind speed. As a result, meteorological data are a critical component of watershed models.

Meteorological conditions are the driving force for nonpoint source transport processes in watershed modeling. Generally, the finer the spatial and temporal resolution available for meteorology, the more representative the simulation of associated watershed processes will be. At a minimum, precipitation and potential evapotranspiration are required as forcing functions for most watershed models. For the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, Upper North Branch of the Potomac River, and Wills Creek, where the snowfall and snowmelt processes are a significant factor in watershed-wide hydrology, additional data were required for snow simulation. These data included temperature, dew point temperature, wind speed, and solar radiation.

The available precipitation data for a given station are not always 100 percent complete. An effort was made to select weather stations with a high level of completeness - above 90 percent. However, precipitation stations might contain various intervals of accumulated, missing, or deleted data. In these circumstances, rainfall patching must be performed. Patching involves using the *normal-ratio method*, which estimates a missing rainfall record with a weighted average from surrounding stations with similar rainfall patterns. Accumulated, missing, and deleted data records were repaired on the basis of hourly rainfall patterns at nearby stations with unimpaired data.

After reviewing the available weather data, it was concluded that there were six adequate precipitation gages for the western Maryland watersheds: Buffalo Mills (361087), Meyersdale 2 SSW (365686), Frostburg 2 (183415), Cumberland Police Brk (182285), Savage River Dam (MD8065), and Bayard (460527). The additional weather data were obtained from Oakland 1 SE (186620), Terra Alta No 1 (WV8777), and Elkins-Randolph Co Airport (13729).

Data from these gages were used to develop an input file with hourly time-series data from January, 1987 through May, 2005. An hourly time step for weather data was required to properly reflect diurnal temperature changes (and the resulting influence on whether precipitation was modeled as rainfall or snow) and provide adequate resolution for rainfall/runoff intensity to drive erosion and water quality processes during storms or snowmelt events.

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¹ Accumulated data represent cumulative precipitation over several hours, but the exact hourly distribution of the data is unknown.

4.1.5 Hydrologic and Pollutant Representation

4.1.5.1 Soils

To account for the variability of hydrology characteristics throughout the watershed associated with different soil types or topography, three groups of hydrology parameters were configured in the model. The hydrologic soil group classification is a means for grouping soils by similar infiltration and runoff characteristics during periods of prolonged wetting. Typically, clay soils that are poorly drained have the worst infiltration rates (D soils), while sandy soils that are well drained have the best infiltration rates (A soils).

Hydrologic group data for the TMDL watersheds were obtained from the STATSGO database. The data were summarized using the major hydrologic group in the surface layers of the map unit. Soils in the Casselman River, Georges Creek, Savage River, and North Branch of the Potomac watersheds are primarily classified as C, having moderate to slow infiltration rates when saturated. Soils in the Wills Creek watershed are primarily classified as B, having moderate infiltration rates. These hydrologic groups served as a starting point for the designation of infiltration and groundwater flow parameters during the MDAS setup.

4.1.5.2 Point Sources

Point source contributions of flow and total iron were incorporated into the model. Data were obtained from EPA's PCS database (Section 2.1.7). Monthly flow and pollutant concentrations obtained from discharge monitoring reports (DMR) were used when available (Table 4-1).

Table 4-1. Modeled permitted flow and total iron concentrations

| Basin | Permit | Outfall | Min flow (cfs) | Avg flow (cfs) | Max flow (cfs) | Min conc. (mg/L) | Avg conc. (mg/L) | Max conc. (mg/L) | Data Source |
|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| GC | MD0066958 | 001 | 0.0001 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.02 | 0.201 | 0.357 | DMR |
| GC | MDG499890 | 001 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.048 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG499890 | 002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG499890 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852161 | 001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852161 | 002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852161 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852427 | 001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852427 | 002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852427 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852802 | 001 | 0.000 | 8.439E-05 | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.041 | 2.460 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852802 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.0008 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.158 | 2.580 | DMR |
| GC | MDG852802 | 014 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859602 | 001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859602 | 002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859602 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859602 | 004 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859613 | 001 | 0.000 | 3.696E-05 | 9.670E-05 | 0.000 | 0.612 | 6.066 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859613 | 002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859613 | 003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859613 | 004 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| PR | MDG859615 | 001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | DMR |
| SR | MD0068691 | 001 | 3.868E-05 | 0.057 | 0.275 | 0.03 | 1.560 | 15.500 | DMR |

Notes:

GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River

4.1.5.3 Nonpoint Source Representation

Nonpoint source contributions of nitrate, ammonium, sulfate, iron, and aluminum were represented in the model through a number of mechanisms. Contributions were land use dependent and represented through surface, interflow, and groundwater outflows. Concentrations were initially based on literature values and then calibrated to correspond to observed concentrations (Section 4.2.2). In addition to the land use-based contributions, specific contributions were also included in the model for atmospheric deposition and mine seepage.

Atmospheric deposition was represented by two different pathways in the model: dry deposition and wet deposition. Both pathways were represented similarly for land uses and included contributions for nitrate, ammonium, and sulfate. Dry-weather deposition was represented using a constant load over time (weight/area/time). Wet deposition was represented by associating a specified concentration with precipitation data in the model. Data for both types of deposition were obtained from EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards at Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. The data are a result of air quality modeling in support of the CAIR. The data include concentrations of sulfate and nitrogen oxides in wet and dry deposition. For additional information on these data, please see the *Technical Support Document for the Final Clean Air Interstate Rule—Air Quality Modeling* (USEPA 2005e).

Dry and wet deposition was represented for two different time periods in the model. The year 2001 was used to represent current conditions for calibration. Predicted levels for 2020 were used in the model to represent TMDL conditions. These levels are reflective of the CAIR reducing emissions to the 2020 estimated levels. Table 4-2 presents both 2001 levels and predicted 2020 levels.

Table 4-2. Modeled atmospheric deposition concentrations and fluxes

| | | | | | | 2001 | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | Jun. | Jul. | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | | | | Dı | ry deposi | ition (gra | m/acre-c | day) | | | | |
| NH_4 | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.51 | 0.80 | 0.88 | 1.00 | 0.86 | 0.56 | 0.69 | 0.64 | 0.47 | 0.45 |
| NO_3 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.11 |
| SO ₄ | 30.40 | 26.39 | 29.08 | 20.63 | 35.82 | 43.54 | 34.36 | 43.11 | 38.91 | 35.30 | 27.59 | 39.89 |
| | | | | | Wet d | eposition | (mg/L) | | | | | |
| NH_4 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.21 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.17 |
| NO ₃ | 1.11 | 0.96 | 1.32 | 1.16 | 1.34 | 1.22 | 0.69 | 0.54 | 0.47 | 0.43 | 0.95 | 1.85 |
| SO ₄ | 1.14 | 1.44 | 1.58 | 2.47 | 4.18 | 4.17 | 2.16 | 1.93 | 1.31 | 0.85 | 1.39 | 2.43 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 2020 | | | | | | |
| | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | Jun. | Jul. | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | | | | Dı | ry depos | ition (gra | m/acre-c | day) | | | | |
| NH ₄ | 0.40 | 0.42 | 0.62 | 1.08 | 1.22 | 1.55 | 1.22 | 0.63 | 1.05 | 0.96 | 0.71 | 0.59 |
| NO ₃ | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| SO ₄ | 10.51 | 8.83 | 9.38 | 5.82 | 9.13 | 8.92 | 7.96 | 7.27 | 9.41 | 9.74 | 8.25 | 12.43 |
| | Wet deposition (mg/L) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NH_4 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.17 |
| NO_3 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.79 | 0.61 | 0.57 | 0.49 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.44 | 1.85 |
| SO ₄ | 0.63 | 0.73 | 0.97 | 1.34 | 1.90 | 1.58 | 0.86 | 0.81 | 0.59 | 0.47 | 0.79 | 1.26 |

Mine seepage was modeled as a constant input (flow and concentration) at specific, known, abandoned mine locations. Pollutants in the mine seepage included iron, aluminum, and sulfate. Mine seepage

locations were available through MDE and are shown in Figure 2-7, labeled as "Mine seeps/portals from MDE." Flow and chemical data were not provided for most sites, so median values of the available data were used. Table 4-3 presents the flow and chemical data that were used for these seeps and portals.

Table 4-3. Flow and chemical data for mine seeps and portals used in the model (* Higlighted and bolded values are averages for either seeps or portals)

| Basin | Mine seep | Associated | Associated station | Associated | Flow | Iron | Aluminum | Sulfate |
|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|----------|---------|
| Dasiii | or portal | Station | code | station name | (cfs) | (mg/L) | (mg/L) | (mg/L) |
| CR | GR-15- P2 | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| OIX | C-24- | VVIVI- 130 | 01 100 10 | Little Laurel | 0.04033 | 13 | 12 | 701 |
| CR | S1 | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Run | 0.00891 | 2 | 0 | 84 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| | C-48- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 0.03342 | 11 | 0 | 214 |
| | C-49- | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | |
| CR | P1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 0.03342 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| OIX | | VVIVI 1 12 | 11200012 | North Branch | 0.00012 | 10 | | 701 |
| | C-49- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 0.00780 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| CR | C-50- | \A/\A_440 | NDC0070 | Casselman | 0.00040 | 24 | | 626 |
| CR | S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River North Branch | 0.03342 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | C-50- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 0.01782 | 20 | 1 | 12 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| | C-51- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 0.01114 | 51 | 0 | 247 |
| | 0.54 | | | North Branch | | | | |
| CR | C-51- S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | Casselman River | 0.05570 | 69 | 0 | 556 |
| CIX | 32 | VVIVI-142 | NDCOOTZ | North Branch | 0.03370 | 09 | 0 | 330 |
| | C-48- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 0.03342 | 11 | 0 | 214 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| 0.0 | C-49- | 1000 4 4 5 | NDOOOO | Casselman | 0.00040 | 4= | 40 | 704 |
| CR | P1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 0.03342 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| | C-49- | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 0.00780 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| | C-50- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 0.03342 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | 0.50 | | | North Branch | | | | |
| CR | C-50- S2 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | Casselman River | 0.01782 | 20 | 1 | 12 |
| OIX | C-50- | V V IVI- 140 | 14000090 | Pleasant | 0.01702 | 20 | 1 | 14 |
| CR | S1 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | 0.03342 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | C-50- | | | Pleasant | | | | |
| CR | S2 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | 0.01782 | 20 | 1 | 12 |
| | | | | North Branch | | | | |
| CD | C-48- | \A/\A_140 | NDC0406 | Casselman | 0.02242 | 4.4 | | 044 |
| CR | S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River North Branch | 0.03342 | 11 | 0 | 214 |
| | C-49- | | | Casselman | | | | |
| CR | P1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 0.03342 | 15 | 12 | 761 |

Table 4-3. (continued)

| Table 4 | -3. (contir | nued) | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated Station | Associated station code | Associated station name | Flow (cfs) | Iron (mg/L) | Aluminum (mg/L) | Sulfate (mg/L) |
| CR | C-49- S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 0.00780 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| | C-50- | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | |
| CR | S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 0.03342 | 24 | 5 | 636 |
| CR | C-50- S2 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 0.01782 | 20 | 1 | 12 |
| GC | BA-05- P1 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.02228 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-05- P2 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.00223 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-05- P4 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.01114 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-05- P6 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.01114 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-05- P7 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.02228 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | G-70- P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | R-48- P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 12 | 16 | 1,033 |
| GC | BA-10- P1 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-10- P2 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-10- P3 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-10- P4 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | BA-10- P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | G-03- P1 | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | G-03- P1 | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| GC | G-52- P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 0.04653 | 0 | 2 | 195 |
| GC | R-43- P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 0.00668 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| PR | Cogley Subsid- P9 | \0/N/ 45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| PR | P-88- P1 | WM-45 WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| PR | P-88- P2 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |
| PR | P-54- P1 | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 |

Table 4-3. (continued)

| Table 4-3. (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated Station | Associated station code | Associated station name | Flow (cfs) | Iron (mg/L) | Aluminum (mg/L) | Sulfate (mg/L) | | | |
| PR | P-03- S1 | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 0.02902 | 24 | 5 | 636 | | | |
| SR | R-52- P1 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.00223 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| SR | R-52- P10 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.00223 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| SR | R-52- P11 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.05570 | 30 | 12 | 2,073 | | | |
| SR | R-52- P7 R-52- | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.00223 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| SR | P8 R-52- | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.00446 | 4 | 6 | 1,150 | | | |
| SR | P9 R-52- | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.00223 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| SR | S1 R-52- | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.02902 | 24 | 5 | 636 | | | |
| SR | S2 FB-08- | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run UT to | 0.05347 | 14 | 7 | 1,562 | | | |
| WC | P1 NG-03- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.00223 | 2 | 2 | 11 | | | |
| WC | P1 NG-03- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.00111 | 0 | 0 | 930 | | | |
| WC | P3 NG-03- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.04653 | 0 | 0 | 799 | | | |
| WC | S1 R-01- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.02902 | 24 | 5 | 636 | | | |
| WC | P1 R-02- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.00557 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| WC | P1 R-03- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.07798 | 5 | 31 | 316 | | | |
| WC | P1 FB-29- | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.03342 | 2 | 1 | 38 | | | |
| WC | P4 FB-01- | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Jennings Run | 0.04653 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| WC | P1 R-05- | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 0.00446 | 3 | 48 | 482 | | | |
| WC | FB-06- | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.13368 | 2 | 9 | 106 | | | |
| WC WC | P1 FB-06- | WM-41 WM-41 | UJH0011 UJH0011 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.22280 | 10 | 0 | 20 | | | |
| WC | P2 FB-08- P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | Jennings Run UT to | 0.22280 | 5 2 | 2 | 647 | | | |
| WC | NG-03- P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | Jennings Run UT to Jennings Run | 0.00223 | 0 | 0 | 930 | | | |
| WC | NG-03- P3 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.04653 | 0 | 0 | 799 | | | |
| WC | NG-03- S1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.02902 | 24 | 5 | 636 | | | |
| WC | R-01- P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.00557 | 15 | 12 | 761 | | | |
| WC | R-02- P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.07798 | 5 | 31 | 316 | | | |

Table 4-3. (continued)

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated Station | Associated station code | Associated station name | Flow (cfs) | Iron (mg/L) | Aluminum (mg/L) | Sulfate (mg/L) |
|-------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | R-03- | | | UT to | | | | |
| WC | P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | Jennings Run | 0.03342 | 2 | 1 | 38 |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

Highlighted and bolded values are averages for either seeps or portals.

4.2 Calibration and Validation

After initially configuring the watershed model, model calibration and validation for hydrology and water quality were performed. Calibration refers to the adjustment or fine-tuning of modeling parameters to reproduce observations. Validation is performed for different monitoring stations without further adjustments to ensure that the model represents other locations as well as it represents the original calibration periods. If the model exhibited a poor validation, the calibration process was revisited. After completing the calibration and validation at selected locations, a calibrated data set containing parameter values for each modeled land use and soil type was obtained.

4.2.1 Hydrology Calibration

Hydrologic calibration was performed after the initial model setup. For MDAS, calibration is an iterative procedure of parameter evaluation and refinement as a result of comparing simulated and observed values of interest. It is required for parameters that cannot be deterministically and uniquely evaluated from topographic, climatic, physical, and chemical characteristics of the watershed and compounds of interest. Calibration is based on several years of simulation to evaluate parameters under a variety of climatic conditions. The calibration procedure results in parameter values that produce the best overall agreement between simulated and observed flows throughout the calibration period.

Eight USGS flow-gaging stations were used for MDAS hydrology calibration and validation (Figure 2-1). These stations are listed in Table 2-2, with periods of record and measures of completeness. The calibration years were selected after examining annual precipitation variability and the availability of observation data. The periods were determined to represent a range of hydrologic conditions including low-, mean-, and high-flow conditions. Calibration for these conditions is necessary to ensure that the model accurately predicts a range of conditions over the entire simulation period.

During calibration, parameters influencing the simulation of runoff, infiltration, and evapotranspiration were adjusted on the basis of land use and soil type. Modeling parameters were varied to keep with observed temporal trends and soil and land cover characteristics. An attempt was made to keep the modeling parameters within the guidelines included in the BASINS Technical Note 6 (USEPA 2000).

Key considerations in the hydrology calibration included the overall water balance, the high-flow and low-flow distribution, storm-flow volumes and timing, and seasonal variation. At least three criteria for goodness of fit were used for calibration: volumetric comparison, graphical comparison, and the relative error method. The calculation of runoff volumes at various time scales (e.g., daily, monthly) provides an assessment of the model's ability to accurately simulate the water budget.

For this model, five stations (USGS 01594936, USGS 01596500, USGS 01599000, USGS 01601500, and USGS 03078000) were used in the hydrology calibration, and five stations (USGS 01594930, USGS 01594950, USGS 01597500, USGS 01599000, and USGS 01601500) were used for validation. Each

station used the period from January 1, 2000, through November 30, 2005, as the model period. Result plots and tables are included in Appendix C.

Stations USGS 016015000 and USGS 01596500 showed the best correlation between predictions and monitoring data. Discrepancies can largely be explained by differences in measured precipitation data (used in the model) and the actual precipitation that fell within the watershed. The weather stations that were used in the model often contained localized storm events that did not occur over the entire watershed, thus creating peaks in the modeled results that were not present in the observed data. Likewise, the model did not predict storms at other times because the precipitation data did not include events that might have occurred in the watershed. These types of discrepancies are common and acceptable in watershed modeling applications. In these watersheds, total flow for March 2003 was underpredicted across the stations, while total flow for September 2004 was over-predicted across the stations, because of weather data that was not representative to the station's drainage areas.

Overall, the calibration and validation results demonstrated that the model predicts hydrology. Generally, the model under-predicted winter flows and over-predicted summer flows.

4.2.2 Water Quality Calibration

After hydrology was sufficiently calibrated, water quality calibration was performed. The water quality calibration consisted of running the watershed model, comparing water quality output to available water quality observation data, and adjusting pollutant loading and in-stream water quality parameters within a reasonable range. Recent data (2005) were used for the calibration process to insure that current conditions were simulated.

The 52 stations classified as impaired by MDE were used for MDAS water quality calibration and validation (Table 1-1 and Figure 1-1). Twenty-six stations were used for calibration and 26 were used for validation. The stations were selected on the basis of the amount of data and how recent the data are. The calibration year(s) were selected on the basis of available data.

During calibration, parameters influencing the simulation of water quality were adjusted using land use and soil type. Modeling parameters were adjusted so that model concentrations corresponded with observed concentrations. Calibration and validation were conducted for nitrate, ammonium, sulfate, iron, aluminum, and pH.

For nitrate and ammonium calibration, calibration parameters included the nitrogen transformation rates in the different model layers (surface layer, upper subsurface layer, lower subsurface layer, and streams) and precipitation of organic nitrogen in streams. In addition, a temperature correction for nitrogen transformation rates was calibrated.

The calibration of sulfate was conducted by adjusting stream and subsurface variables. Calibration parameters included desorption ratio (DESORP), sulfate transformation rate (kk₁), and background concentrations, which were land use specific.

After nitrogen and sulfate calibrations were completed, metals and pH calibrations were conducted, mainly with the subsurface chemical reaction parameters and background concentrations. Specific parameters included precipitation rates, metal dissolution constants, base saturation percentage, aluminum solubility constant, carbon dioxide (CO₂) pressure, and the aluminum selectivity constant.

During water quality calibration, it became clear that some calibration and validation locations contain unknown sources of metals, sulfate, or pH. These locations often exhibited higher concentrations than

locations where mine seeps were known to exist. To account for these sources, which were assumed to be unidentified abandoned mines, mining land use was adjusted by removing acres from the forest land use and adding them to the mining land use. The additional acreage was retained during the allocation process. This shift in land use did not adversely affect the hydrology calibration.

Examples of pH calibration and validation are presented in Figures 4-2 and 4-3. Model calibration and validation results, for all parameters, are presented in Appendices D through I. Most of the modeled pH levels were within the pH observed range.

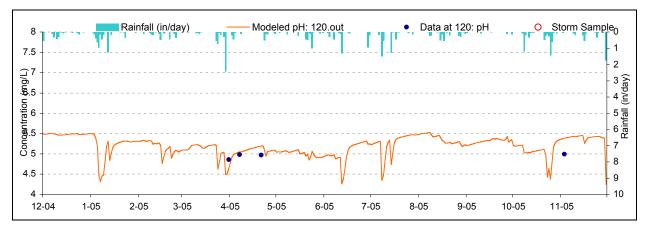


Figure 4-2. pH Calibration plot for Little Shade Run (WM-155/LSR0015).

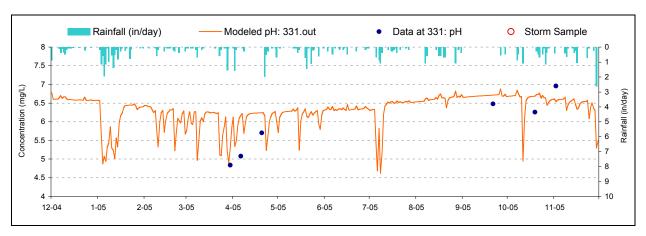


Figure 4-3. pH Validation plot for North Prong Lostland Run (WM-64/NPL0018).

The calibration is acceptable for the purpose of developing the TMDL, though there were instances where the iron, aluminum, or sulfate concentrations were either lower than observed data or higher than observed data. For instance, if the modeled iron concentrations were too low but the pH and the other parameters were fairly well represented, it could mean there is a local source of iron that had not been identified (and thus generally not represented in the model). Similarly, if modeled iron, aluminum, and sulfate (the hallmarks of AMD) are below observed levels and modeled pH is reasonable, the watershed might have a greater acid-neutralizing capability than calibrated for, or there could be an acid-neutralizing source. Additionally, in watersheds where pH predictions reasonably match observations and iron, aluminum, and sulfate are modeled above observed levels, there might be an additional source of acidity not represented in the model. For instance, in the Three Forks Run watershed (WM-54/THR0016), the

Vindex Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation Project is occurring. Iron, sulfate, and aluminum concentrations vary widely along with pH levels. The project uses a lime doser to increase pH. During two monitoring periods the pH was about 10, and the metal concentrations spiked with the pH. These periods are not able to be simulated during modeling.

4.3 Assumptions and Limitations

The goal of the modeling calibration was to determine a set of parameters that best describe hydrologic and water quality processes in the Georges Creek, Casselman River, Savage River, Wills Creek, and North Branch of the Potomac River watersheds. Using the best available data, model output was evaluated at representative calibration gages. The MDAS model is considered to be calibrated to the currently available data. Imprecision in the model output is present, expected and is primarily governed by uncertainty with the model inputs. Some uncertainties with the inputs are corrected during the calibration process (i.e., infiltration rates, interception capacity). Others simply appear as unexplained variance between the modeled and observed data. Model uncertainty is difficult to quantify because it changes as temporal and spatial conditions vary. The remainder of this section outlines the model inputs and limitations most likely to cause uncertainty with the model output.

Weather gages are a likely source of model uncertainty. Only eight precipitation gages were available for the modeling analysis, and they were responsible for generating precipitation data for 647 square miles. In addition, the climate station used for climate data (e.g., temperature, cloud cover) was outside the watershed. The lack of weather gages significantly increases model uncertainty in terms of amount and timing of water flowing through the system. Lack of weather gages particularly increases model uncertainty during storm events (timing and volume of water)

Because of the large watershed size and model limitations, large areas of land were lumped together as modeling subwatersheds. This process inherently simplifies watershed representation and reduces some level of detail.

Point source discharges have the potential to affect flow and water quality in a stream. The MDAS model can account for these sources by using time-series inputs of flow and concentrations. However, most point sources only report data on a monthly basis (or less), and data were extrapolated to provide daily model input. In other cases, very little information was available about the point sources, and best professional judgment was used to estimate flow, timing, or outfall location. Point source uncertainties have the greatest potential to affect model output during low-flow events, when point sources make up a larger percentage of the pollutant load.

Mining information for the model is limited. Few mine seep data were available. The flow information for these seeps were labeled as estimated. The values used for the model are considered assumptions. If more data are obtained and contributions are found to be more significant than current estimates, mine seeps could have an effect on modeled pH. In addition, land area was subtracted from forest land use and added to the mining land use on the basis of observed concentrations. This assumed that on the basis of monitoring data, additional mine lands/seeps were present in the watersheds, though they have not yet been identified.

Each MDAS/HSPF model is driven by the basic physiographic characteristics that make up a watershed—land use, soils, slopes, and geology (Section 2.1). Therefore, physiographic data must be accurate and complete for each subwatershed. Potential uncertainties were introduced into the model because several of these physiographic characteristics were simplified to facilitate modeling. In addition, physiographic characteristics change over time and are not necessarily represented by the available data and the chosen calibration period

The model was built to simulate only iron, aluminum, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium. These constituents were assumed to have the greatest impact on pH levels in the watershed, after a review of available data. There are other metals and ions that could affect pH, but these were not included in the model.

Atmospheric deposition was based on a regional model and predicted values. It was assumed to contribute at a constant rate (in terms of dry deposition) and a constant concentration (for wet deposition) over multiple years and the entire watershed.

For LAs, the CO₂ pressure was adjusted at a number of locations because CO₂ is created by respiration and the decay of organic matter. For acidic streams with pH levels as low as 4.4, these processes do not occur. With improved pH levels, these processes are likely to occur, thus changing the CO₂ pressure to values reflective of less impaired watersheds.

The following is a list of the major limitations and assumptions in the MDAS model for predicting pH:

- No explicit AMD chemical reactions are incorporated.
- Chemical reactions are based on an equilibrium concept, with no kinetic considerations.
- Nitrogen transformations are assumed to be a first-order reaction.
- Sulfate adsorption to soil particles is assumed to be linear.
- Generated soil CO₂ follows a seasonal sine curve.

4.4 Baseline Model Results

The calibrated and validated model was run for a *baseline* or existing condition. This condition was essentially the starting point for TMDL analysis. For the baseline condition, permit flows and permit limits were included in the model instead of observed DMR flows and concentrations. (Permit information is provided in Table 2-9.) By using these permit values, the total loading from a point source is included in the model.

To give a sense of the extent of impairment at each location, the existing modeled pH minimum, mean, and maximum are presented in Table 4-4. Streams that exhibited lower pH minimum values generally required the greatest load reductions to achieve pH criteria. The model was run for the period of December 1, 2004, through November 30, 2005. This produced daily loads that were then summed over the year to create the annual loads, which are presented in Table 4-5 and subsequent tables.

Tables 4-5 through 4-7 present existing (before TMDL reductions) total daily loads per watershed, annual loads per watershed, loads from atmospheric deposition, and loads from mine seeps. Table 4-5 presents the total existing modeled loads for the model year for iron, aluminum, sulfate, and ammonium at each station. Table 4-6 presents the existing yearly atmospheric loads for sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium, on the basis of information presented in Table 4-2 over each impaired watershed. Table 4-7 presents the existing yearly loads of iron, aluminum, and sulfate from mine seeps and portals in the impaired watersheds on the basis of information presented in Table 4-3.

Table 4-4. Modeled baseline pH minimum, mean, and maximum

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station | рН | рН | рН |
|-------|---------|--------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | name Meadow Run | minimum 5.54 | average 6.52 | maximum 6.86 |
| | | | Little Laurel | | | |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Run | 4.22 | 5.26 | 5.61 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 5.57 | 6.95 | 7.78 |
| CR | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 4.67 | 6.37 | 6.61 |
| CR | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 4.41 | 6.69 | 7.50 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 5.21 | 6.47 | 6.82 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 4.20 | 5.17 | 5.55 |
| CR | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 4.23 | 6.60 | 7.67 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 4.25 | 5.31 | 5.63 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 4.75 | 6.84 | 7.88 |
| CR | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 4.26 | 6.87 | 7.73 |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 4.85 | 6.92 | 8.07 |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 4.36 | 5.32 | 6.16 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 4.25 | 5.20 | 5.53 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 4.06 | 6.67 | 7.12 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 4.15 | 6.90 | 7.44 |
| GC | WM-113 | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 4.04 | 7.24 | 7.69 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 4.42 | 6.94 | 7.19 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 5.16 | 7.06 | 7.25 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 4.52 | 6.96 | 7.21 |
| GC | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 4.34 | 6.88 | 7.16 |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 4.44 | 6.09 | 6.28 |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 4.03 | 5.95 | 6.27 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 4.15 | 7.33 | 7.71 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 4.46 | 6.02 | 6.85 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 6.28 | 6.98 | 7.48 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 4.45 | 6.31 | 7.60 |

Table 4-4. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station | рН | рН | рН |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|--|---------|---------|---------|
| D uoiii | - Ctution | | name | minimum | average | maximum |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 4.77 | 6.25 | 7.31 |
| PR | WM-50 | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 4.66 | 6.79 | 7.41 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 4.51 | 6.60 | 7.32 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 4.73 | 6.37 | 7.51 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 4.88 | 6.90 | 7.34 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 5.80 | 6.47 | 6.78 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 3.49 | 4.43 | 5.54 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 3.36 | 4.31 | 5.13 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 4.62 | 6.31 | 6.89 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 4.55 | 5.53 | 6.26 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 4.69 | 6.36 | 6.91 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | UT to Savage River above Aaron Run | 4.62 | 6.17 | 6.56 |
| SR | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 4.37 | 5.43 | 6.94 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 4.29 | 5.67 | 6.56 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 3.92 | 4.48 | 5.04 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 6.07 | 6.89 | 7.28 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 5.73 | 6.42 | 6.84 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 4.25 | 5.61 | 6.19 |
| SR | WM-96 | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 4.45 | 6.80 | 7.87 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 4.38 | 6.80 | 7.82 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 4.20 | 6.72 | 7.48 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 3.72 | 5.85 | 6.22 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 4.42 | 5.85 | 6.13 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 4.83 | 6.70 | 7.17 |
| WC | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 3.99 | 5.76 | 6.17 |

Note: CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

Table 4-5. Modeled baseline iron, aluminum, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium yearly loads

| | modeliou | baseinie no | n, aluminum, sulfate | , miliale, e | | indin yeariy | 10003 | |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 18,918 | 13,749 | 446,478 | 7,006 | 1,116 |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 407 | 741 | 25,450 | 169 | 22 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 4,413 | 6,206 | 222,637 | 2,431 | 335 |
| | WM- | | | , | | • | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| CR | 141 ^a | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 4,843 | 8,912 | 339,676 | 2,698 | 350 |
| | WM- | | North Branch | Í | , | , | ŕ | |
| CR | 142 ^b | NBC0072 | Casselman River | 153,336 | 103,684 | 1,534,917 | 17,972 | 2,530 |
| | | | South Branch | ĺ | , | , , | ŕ | , |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | Casselman River | 6,360 | 11,769 | 438,472 | 3,608 | 467 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 1,664 | 2,874 | 133,586 | 976 | 118 |
| | WM- | | North Branch | | · | · | | |
| CR | 145 ^c | NBC0090 | Casselman River | 140,678 | 87,295 | 883,295 | 10,639 | 1,535 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 1,337 | 2,383 | 100,347 | 767 | 95 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 12,783 | 12,904 | 473,756 | 6,278 | 921 |
| | WM- | | North Branch | ĺ | , | • | ŕ | |
| CR | 148 ^d | NBC0106 | Casselman River | 27,440 | 23,128 | 614,050 | 8,201 | 1,198 |
| | | | UT to North Branch | ĺ | , | • | ŕ | , |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | Casselman River | 4,078 | 3,854 | 135,434 | 1,667 | 243 |
| | | | UT to North Branch | ĺ | , | • | ŕ | |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | Casselman River | 5,118 | 6,665 | 290,909 | 3,385 | 463 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 4,023 | 6,765 | 350,629 | 3,703 | 474 |
| | | | UT to Georges | | · | · | | |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | 129,493 | 55,271 | 390,267 | 8,422 | 1,875 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 183,816 | 62,592 | 376,323 | 4,901 | 1,094 |
| | WM- | | | | | | | |
| GC | 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 162,017 | 71,420 | 601,487 | 19,636 | 4,856 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 34,248 | 16,648 | 177,755 | 7,842 | 2,074 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 947 | 2,194 | 11,067 | 447 | 98 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 21,552 | 10,589 | 118,776 | 5,245 | 1,380 |
| | WM- | | | | | | | |
| GC | 119 ^f | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 147,676 | 67,600 | 551,187 | 26,146 | 7,197 |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 49,875 | 24,016 | 246,232 | 10,634 | 2,831 |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 102,371 | 44,034 | 345,645 | 7,616 | 1,663 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 105,641 | 45,276 | 376,171 | 8,361 | 1,840 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 15,601 | 27,332 | 934,941 | 10,959 | 1,160 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 34,228 | 64,855 | 1,966,367 | 24,607 | 2,675 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 11,278 | 18,314 | 563,696 | 6,981 | 756 |
| | | | Right Prong Three | | | | | |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Forks Run | 17,942 | 46,735 | 16,299,485 | 13,598 | 1,493 |
| | _ | | North Prong | | | | | |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | Lostland Run | 36,322 | 70,015 | 2,161,796 | 26,678 | 2,899 |
| | | | South Prong | | | | | |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Lostland Run | 17,893 | 34,529 | 1,043,066 | 13,032 | 1,421 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 36,076 | 76,266 | 17,241,555 | 24,603 | 2,658 |
| | | | UT to Three Forks | | | | | |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Run | 1,759 | 5,812 | 1,913,004 | 1,328 | 137 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 7,878 | 18,423 | 557,151 | 5,508 | 567 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 303,540 | 281,473 | 2,511,018 | 8,608 | 907 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 301,955 | 276,000 | 871,252 | 7,731 | 810 |
| | | | North Prong | | | | | |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Lostland Run | 24,296 | 47,302 | 1,429,071 | 17,778 | 1,944 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 5,663 | 9,167 | 266,851 | 3,387 | 374 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 12,175 | 23,024 | 681,250 | 8,640 | 952 |
| | | | UT to Savage River | | | | | |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | above Aaron Run | 8,238 | 14,590 | 694,782 | 4,390 | 457 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 8,340 | 21,686 | 10,089,103 | 4,758 | 496 |

Table 4-5. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 202,565 | 157,404 | 678,333 | 5,174 | 578 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 1,048 | 2,853 | 1,240,601 | 462 | 50 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 308 | 442 | 105,161 | 1,497 | 148 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 63 | 109 | 8,827 | 319 | 34 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 339,425 | 310,533 | 149,294 | 8,241 | 946 |
| SR | WM-96 ¹ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 75,813 | 23,027 | 151,535 | 6,217 | 726 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 74,767 | 22,501 | 88,919 | 4,750 | 557 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 6,626 | 15,345 | 81,770 | 2,308 | 635 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 21,650 | 47,307 | 119,484 | 13,171 | 3,310 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 14,763 | 33,199 | 209,447 | 4,989 | 1,317 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 56,814 | 131,112 | 649,571 | 19,522 | 5,311 |
| WC | WM-41 ^J | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 35,810 | 80,138 | 298,812 | 18,008 | 4,656 |

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

Table 4-6. Baseline (2001) yearly loads from atmospheric deposition

| | | Station | | - | Dry (lb/vr) | | | Wet | |
|-------|---------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|
| Basin | Station | code | Station name | Sulfate | (lb/yr) Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | (lb/yr) Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 33,051 | 118 | 871 | 26,328 | 11,667 | 2,470 |
| | | | Little Laurel | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Run | 2,371 | 8 | 62 | 1,889 | 837 | 177 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 16,246 | 58 | 428 | 12,941 | 5,735 | 1,214 |
| CR | WM-141 ^a | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 26,855 | 96 | 707 | 21,392 | 9,480 | 2,007 |
| CR | WM-142 ^b | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 229,953 | 819 | 6,058 | 183,173 | 81,174 | 17,183 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 33,558 | 120 | 884 | 26,732 | | |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 9,597 | 34 | 253 | 7,644 | 11,846 3,388 | 2,508 717 |
| | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-145 ^c | NBC0090 | River | 138,202 | 492 | 3,641 | 110,088 | 48,786 | 10,327 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 7,335 | 26 | 193 | 5,843 | 2,589 | 548 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 32,506 | 116 | 856 | 25,893 | 11,475 | 2,429 |
| CR | WM-148 ^d | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 124,372 | 443 | 3,276 | 99,070 | 43,903 | 9,293 |
| | | | UT to North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | River | 9,551 | 34 | 252 | 7,608 | 3,372 | 714 |

^a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

^b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

[°]WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125. WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

^j WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

Table 4-6. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station | Station name | | Dry (lb/yr) | | | Wet (lb/yr) | |
|--------|---------------------|---------|--|---------|----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------------|
| Dasiii | Station | code | Otation name | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| | | | UT to North | | | | | | |
| | | | Branch | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | Casselman River | 18,783 | 67 | 495 | 14,962 | 6,630 | 1,403 |
| OIX | VVIVI-131 | ONAGOTS | Little Shade | 10,700 | 07 | 733 | 14,302 | 0,000 | 1,700 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Run | 23,019 | 82 | 606 | 18,336 | 8,126 | 1,720 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 31,035 | 111 | 818 | 24,721 | 10,955 | 2,319 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 117,915 | 420 | 3,106 | 93.927 | 41,624 | 8,811 |
| GC | WM-113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 60,747 | 216 | 1,600 | 48,389 | 21,444 | 4,539 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 24,932 | 89 | 657 | 19,860 | 8,801 | 1,863 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 20,027 | 71 | 528 | 15,953 | 7,070 | 1,496 |
| | | | UT to Jackson | | | | , | ., | 1,100 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | Run | 18,009 | 64 | 474 | 14,346 | 6,357 | 1,346 |
| | | | Winebrenner | | | | | | |
| GC | WM-119 ^f | WBN0002 | Run | 45,871 | 163 | 1,208 | 36,540 | 16,193 | 3,428 |
| | | | Winebrenner | | | | | | |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Run | 33,756 | 120 | 889 | 26,889 | 11,916 | 2,522 |
| | | | UT to Moores | | | | | | |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | Run | 33,845 | 121 | 892 | 26,960 | 11,947 | 2,529 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 39,522 | 141 | 1,041 | 31,482 | 13,951 | 2,953 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 33,408 | 119 | 880 | 26,612 | 11,793 | 2,496 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 71,255 | 254 | 1,877 | 56,759 | 25,153 | 5,324 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 19,657 | 70 | 518 | 15,658 | 6,939 | 1,469 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 28,756 | 102 | 758 | 22,906 | 10,151 | 2,149 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 77,183 | 275 | 2,033 | 61,482 | 27,246 | 5,767 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 36,515 | 130 | 962 | 29,087 | 12,890 | 2,729 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 97,799 | 348 | 2,576 | 77,904 | 34,523 | 7,308 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 4,080 | 15 | 107 | 3,250 | 1,440 | 305 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 21,264 | 76 | 560 | 16,939 | 7,506 | 1,589 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 131,134 | 467 | 3,455 | 104,457 | 46,291 | 9,799 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 22,321 | 79 | 588 | 17,780 | 7,879 | 1,668 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 50,544 | 180 | 1,332 | 40,262 | 17,842 | 3,777 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 9,573 | 34 | 252 | 7,626 | 3,379 | 715 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 24,118 | 86 | 635 | 19,212 | 8,514 | 1,802 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | UT to Savage River above Aaron Run | 41,436 | 148 | 1,092 | 33,006 | 14,627 | 3,096 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 54,925 | 196 | 1,447 | 43,751 | 19,389 | 4,104 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 24,770 | 88 | 653 | 19,731 | 8,744 | 1,851 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 11,276 | 40 | 297 | 8,982 | 3,980 | 843 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 22,442 | 80 | 591 | 17,877 | 7,922 | 1,677 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 9,057 | 32 | 239 | 7,214 | 3,197 | 677 |

Table 4-6. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station | Station name | | Dry (lb/yr) | | | Wet (lb/yr) | |
|--------|--------------------|---------|------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------------|
| Dasiii | Station | code | Station name | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 33,806 | 120 | 891 | 26,929 | 11,934 | 2,526 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 28,767 | 102 | 758 | 22,915 | 10,155 | 2,150 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 19,964 | 71 | 526 | 15,902 | 7,047 | 1,492 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 3,375 | 12 | 89 | 2,688 | 1,191 | 252 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 30,705 | 109 | 809 | 24,458 | 10,839 | 2,294 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 16,664 | 59 | 439 | 13,274 | 5,883 | 1,245 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 38,251 | 136 | 1,008 | 30,470 | 13,503 | 2,858 |
| WC | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 38,725 | 138 | 1,020 | 30,847 | 13,670 | 2,894 |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

Table 4-7. Baseline yearly loads from mine seeps and portals

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated station | Associated station code | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| CR | GR-15-P2 | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| CR | C-24-S1 | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 35.1 | 0.0 | 1,474 |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 723.7 | 0.0 | 14,080 |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 986.9 | 789.5 | 50,100 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 368.5 | 75.2 | 9,762 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 1579.1 | 322.4 | 41,836 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 701.8 | 35.1 | 421 |
| CR | C-51-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 1118.5 | 0.0 | 5,417 |
| CR | C-51-S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 7566.4 | 0.0 | 60,970 |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 723.7 | 0.0 | 14,080 |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 986.9 | 789.5 | 50,100 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 368.5 | 75.2 | 9,762 |

b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151. cWM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149. e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

^j WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

Table 4-7. (continued)

| Table 4-7. (| continued) | • | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated station | Associated station code | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
| | | | | North Branch Casselman | | | |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River North Branch Casselman | 1579.1 | 322.4 | 41,836 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 701.8 | 35.1 | 421 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 1579.1 | 322.4 | 41,836 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 701.8 | 35.1 | 421 |
| | | | | North Branch Casselman | | | |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 723.7 | 0.0 | 14,080 |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 986.9 | 789.5 | 50,100 |
| <u> </u> | 0.0 | | | North Branch Casselman | | | 33,133 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 368.5 | 75.2 | 9,762 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 1579.1 | 322.4 | 41,836 |
| UN | C-30-31 | VVIVI- 140 | NBC0100 | North Branch Casselman | 1579.1 | 322.4 | 41,030 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 701.8 | 35.1 | 421 |
| GC | BA-05-P1 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 657.9 | 526.4 | 33,400 |
| GC | BA-05-P2 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 65.9 | 52.7 | 3,343 |
| GC | BA-05-P4 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 329.0 | 263.2 | 16,700 |
| GC | BA-05-P6 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 329.0 | 263.2 | 16,700 |
| GC | BA-05-P7 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 657.9 | 526.4 | 33,400 |
| GC | G-70-P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | R-48-P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1099.3 | 1465.7 | 94,628 |
| GC | BA-10-P1 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | BA-10-P2 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | BA-10-P3 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | BA-10-P4 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | BA-10-P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | G-03-P1 | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | G-03-P1 | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| GC | G-52-P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 0.0 | 183.2 | 17,863 |
| GC | R-43-P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 197.3 | 157.8 | 10,014 |
| PR | Cogley Subsid-P9 | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| PR | P-88-P1 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 986.9 | 789.5 | 50,100 |
| FK | F-00-F1 | VVIVI-3 I | SPLUUIU | South Prong Lostland | 900.9 | 769.5 | 50,100 |
| PR | P-88-P2 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| PR | P-54-P1 | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| PR | P-03-S1 | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 1371.3 | 280.0 | 36,331 |
| SR | R-52-P1 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 65.9 | 52.7 | 3,343 |
| SR | R-52-P10 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 65.9 | 52.7 | 3,343 |
| SR | R-52-P11 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 3289.7 | 1315.9 | 227,321 |
| SR | R-52-P7 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 65.9 | 52.7 | 3,343 |
| SR | R-52-P8 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 35.1 | 52.7 | 10,098 |
| SR | R-52-P9 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 65.9 | 52.7 | 3,343 |
| SR | R-52-S1 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 1371.3 | 280.0 | 36,331 |
| SR | R-52-S2 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 1473.8 | 736.9 | 164,435 |
| WC | FB-08-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 8.8 | 8.8 | 48 |

Table 4-7. (Contunued)

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated station | Associated station code | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| WC | NG-03-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,032 |
| WC | NG-03-P3 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.0 | 0.0 | 73,192 |
| WC | NG-03-S1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 1371.3 | 280.0 | 36,331 |
| WC | R-01-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 164.5 | 131.6 | 8,350 |
| WC | R-02-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 767.6 | 4759.2 | 48,513 |
| WC | R-03-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 131.6 | 65.8 | 2,500 |
| WC | FB-29-P4 | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 1374.1 | 1099.3 | 69,753 |
| WC | FB-01-P1 | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 26.3 | 421.5 | 4,232 |
| WC | R-05-P1 | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 526.4 | 2368.6 | 27,897 |
| WC | FB-06-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 4386.3 | 0.0 | 8,773 |
| WC | FB-06-P2 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 2193.2 | 1754.5 | 283,795 |
| WC | FB-08-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 8.8 | 8.8 | 48 |
| WC | NG-03-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,032 |
| WC | NG-03-P3 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.0 | 0.0 | 73,192 |
| WC | NG-03-S1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 1371.3 | 280.0 | 36,331 |
| WC | R-01-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 164.5 | 131.6 | 8,350 |
| WC | R-02-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 767.6 | 4759.2 | 48,513 |
| WC | R-03-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 131.6 | 65.8 | 2,500 |

Notes:
CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

5 ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

A TMDL is the total amount of pollutant that can be assimilated by the receiving waterbody while still achieving water quality standards or goals. It is composed of the sum of individual wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point sources and load allocations (LAs) for both nonpoint sources and natural background levels. In addition, the TMDL must include a margin of safety (MOS), either implicitly or explicitly, to account for the uncertainty in the relationship between pollutant loads and the quality of the receiving waterbody and may include a future allocation (FA) component. Conceptually, this definition is represented by the following equation:

$$TMDL = \Sigma WLAs + \Sigma LAs + MOS + FA$$

In TMDL development, allowable loadings from each pollutant source are summed to a cumulative TMDL threshold, thus providing a quantitative basis for establishing water quality-based controls. TMDLs can be expressed as a mass loading (e.g., grams of pollutant per year) or as a concentration in accordance with 40 CFR 130.2(l). The state reserves the right to revise these allocations, provided that the allocations are consistent with the achievement of water quality standards.

5.1 TMDL Endpoints

TMDL endpoints represent the water quality targets used to quantify TMDLs and their individual components. The water quality criteria for pH allow no values below 6.5 or above 8.5. For pH to meet these criteria, chemical species that affect pH (such as sulfate, iron, aluminum, nitrate, and ammonium) were reduced to raise pH above 6.5. Appendix J (Model Development and Configuration) contains a detailed description of the pH modeling approach.

There are several possible causes for low pH in waterbodies. Atmospheric acid deposition (acid rain) and AMD are being considered as sources in the Western Maryland watersheds. Using these source considerations, sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, aluminum, and iron were selected to predict pH and were assigned allocations to the TMDL endpoint. Sulfate and nitrate are common species in acid deposition.

Acid rain can affect pH of streams over large areas. Sulfate and nitrate were selected as TMDL endpoints because hydrogen ions associate with atmospheric sulfate and nitrate, which, during and after precipitation events, have the potential to add acidity to soils and streams, thus reducing pH.

Ammonia is present in aqueous systems in two forms: ammonia (NH₃) and ionized ammonia (NH₄⁺), also known as ammonium. When ammonia enters stream with low pH, the ammonia becomes ammonium, which might increase pH. When ammonium enters a stream with high pH, it releases hydrogen ions which, in turn, lower stream pH. Ammonium was selected because it is also a result of atmospheric deposition and is a critical chemical species for bacterial-facilitated nitrogen transformation in soils. This nitrogen transformation changes nitrate and other nitrogen species in addition to changing chemical conditions within the soils. This process affects hydrogen concentrations, and thus, affects pH.

Increased acidity from mining activities is also a concern in western Maryland. Aluminum, iron, and sulfate were selected as inputs from the mining areas because these ions and their associated acid loadings can be large enough to influence in-stream pH, depending on local geology and condition of the mines. Decreasing these ions from abandoned mine areas will increase pH. In addition, hydrogen, which is generated from the previously mentioned nitrate and sulfate reactions, dissolves aluminosilicate to form free aluminum ions in soils. The newly generated free aluminum ions can further increase acidity.

These interconnected biogeochemical and physical reactions are simulated in the model to estimate daily stream pH conditions. Although the derived TMDLs are based on best professional judgment using current data in the calibrated model, meeting these TMDLs might not be necessary if alternative remediation and future monitoring prove that pH is being corrected without reducing these parameters.

5.2 Critical Conditions and Seasonal Variations

Federal regulations (40 CFR 130.7(c)(1)) require TMDLs to take into account critical conditions for stream flow, loading, and water quality parameters. The intent of this requirement is to ensure that the water quality of the waterbody is protected during times when it is vulnerable. Critical conditions are the set of environmental conditions, which, if met, will ensure the attainment of objectives for all other conditions. Nonpoint source loading is typically precipitation-driven. In-stream impacts tend to occur during wet-weather and storm events that cause surface runoff to carry pollutants to waterbodies. During dry periods, little or no land-based runoff occurs, and elevated in-stream pollutant levels could be due to point sources. Because of the presence of both point and nonpoint sources in the watershed, both high-flow and low-flow periods were taken into account during TMDL development. This was accomplished through dynamic model simulation (i.e., using the model to predict conditions over a long period of time that represents wet-, dry-, and average-flow periods).

The TMDL must also consider seasonal variation. MDAS model simulation for a multiyear period inherently accounts for seasonal variation. Continuous simulation represents both hydrologic and source loading variability seasonally. The constituent concentrations simulated on a daily time step by the model were compared to the TMDL endpoints. Allocations that met these endpoints throughout the modeling period were developed and are presented in Section 5.3.

5.3 TMDLs and Allocations

For the load reduction simulation (TMDL simulation), the model was run similar to the baseline condition. For the baseline condition, permit flows and permit limits were included in the model instead of observed DMR flows and concentrations. (Permit information is provided in Table 2-9.) By using these permit values, the total loading from a point source is included in the model.

TMDLs and source allocations were developed on a subwatershed basis for each of the impaired watersheds in Table 1-1. TMDL allocations include the LAs for nonpoint sources and the WLAs for point sources. A top-down methodology was followed to develop these TMDLs and allocate loads to sources. Headwaters were analyzed first because their loadings affect downstream water quality. Loading contributions (of aluminum, iron, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium) were reduced from applicable sources to these waterbodies until pH criteria were met. The loading contributions of unimpaired headwaters and the reduced loadings for impaired headwaters were then routed through downstream waterbodies. Using this method, contributions from all sources were weighted equitably, and pH criteria were achieved throughout the system. Reductions in sources affecting impaired headwaters ultimately led to improvements downstream and effectively decreased necessary loading reductions from downstream sources. Source allocations were developed for aluminum, iron, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium.

Allocations were assigned so that pH did not fall below 6.5. Table 5-1 presents the pH ranges in the impaired watersheds after allocations were applied. Subsections 5.3.1, 5.3.2, and 5.3.3 describe WLAs, LAs, and the MOS and FA components, respectively. Table 5-2 summarizes the annual TMDL allocations. Table 5-3 presents the percent reduction of each parameter between the baseline and TMDL loadings. The model was run to for the period of December 1, 2004, through November 30, 2005. This produced daily loads that were then summed over the year to create the annual loads, which are presented in Table 5-2 and subsequent tables. Note that the atmospheric deposition contribution of some parameters

is expected to increase in the model area on the basis of the CAIR model; thus, some TMDL conditions are greater than baseline conditions.

One way to express loads is through load duration curves. Figure 5-1 is an example of a curve for sulfate for Laurel Run (WM-67/LRE0029). Points at the lower end of the curve plot (0 through 10 percent) represent high-flow conditions where only 0 through 10 percent of the flow exceeds the plotted point. Conversely, points on the high end of the plot (90 to 100 percent) represent low-flow conditions. The load duration curve shows the calculation of the TMDL at any flow rather than at a single, critical flow. The official TMDL number is reported as a single number, but the curve is provided to demonstrate the value of the acceptable load at any flow. Tables 5-4 through 5-8 present the maximum daily load by flow percentile range for iron, aluminum, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium, respectively. Appendix J presents additional daily statistics and load duration curves by flow percentile range for each segment.

Table 5-1. TMDL pH minimum, mean, and maximum

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | pH minimum | pH average | pH maximum |
|-------|---------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 6.50 | 7.06 | 7.39 |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 6.51 | 7.02 | 7.28 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 6.50 | 7.10 | 7.84 |
| CR | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 6.50 | 7.04 | 7.33 |
| CR | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 6.53 | 7.04 | 7.80 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 6.50 | 7.06 | 7.36 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 6.51 | 6.99 | 7.26 |
| CR | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 6.59 | 7.06 | 7.85 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 6.51 | 7.02 | 7.29 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 6.51 | 7.09 | 7.93 |
| CR | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 6.57 | 7.06 | 7.82 |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 6.50 | 7.09 | 8.11 |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 6.51 | 7.04 | 7.72 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 6.50 | 6.96 | 7.23 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 6.62 | 7.54 | 7.70 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 7.05 | 7.29 | 7.47 |
| GC | WM-113 | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 7.19 | 7.61 | 7.81 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 6.98 | 7.64 | 7.77 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 6.60 | 7.64 | 7.77 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 6.95 | 7.65 | 7.77 |
| GC | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 6.99 | 7.60 | 7.70 |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 6.95 | 7.61 | 7.71 |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 7.08 | 7.58 | 7.70 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 7.06 | 7.61 | 7.81 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 6.50 | 6.99 | 7.42 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 6.50 | 7.00 | 7.48 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 6.51 | 7.00 | 7.65 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 6.53 | 7.14 | 7.44 |
| PR | WM-50 | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 6.50 | 6.99 | 7.43 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 6.51 | 7.00 | 7.38 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 6.52 | 7.03 | 7.55 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 6.51 | 7.09 | 7.34 |

Table 5-1. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | pH minimum | pH average | pH maximum |
|-------|---------|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 6.50 | 6.99 | 7.28 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 6.80 | 7.11 | 7.61 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 6.92 | 7.13 | 7.43 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 6.50 | 7.01 | 7.41 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 6.50 | 7.02 | 7.67 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 6.50 | 7.01 | 7.42 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | UT to Savage River above Aaron Run | 6.50 | 6.91 | 7.20 |
| SR | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 6.69 | 7.02 | 7.21 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 6.50 | 7.01 | 7.30 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 6.64 | 7.05 | 7.29 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 6.50 | 6.92 | 7.29 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 6.50 | 6.95 | 7.35 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 6.51 | 7.31 | 7.67 |
| SR | WM-96 | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 6.58 | 7.25 | 7.93 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 6.51 | 7.36 | 7.89 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 6.87 | 7.44 | 7.54 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 7.01 | 7.54 | 7.66 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 6.87 | 7.46 | 7.57 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 6.96 | 7.58 | 7.70 |
| WC | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 7.00 | 7.44 | 7.62 |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

Table 5-2. Summary of yearly LA, WLA, MOS, and total TMDLs

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | LA | 1,447 | 1,064 | 31,932 | 3,480 | 1,037 |
| 0.0 | WM- | MDW0008 | Meadow | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 135 | MDWV0008 | Run | MOS | 85 | 63 | 1,878 | 205 | 61 |
| | | | | FA | 170 | 125 | 3,757 | 409 | 122 |
| | | | | Total | 1,703 | 1,251 | 37,567 | 4,094 | 1,220 |
| | | | | LA | 14 | 26 | 840 | 83 | 18 |
| | WM- | LLR0024 | Little | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 137 | LLR0024 | Laurel Run | MOS | 1 | 2 | 49 | 5 | 1 |
| | | | | FA | 2 | 3 | 99 | 10 | 2 |
| | | | | Total | 16 | 30 | 989 | 97 | 21 |
| | | | | LA | 150 | 217 | 7,252 | 1,205 | 286 |
| | WM- | SPI0018 | Spiker Bun | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 138 | 3F10016 | Spiker Run | MOS | 9 | 13 | 427 | 71 | 17 |
| | | | | FA | 18 | 26 | 853 | 142 | 34 |
| | | | | Total | 177 | 255 | 8,532 | 1,417 | 337 |
| | | | | LA | 278 | 519 | 18,962 | 1,329 | 291 |
| | WM- | LLBOOOG | Little | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 141 ^a | 11120009 1 | Laurel Run | MOS | 16 | 31 | 1,115 | 78 | 17 |
| | | | | FA | 33 | 61 | 2,231 | 156 | 34 |
| | | | | Total | 327 | 610 | 22,308 | 1,564 | 342 |

| Basin | 2. (continu Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | North | LA | 16,981 | 12,882 | 234,888 | 8,859 | 2,190 |
| | WM- | NDCCCZC | Branch | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 142 ^b | NBC0072 | Casselman | MOS | 999 | 758 | 13,817 | 521 | 129 |
| | | | River | FA | 1,998 | 1,516 | 27,634 | 1,042 | 258 |
| | | | | Total | 19,977 | 15,156 | 276,339 | 10,423 | 2,577 |
| | | | South | LA | 703 | 1,310 | 46,958 | 1,775 | 389 |
| | WM- | 0040007 | Branch | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 143 | SCA0067 | Casselman | MOS | 41 | 77 | 2,762 | 104 | 23 |
| | | | River | FA | 83 | 154 | 5,524 | 209 | 46 |
| | | | | Total | 827 | 1,541 | 55,244 | 2,088 | 457 |
| | | | | LA | 57 | 100 | 4,394 | 479 | 96 |
| | WM- | A1 E0044 | Alexander | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 144 | ALE0011 | Run | MOS | 3 | 6 | 258 | 28 | 6 |
| | | | | FA | 7 | 12 | 517 | 56 | 11 |
| | | | | Total | 67 | 118 | 5,169 | 563 | 112 |
| | | | North | LA | 13,131 | 7,907 | 55,999 | 5,232 | 1,347 |
| | WM- | NDOOOO | Branch | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 145 ^c | NBC0090 | Casselman | MOS | 772 | 465 | 3,294 | 308 | 79 |
| | | | River | FA | 1,545 | 930 | 6,588 | 616 | 159 |
| | | | | Total | 15,448 | 9,302 | 65,881 | 6,156 | 1,585 |
| | | | | LA | 57 | 103 | 4,129 | 376 | 78 |
| | WM- | T. D | AR0003 Tarkiln Run | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 146 | TAR0003 | | MOS | 3 | 6 | 243 | 22 | 5 |
| | | | | FA | 7 | 12 | 486 | 44 | 9 |
| | | | | Total | 67 | 122 | 4,857 | 443 | 92 |
| | | | | LA | 543 | 561 | 19,108 | 3,089 | 803 |
| | WM- | | Pleasant | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | MOS | 32 | 33 | 1,124 | 182 | 47 |
| | | | | FA | 64 | 66 | 2,248 | 363 | 94 |
| | | | | Total | 639 | 660 | 22,480 | 3,634 | 944 |
| | | | North | LA | 2,543 | 1,900 | 31,737 | 4,036 | 1,049 |
| | WM- | NDOOLOO | Branch | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 148 ^d | NBC0106 | Casselman | MOS | 150 | 112 | 1,867 | 237 | 62 |
| | | | River | FA | 299 | 224 | 3,734 | 475 | 123 |
| | | | | Total | 2,992 | 2,236 | 37,338 | 4,748 | 1,234 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 381 | 364 | 11,991 | 824 | 217 |
| | WM- | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 149 | ZWN0003 | Branch | MOS | 22 | 21 | 705 | 48 | 13 |
| | | | Casselman River | FA | 45 | 43 | 1,411 | 97 | 26 |
| | | | INVOI | Total | 449 | 428 | 14,107 | 969 | 255 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 261 | 346 | 14,022 | 1,685 | 394 |
| | WM- | | North | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 151 | UNA0015 | Branch | MOS | 15 | 20 | 825 | 99 | 23 |
| | | | Casselman River | FA | 31 | 41 | 1,650 | 198 | 46 |
| | | | LINEI | Total | 307 | 407 | 16,496 | 1,982 | 464 |

| Basin | 2. (continu | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | Iron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|--------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | Code | Hame | LA | 239 | 409 | 19,996 | 1,824 | 383 |
| | WM- | | Little | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| CR | 155 | LSR0015 | Shade Run | MOS | 14 | 24 | 1,176 | 107 | 23 |
| | | | | FA | 28 | 48 | 2,352 | 215 | 45 |
| | | | | Total | 282 | 481 | 23,525 | 2,145 | 451 |
| | | | | LA | 1,100 | 501 | 3,242 | 3,891 | 1,514 |
| | WM- | | UT to | WLA | 3.20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 110 | UGQ0000 | Georges | MOS | 65 | 29 | 191 | 229 | 89 |
| | 110 | | Creek | FA | 130 | 59 | 381 | 458 | 178 |
| | | | | Total | 1,298 | 590 | 3,814 | 4,578 | 1,781 |
| | | | | LA | 5,416 | 3,229 | 18,852 | 2,181 | 899 |
| | WM- | | | WLA | 19,693 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | MOS | 1,477 | 190 | 1,109 | 128 | 53 |
| 00 | | | | FA | 2,954 | 380 | 2,218 | 257 | 106 |
| | | | | Total | 29,541 | 3,799 | 22,179 | 2,566 | 1,057 |
| | | | | LA | 11,446 | 5,122 | 40,857 | 8,231 | 4,101 |
| | 10/04 | | la alsa asa | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | WM- 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | h | | | | | |
| GC 113 | | Run | MOS | 673 | 301 | 2,403 | 484 | 241 | |
| | | | | FA | 1,347 | 603 | 4,807 | 968 | 482 |
| | | | | Total | 13,466 | 6,026 | 48,067 | 9,683 | 4,824 |
| | | | Matthew Run | LA | 2,038 | 1,049 | 9,593 | 3,084 | 1,778 |
| 00 | WM- | MTH0000 | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 116 | | | MOS | 120 | 62 | 564 | 181 | 105 |
| | | | | FA | 240 | 123 | 1,129 | 363 | 209 |
| | | | | Total | 2,397 | 1,234 | 11,286 | 3,628 | 2,091 |
| | | | | LA | 314 | 728 | 3,533 | 210 | 81 |
| 00 | WM- | STA0024 | Staub Run | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 117 | | | MOS | 18 | 43 | 208 | 12 | 5 |
| | | | | FA | 37 | 86 | 416 | 25 | 9 |
| | | | | Total | 369 | 856 | 4,156 | 247 | 95 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 1,282 | 667 | 6,427 | 2,081 | 1,177 |
| | WM- | UJB0000 | Jackson | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 118 | | Run | MOS | 75 | 39 | 378 | 122 | 69 |
| | | | | FA | 151 | 78 | 756 | 245 | 138 |
| | | | | Total | 1,509 | 785 | 7,561 | 2,448 | 1,384 |
| | | | | LA | 14,197 | 6,581 | 43,974 | 9,759 | 6,363 |
| | WM- | WBN0002 | Winebrenn | WLA | 6.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 119 ^f | 1.5.10002 | er Run | MOS | 835 | 387 | 2,587 | 574 | 374 |
| | | | | FA | 1,671 | 774 | 5,173 | 1,148 | 749 |
| | | | | Total | 16,709 | 7,742 | 51,734 | 11,482 | 7,486 |
| | | | | LA | 3,392 | 1,716 | 15,183 | 4,189 | 2,437 |
| | WM- | WBN0010 | Winebrenn | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 120 | 44PI40010 | er Run | MOS | 200 | 101 | 893 | 246 | 143 |
| | | | <u> </u> | FA | 399 | 202 | 1,786 | 493 | 287 |
| | | | | Total | 3,990 | 2,019 | 17,862 | 4,929 | 2,867 |

| Basin | 2. (continu | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | LA | 5,221 | 2,295 | 17,304 | 3,573 | 1,316 |
| | WM- | LIMPOOOO | UT to | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 122 | UMD0000 | Moores Run | MOS | 307 | 135 | 1,018 | 210 | 77 |
| | | | IXuii | FA | 614 | 270 | 2,036 | 420 | 155 |
| | | | | Total | 6,142 | 2,700 | 20,358 | 4,203 | 1,548 |
| | | | | LA | 8,980 | 3,903 | 31,370 | 3,937 | 1,455 |
| | WM- | 14.00000 | Jackson | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GC | 125 | JAC0006 | Run | MOS | 528 | 230 | 1,845 | 232 | 86 |
| | | | | FA | 1,056 | 459 | 3,691 | 463 | 171 |
| | | | | Total | 10,564 | 4,592 | 36,906 | 4,632 | 1,712 |
| | | | | LA | 1,724 | 3,031 | 98,993 | 5,414 | 964 |
| | \A/N 4 4 O | TED0004 | Three | WLA | 0.23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Forks Run | MOS | 101 | 178 | 5,823 | 318 | 57 |
| | | | | FA | 203 | 357 | 11,646 | 637 | 113 |
| | | | | Total | 2,028 | 3,566 | 116,463 | 6,370 | 1,134 |
| | | | | LA | 18,911 | 35,795 | 1,042,429 | 12,179 | 2,257 |
| | \A/N 4 40 | MOI 0004 | Wolfden | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Run | MOS | 1,112 | 2,106 | 61,319 | 716 | 133 |
| | | | | FA | 2,225 | 4,211 | 122,639 | 1,433 | 266 |
| | | | | Total | 22,248 | 42,112 | 1,226,387 | 14,328 | 2,655 |
| | | | | LA | 1,246 | 2,031 | 59,693 | 3,440 | 637 |
| | | | 3 Elklick Run | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-45 | 5 EKL0003 | | MOS | 73 | 119 | 3,511 | 202 | 37 |
| | | | | FA | 147 | 239 | 7,023 | 405 | 75 |
| | | | | Total | 1,466 | 2,389 | 70,228 | 4,047 | 749 |
| | | | Right | LA | 1,372 | 3,625 | 1,244,350 | 6,618 | 1,302 |
| | | | Prong | WLA | 0.46 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Three | MOS | 81 | 213 | 73,197 | 389 | 77 |
| | | | Forks Run | FA | 162 | 426 | 146,394 | 779 | 153 |
| | | | | Total | 1,615 | 4,264 | 1,463,941 | 7,786 | 1,531 |
| | | | North | LA | 9,054 | 17,448 | 517,583 | 13,196 | 2,443 |
| | WM- | NIDI GGG4 | Prong | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | 50b | NPL0001 | Lostland | MOS | 533 | 1,026 | 30,446 | 776 | 144 |
| | | | Run | FA | 1,065 | 2,053 | 60,892 | 1,552 | 287 |
| | | | | Total | 10,651 | 20,528 | 608,921 | 15,524 | 2,874 |
| | | | South | LA | 2,890 | 5,586 | 161,641 | 6,438 | 1,201 |
| | | | Prong | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Lostland | MOS | 170 | 329 | 9,508 | 379 | 71 |
| | | | Run | FA | 340 | 657 | 19,017 | 757 | 141 |
| | | | | Total | 3,400 | 6,572 | 190,166 | 7,574 | 1,412 |
| | | | | LA | 3,893 | 7,348 | 1,345,541 | 12,055 | 2,270 |
| | | | Three | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Forks Run | MOS | 229 | 432 | 79,149 | 709 | 134 |
| | | | | FA | 458 | 864 | 158,299 | 1,418 | 267 |
| | | | | Total | 4,580 | 8,644 | 1,582,989 | 14,182 | 2,670 |

| | 2. (continu | Station | Station | TMDL | Iron | Aluminum | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammonium |
|-------|------------------------|----------|----------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|
| Basin | Station | code | name | fraction | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) |
| | | | | LA | 434 | 1,435 | 470,712 | 650 | 118 |
| | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | VVIVI-33 | 20010000 | Forks Run | MOS | 26 | 84 | 27,689 | 38 | 7 |
| | | | I onto rear | FA | 51 | 169 | 55,378 | 76 | 14 |
| | | | | Total | 510 | 1,688 | 553,779 | 765 | 139 |
| | | | | LA | 3,616 | 8,451 | 247,332 | 2,727 | 474 |
| | WM-60 | CHO0016 | Chart Dun | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | VVIVI-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | MOS | 213 | 497 | 14,549 | 160 | 28 |
| | | | | FA | 425 | 994 | 29,098 | 321 | 56 |
| | | | | Total | 4,254 | 9,942 | 290,979 | 3,208 | 558 |
| | | | | LA | 7,765 | 7,296 | 91,327 | 4,205 | 790 |
| | 10/04 04 | LNDOOAA | Laural Dun | WLA | 9.14 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | MOS | 457 | 429 | 5,372 | 247 | 46 |
| | | | | FA | 915 | 858 | 10,744 | 495 | 93 |
| | | | | Total | 9,147 | 8,583 | 107,443 | 4,946 | 929 |
| | | | | LA | 7,700 | 7,060 | 21,740 | 3,777 | 706 |
| | 14/14 00 | =0000 | UT to | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | Laurel Run | MOS | 453 | 415 | 1,279 | 222 | 42 |
| | | | | FA | 906 | 831 | 2,558 | 444 | 83 |
| | | | | Total | 9,059 | 8,306 | 25,576 | 4,444 | 830 |
| | | | North | LA | 5,782 | 11,265 | 326,461 | 8,792 | 1,644 |
| | | | Prong | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Lostland | MOS | 340 | 663 | 19,204 | 517 | 97 |
| | | | Run | FA | 680 | 1,325 | 38,407 | 1,034 | 193 |
| | | | | Total | 6,803 | 13,253 | 384,072 | 10,344 | 1,934 |
| | | | | LA | 1,685 | 2,728 | 76,171 | 1,672 | 317 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | MOS | 99 | 160 | 4,481 | 98 | 19 |
| | | | | FA | 198 | 321 | 8,961 | 197 | 37 |
| | | | | Total | 1,982 | 3,209 | 89,612 | 1,967 | 373 |
| | | | | LA | 3,312 | 6,264 | 177,803 | 4,271 | 808 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | MOS | 195 | 368 | 10,459 | 251 | 48 |
| | | | | FA | 390 | 737 | 20,918 | 502 | 95 |
| | | | | Total | 3,896 | 7,369 | 209,180 | 5,024 | 950 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 910 | 1,615 | 74,432 | 2,248 | 364 |
| | | | Savage | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | River | MOS | 54 | 95 | 4,378 | 132 | 21 |
| OIX | | | above | - | 107 | 190 | 8,757 | 265 | |
| | | | Aaron Run | FA | | | | | 43 |
| | - | | | Total | 1,071 | 1,899 | 87,567 | 2,645 | 428 |
| | 14/25 | | | LA | 684 | 2,048 | 953,471 | 2,392 | 415 |
| SR | WM- 73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | WLA | 420.36 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SΚ | 13 | | | MOS | 65 | 120 | 56,087 | 141 | 24 |
| | | | | FA | 130 | 241 | 112,173 | 281 | 49 |
| | | | | Total | 1,299 | 2,409 | 1,121,730 | 2,814 | 488 |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | LA | 32,714 | 25,425 | 106,854 | 2,625 | 490 |
| | | | Pine | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Swamp | MOS | 1,924 | 1,496 | 6,286 | 154 | 29 |
| | | | Run | FA | 3,849 | 2,991 | 12,571 | 309 | 58 |
| | | | | Total | 38,487 | 29,912 | 125,710 | 3,088 | 576 |
| | | | | LA | 41 | 122 | 52,643 | 231 | 42 |
| | | | UT to | WLA | 18.28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Aaron Run | MOS | 3 | 7 | 3,097 | 14 | 2 |
| | | | | FA | 7 | 14 | 6,193 | 27 | 5 |
| | | | | Total | 70 | 143 | 61,932 | 271 | 50 |
| | | | | LA | 73 | 106 | 23,511 | 765 | 117 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | MOS | 4 | 6 | 1,383 | 45 | 7 |
| | | | | FA | 9 | 12 | 2,766 | 90 | 14 |
| | | | | Total | 86 | 125 | 27,660 | 901 | 138 |
| | | | | LA | 20 | 35 | 2,392 | 163 | 28 |
| | | | | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | MOS | 1 | 2 | 141 | 10 | 2 |
| | | | | FA | 2 | 4 | 281 | 19 | 3 |
| | | | | Total | 23 | 41 | 2,814 | 192 | 33 |
| | | | | LA | 109,634 | 100,322 | 42,278 | 4,169 | 839 |
| | | LSA0028 | Little Savage | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-86 | | | MOS | 6,449 | 5,901 | 2,487 | 245 | 49 |
| O. C | | | River | FA | 12,898 | 11,803 | 4,974 | 490 | 99 |
| | | | | Total | 128,981 | 118,026 | 49,738 | 4,905 | 987 |
| | | | | LA | 24,065 | 7,368 | 54,720 | 3,148 | 637 |
| | | | Damlan Link | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | MOS | 1,416 | 433 | 3,219 | 185 | 37 |
| Ort | | | IXIII | FA | 2,831 | 867 | 6,438 | 370 | 75 |
| | | | | Total | 28,312 | 8,668 | 64,377 | 3,703 | 749 |
| | | | | LA | 23,514 | 7,091 | 24,521 | 2,400 | 496 |
| | | | Damlan Link | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | - | | | | | |
| SIX | | | IXUII | MOS FA | 1,383 2,766 | 417 834 | 1,442 2,885 | 141 282 | 29 58 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Total | 27,664 | 8,342 | 28,848 | 2,823 | 583 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 113 | 269 | 1,285 | 859 | 568 |
| MC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Jennings | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| WC | | | Run | MOS | 7 | 16 | 76 | 51 | 33 |
| | | | | FA | 13 | 32 | 151 | 101 | 67 |
| | - | | | Total | 133 | 317 | 1,511 | 1,011 | 668 |
| | | | UT to | LA | 184 | 438 | 785 | 5,081 | 2,823 |
| 14/0 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| WC | | | Run | MOS | 11 | 26 | 46 | 299 | 166 |
| | | | | FA | 22 | 52 | 92 | 598 | 332 |
| | | | | Total | 217 | 516 | 923 | 5,978 | 3,321 |

Table 5-2. (continued)

| Table 5-2. (Continued) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | TMDL fraction | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammonium (lb/yr) | | | |
| | | | | LA | 251 | 616 | 3,366 | 2,012 | 1,145 | | | |
| | 14/14 27 | 11150000 | UT to | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Jennings Run | MOS | 15 | 36 | 198 | 118 | 67 | | | |
| | | | rtuii | FA | 30 | 72 | 396 | 237 | 135 | | | |
| | | | | Total | 295 | 725 | 3,960 | 2,367 | 1,347 | | | |
| | | | | LA | 1,449 | 21,705 | 15,338 | 7,499 | 4,691 | | | |
| | VVVV 20 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| WC | WM-39 | | | MOS | 85 | 1,277 | 902 | 441 | 276 | | | |
| | | | | FA | 170 | 2,554 | 1,804 | 882 | 552 | | | |
| | | | | Total | 1,704 | 25,535 | 18,044 | 8,823 | 5,519 | | | |
| | | | | LA | 304 | 735 | 2,198 | 6,896 | 4,027 | | | |
| | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | UT to | WLA | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| WC | VVIVI-4 1 | 030011 | Jennings Run | MOS | 18 | 43 | 129 | 406 | 237 | | | |
| | | | Rull | FA | 36 | 86 | 259 | 811 | 474 | | | |
| | | | | Total | 358 | 865 | 2,585 | 8,113 | 4,738 | | | |

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

Table 5-3. Comparison between baseline loads and TMDLs (lb/vr)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 18,918 | 13,749 | 446,478 | 7,006 | 1,116 |
| | WM- | | Meadow | TMDL | 1,703 | 1,251 | 37,567 | 4,094 | 1,220 |
| CR | 135 | MDW0008 | Run | % reduction | 91.0 | 90.9 | 91.6 | 41.6 | -9.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 407 | 741 | 25,450 | 169 | 22 |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 16 | 30 | 989 | 97 | 21 |
| CR | 137 | LLR0024 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 42.4 | 3.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 4,413 | 6,206 | 222,637 | 2,431 | 335 |
| | WM- | | | TMDL | 177 | 255 | 8,532 | 1,417 | 337 |
| CR | 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.2 | 41.7 | -0.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 4,843 | 8,912 | 339,676 | 2,698 | 350 |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 327 | 610 | 22,308 | 1,564 | 342 |
| CR | 141 ^a | LLR0009 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 93.3 | 93.2 | 93.4 | 42.1 | 2.4 |
| | | | North | Baseline | 153,336 | 103,684 | 1,534,917 | 17,972 | 2,530 |
| | WM- | | Branch | TMDL | 19,977 | 15,156 | 276,339 | 10,423 | 2,577 |
| CR | 142 ^b | NBC0072 | Casselman River | % reduction | 87.0 | 85.4 | 82.0 | 42.0 | -1.9 |
| | | | South | Baseline | 6,360 | 11,769 | 438,472 | 3,608 | 467 |
| | 10/04 | | Branch | TMDL | 827 | 1,541 | 55,244 | 2,088 | 457 |
| CR | WM- 143 | SCA0067 | Casselman River | % reduction | 87.0 | 86.9 | 87.4 | 42.1 | 2.1 |

^b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

[°]WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

^e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

^f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

^h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 1,664 | 2,874 | 133,586 | 976 | 118 |
| | WM- | | Alexander | TMDL | 67 | 118 | 5,169 | 563 | 112 |
| CR | 144 | ALE0011 | Run | % reduction | 96.0 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 42.3 | 4.5 |
| | | | North | Baseline | 140,678 | 87,295 | 883,295 | 10,639 | 1,535 |
| | 10/04 | | Branch | TMDL | 15,448 | 9,302 | 65,881 | 6,156 | 1,585 |
| CR | WM- 145 ^c | NBC0090 | Casselman River | % reduction | 89.0 | 89.3 | 92.5 | 42.1 | -3.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 1,337 | 2,383 | 100,347 | 767 | 95 |
| | WM- | | | TMDL | 67 | 122 | 4,857 | 443 | 92 |
| CR | 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | % reduction | 95.0 | 94.9 | 95.2 | 42.3 | 3.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 12,783 | 12,904 | 473,756 | 6,278 | 921 |
| | WM- | | Pleasant | TMDL | 639 | 660 | 22,480 | 3,634 | 944 |
| CR | 147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | % reduction | 95.0 | 94.9 | 95.3 | 42.1 | -2.5 |
| | | | North | Baseline | 27,440 | 23,128 | 614,050 | 8,201 | 1,198 |
| | WM- | | Branch Casselman | TMDL | 2,992 | 2,236 | 37,338 | 4,748 | 1,234 |
| CR | 148 ^d | NBC0106 | River | % reduction | 89.1 | 90.3 | 93.9 | 42.1 | -3.0 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 4,078 | 3,854 | 135,434 | 1,667 | 243 |
| | | | North Branch | TMDL | 449 | 428 | 14,107 | 969 | 255 |
| CR | WM- 149 | ZWN0003 | Casselman River | % reduction | 89.0 | 88.9 | 89.6 | 41.9 | -4.9 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 5,118 | 6,665 | 290,909 | 3,385 | 463 |
| | | | North | TMDL | 307 | 407 | 16,496 | 1,982 | 464 |
| CR | WM- 151 | UNA0015 | Branch Casselman River | % reduction | 94.0 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 41.4 | -0.1 |
| | | | | Baseline | 4,023 | 6,765 | 350,629 | 3,703 | 474 |
| | WM- | | Little | TMDL | 282 | 481 | 23,525 | 2,145 | 451 |
| CR | 155 | LSR0015 | Shade Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.9 | 93.3 | 42.1 | 5.0 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 129,493 | 55,271 | 390,267 | 8,422 | 1,875 |
| | WM- | | Georges | TMDL | 1,298 | 590 | 3,814 | 4,578 | 1,781 |
| GC | 110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.0 | 45.6 | 5.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 183,816 | 62,592 | 376,323 | 4,901 | 1,094 |
| GC | WM- | MIL0001 | Mill Run | TMDL | 29,541 | 3,799 | 22,179 | 2,566 | 1,057 |
| | 111 | WILCOOT | Willi Kuli | % reduction | 83.9 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 47.7 | 3.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 162,017 | 71,420 | 601,487 | 19,636 | 4,856 |
| GC | WM- | JAC0001 | Jackson | TMDL | 13,466 | 6,026 | 48,067 | 9,683 | 4,824 |
| | 113 ^e | 37,00001 | Run | % reduction | 91.7 | 91.6 | 92.0 | 50.7 | 0.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 34,248 | 16,648 | 177,755 | 7,842 | 2,074 |
| GC | WM- | MTH0000 | Matthew | TMDL | 2,397 | 1,234 | 11,286 | 3,628 | 2,091 |
| | 116 | IVITIOUUU | Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.6 | 93.7 | 53.7 | -0.8 |
| | | | | Baseline | 947 | 2,194 | 11,067 | 447 | 98 |
| GC | WM- | STA0024 | Staub Run | TMDL | 369 | 856 | 4,156 | 247 | 95 |
| | 117 | OTAUUZ# | Staub Ixuii | % reduction | 61.0 | 61.0 | 62.4 | 44.8 | 3.5 |
| | | | | Baseline | 21,552 | 10,589 | 118,776 | 5,245 | 1,380 |
| GC | WM- | UJB0000 | UT to | TMDL | 1,509 | 785 | 7,561 | 2,448 | 1,384 |
| | 118 | 0.00000 | Jackson Run | % reduction | 93.0 | 92.6 | 93.6 | 53.3 | -0.4 |

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 147,676 | 67,600 | 551,187 | 26,146 | 7,197 |
| GC | WM- | WBN0002 | Winebrenn | TMDL | 16,709 | 7,742 | 51,734 | 11,482 | 7,486 |
| | 119 ^f | VVBINUUUZ | er Run | % reduction | 88.7 | 88.5 | 90.6 | 56.1 | -4.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 49,875 | 24,016 | 246,232 | 10,634 | 2,831 |
| GC | WM- | WBN0010 | Winebrenn | TMDL | 3,990 | 2,019 | 17,862 | 4,929 | 2,867 |
| | 120 | VVBIVOOTO | er Run | % reduction | 92.0 | 91.6 | 92.7 | 53.7 | -1.3 |
| | | | l | Baseline | 102,371 | 44,034 | 345,645 | 7,616 | 1,663 |
| GC | WM- | UMD0000 | UT to Moores | TMDL | 6,142 | 2,700 | 20,358 | 4,203 | 1,548 |
| | 122 | UNIDUUU | Run | % reduction | 94.0 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 44.8 | 6.9 |
| | | | | Baseline | 105,641 | 45,276 | 376,171 | 8,361 | 1,840 |
| GC | WM- | JAC0006 | Jackson | TMDL | 10,564 | 4,592 | 36,906 | 4,632 | 1,712 |
| | 125 | 3AC0000 | Run | % reduction | 90.0 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 44.6 | 7.0 |
| | | | | Baseline | 15,601 | 27,332 | 934,941 | 10,959 | 1,160 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 2,028 | 3,566 | 116,463 | 6,370 | 1,134 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Forks Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.5 | 41.9 | 2.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 34,228 | 64,855 | 1,966,367 | 24,607 | 2,675 |
| | | | Wolfden | TMDL | 22,248 | 42,112 | 1,226,387 | 14,328 | 2,655 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Run | % reduction | 35.0 | 35.1 | 37.6 | 41.8 | 0.7 |
| | | | | Baseline | 11,278 | 18,314 | 563,696 | 6,981 | 756 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,466 | 2,389 | 70,228 | 4,047 | 749 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.5 | 42.0 | 0.9 |
| | | | Right | Baseline | 17,942 | 46,735 | 16,299,485 | 13,598 | 1,493 |
| | | | Prong Three | TMDL | 1,615 | 4,264 | 1,463,941 | 7,786 | 1,531 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Forks Run | % reduction | 91.0 | 90.9 | 91.0 | 42.7 | -2.6 |
| | | | North | Baseline | 36,322 | 70,015 | 2,161,796 | 26,678 | 2,899 |
| | | | Prong Lostland | TMDL | 10,651 | 20,528 | 608,921 | 15,524 | 2,874 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | Run | % reduction | 70.7 | 70.7 | 71.8 | 41.8 | 0.9 |
| | | | South | Baseline | 17,893 | 34,529 | 1,043,066 | 13,032 | 1,421 |
| | | | Prong | TMDL | 3,400 | 6,572 | 190,166 | 7,574 | 1,412 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Lostland Run | % reduction | 81.0 | 81.0 | 81.8 | 41.9 | 0.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 36,076 | 76,266 | 17,241,555 | 24,603 | 2,658 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 4,580 | 8,644 | 1,582,989 | 14,182 | 2,670 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Forks Run | % reduction | 87.3 | 88.7 | 90.8 | 42.4 | -0.5 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 1,759 | 5,812 | 1,913,004 | 1,328 | 137 |
| | | | Three | TMDL | 510 | 1,688 | 553,779 | 765 | 139 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Forks Run | % reduction | 71.0 | 70.9 | 71.1 | 42.4 | -1.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 7,878 | 18,423 | 557,151 | 5,508 | 567 |
| | | | | TMDL | 4,254 | 9,942 | 290,979 | 3,208 | 558 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | % reduction | 46.0 | 46.0 | 47.8 | 41.8 | 1.6 |
| | | | | Baseline | 303,540 | 281,473 | 2,511,018 | 8,608 | 907 |
| | | | | TMDL | 9,147 | 8,583 | 107,443 | 4,946 | 929 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 97.0 | 95.7 | 42.5 | -2.5 |
| | | | | Baseline | 301,955 | 276,000 | 871,252 | 7,731 | 810 |
| | | | UT to | TMDL | 9,059 | 8,306 | 25,576 | 4,444 | 830 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 97.0 | 97.1 | 42.5 | -2.5 |

| | 3. (continu | Station | Station | | Iron | Alum- | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- |
|----------------------|---|------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Basin | Station | code | name | Load | (lb/yr) | inum (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | (lb/yr) | ium (lb/yr) |
| | | | North | Baseline | 24,296 | 47,302 | 1,429,071 | 17,778 | 1,944 |
| | | | Prong Lostland | TMDL | 6,803 | 13,253 | 384,072 | 10,344 | 1,934 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Run | % reduction | 72.0 | 72.0 | 73.1 | 41.8 | 0.5 |
| | | | | Baseline | 5,663 | 9,167 | 266,851 | 3,387 | 374 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,982 | 3,209 | 89,612 | 1,967 | 373 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | % reduction | 65.0 | 65.0 | 66.4 | 41.9 | 0.1 |
| | | | | Baseline | 12,175 | 23,024 | 681,250 | 8,640 | 952 |
| | | | | TMDL | 3,896 | 7,369 | 209,180 | 5,024 | 950 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | % reduction | 68.0 | 68.0 | 69.3 | 41.9 | 0.1 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 8,238 | 14,590 | 694,782 | 4,390 | 457 |
| | | | Savage | TMDL | 1,071 | 1,899 | 87,567 | 2,645 | 428 |
| | | | River above | | | | | | |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | % reduction | 87.0 | 87.0 | 87.4 | 39.7 | 6.4 |
| | | | | Baseline | 8,340 | 21,686 | 10,089,103 | 4,758 | 496 |
| | | | | TMDL | 1,299 | 2,409 | 1,121,730 | 2,814 | 488 |
| | ah | | _ | % | | | | | |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | reduction | 84.4 | 88.9 | 88.9 | 40.8 | 1.6 |
| | | | Pine | Baseline | 202,565 | 157,404 | 678,333 | 5,174 | 578 |
| 0.0 | | D) (0000 t | Swamp | TMDL | 38,487 | 29,912 | 125,710 | 3,088 | 576 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run | % reduction | 81.0 | 81.0 | 81.5 | 40.3 | 0.3 |
| | | | | Baseline | 1,048 | 2,853 | 1,240,601 | 462 | 50 |
| 0.0 | 14/14 70 | 714/40000 | UT to | TMDL | 70 | 143 | 61,932 | 271 | 50 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Aaron Run | % reduction | 93.3 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 41.2 | 1.7 |
| | | | | Baseline | 308 | 442 | 105,161 | 1,497 | 148 |
| CD | 14/14 00 | MDD0000 | Miller Dur | TMDL | 86 | 125 | 27,660 | 901 | 138 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | % reduction | 72.0 | 71.8 | 73.7 | 39.8 | 6.4 |
| | | | | Baseline TMDL | 63 | 109 | 8,827 | 319 | 34 |
| SR | \\/\\/\\ 01 | DDI 10049 | Dia Dua | | 23 | 41 | 2,814 | 192 | 33 |
| SK | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | % reduction | 63.0 | 62.9 | 68.1 | 39.8 | 4.1 |
| | | | Little | Baseline TMDL | 339,425 | 310,533 | 149,294 | 8,241 | 946 987 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Savage River | % reduction | 128,981 62.0 | 118,026 62.0 | 49,738 66.7 | 4,905 40.5 | -4.3 |
| SIX | VVIVI-00 | L3A0020 | Kivei | Baseline | 75,813 | 23,027 | 151,535 | 6,217 | 726 |
| | | | Danlar Liek | TMDL | 28,312 | 8,668 | 64,377 | 3,703 | 749 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | % reduction | 62.7 | 62.4 | 57.5 | 40.4 | -3.2 |
| OIX | VVIVI 50 | 1 01 0000 | Tall | Baseline | 74,767 | 22,501 | 88,919 | 4,750 | 557 |
| | | | Donlar Liek | TMDL | 27,664 | 8,342 | 28,848 | 2,823 | 583 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | % reduction | 63.0 | 62.9 | 67.6 | 40.6 | -4.8 |
| 0.11 | *************************************** | 1 01 001 1 | | Baseline | 6,626 | 15,345 | 81,770 | 2,308 | 635 |
| | | | UT to Jennings | TMDL | 133 | 317 | 1,511 | 1,011 | 668 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | % reduction | 98.0 | 97.9 | 98.2 | 56.2 | -5.2 |
| - · · · - | | 20.13000 | | Baseline | 21,650 | 47,307 | 119,484 | 13,171 | 3,310 |
| | | | UT to Jennings | TMDL | 217 | 516 | 923 | 5,978 | 3,321 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 54.6 | -0.3 |
| - - | | 20 | | Baseline | 14,763 | 33,199 | 209,447 | 4,989 | 1,317 |
| | | | UT to Jennings | TMDL | 295 | 725 | 3,960 | 2,367 | 1,347 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | Run | % reduction | 98.0 | 97.8 | 98.1 | 52.6 | -2.2 |

Table 5-3. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Load | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Baseline | 56,814 | 131,112 | 649,571 | 19,522 | 5,311 |
| | | | Jennings | | | 25,535 | 18,044 | 8,823 | 5,519 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Run | % reduction | 97.0 | 80.5 | 97.2 | 54.8 | -3.9 |
| | | | UT to | Baseline | 35,810 | 80,138 | 298,812 | 18,008 | 4,656 |
| | | | Jennings | TMDL | 358 | 865 | 2,585 | 8,113 | 4,738 |
| WC | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | Run | % reduction | 99.0 | 98.9 | 99.1 | 54.9 | -1.7 |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

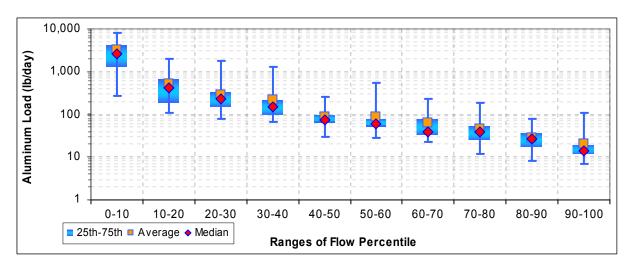


Figure 5-1. Aluminum loads by flow percentile for Laurel Run (WM-67/LRE0029).

Table 5-4. TMDL maximum daily iron loads by flow percentile range (lb/d)

| r | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
|---------|---------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Station | Station | | | | | | | | | | 90- |
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-33 | UJN0005 | Jennings Run | 510 | 701 | 275 | 136 | 286 | 241 | 63 | 41 | 1 | 9 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run | 2,960 | 348 | 129 | 90 | 648 | 361 | 64 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-37 | UJF0002 | Jennings Run | 1,985 | 1,102 | 438 | 246 | 543 | 317 | 86 | 58 | 3 | 13 |
| WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 14,625 | 9,053 | 4,203 | 1,325 | 1,685 | 2,416 | 784 | 532 | 16 | 207 |
| WM- | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41a | UJH0011 | Jennings Run | 3,318 | 1,039 | 438 | 230 | 852 | 600 | 99 | 48 | 3 | 11 |
| | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-42 | TFR0021 | Run | 4,448 | 913 | 1,054 | 449 | 213 | 458 | 213 | 245 | 92 | 129 |
| WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 46,683 | 11,189 | 12,178 | 6,410 | 2,246 | 3,498 | 2,032 | 2,109 | 800 | 1,176 |

^a WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

^b WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

[°]WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^d WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

^e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

h WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

ⁱ WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

| Table 5 | -4. (contin | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Station | Station | | | | | | | | | | 90- |
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 4,004 | 802 | 1,529 | 535 | 134 | 553 | 260 | 363 | 132 | 188 |
| | | Right Prong Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-48 | RTF0005 | Run | 12,111 | 1,334 | 3,165 | 410 | 154 | 897 | 182 | 178 | 83 | 70 |
| WM- | 1(11 0003 | North Prong | 12,111 | 1,334 | 3,103 | 410 | 134 | 071 | 102 | 170 | 0.0 | 70 |
| 50b | NPL0001 | Lostland Run | 21,017 | 5,153 | 4,629 | 2,900 | 1,116 | 1,545 | 825 | 756 | 409 | 427 |
| | 111 20001 | South Prong | 2.70.7 | 07.00 | 1,027 | 2//00 | ., | .,0.0 | 020 | 700 | .07 | 1.27 |
| WM-51 | SPL0016 | Lostland Run | 6,765 | 1,602 | 1,613 | 1,060 | 351 | 621 | 295 | 295 | 135 | 162 |
| | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-54 | TFR0016 | Run | 19,111 | 2,870 | 4,684 | 1,095 | 493 | 1,708 | 481 | 506 | 252 | 248 |
| | | UT to Three | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Forks Run | 3,718 | 241 | 928 | 115 | 43 | 177 | 54 | 28 | 16 | 11 |
| WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 8,104 | 2,127 | 1,081 | 1,141 | 459 | 305 | 257 | 212 | 163 | 108 |
| WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 26,751 | 4,849 | 5,549 | 2,799 | 1,018 | 3,186 | 1,338 | 679 | 373 | 255 |
| WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 26,252 | 4,811 | 5,424 | 2,782 | 1,010 | 3,156 | 1,329 | 674 | 370 | 253 |
| VVIVI-OZ | OLI 0003 | North Prong | 20,232 | 4,011 | 3,424 | 2,702 | 1,010 | 3,130 | 1,527 | 074 | 370 | 233 |
| WM-64 | NPL0018 | Lostland Run | 13,167 | 3,321 | 2,986 | 2,098 | 708 | 1,018 | 549 | 511 | 264 | 288 |
| WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 5,581 | 1,009 | 2,284 | 813 | 168 | 708 | 372 | 523 | 191 | 275 |
| WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 8,556 | 1,910 | 2,343 | 1,288 | 388 | 788 | 394 | 434 | 162 | 239 |
| | | UT to Savage | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | River above | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | 1,586 | 968 | 468 | 273 | 153 | 94 | 73 | 64 | 36 | 15 |
| WM-73 ^c | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 5,371 | 951 | 408 | 210 | 142 | 144 | 49 | 82 | 39 | 17 |
| 14/14 77 | DVC0004 | Pine Swamp | 70 5 44 | 07.004 | 11.0/0 | 0.770 | 7.000 | 4.07.0 | 0.450 | 1.050 | 1.054 | 740 |
| WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run UT to Aaron | 79,541 | 26,824 | 11,863 | 8,779 | 7,222 | 4,060 | 2,450 | 1,859 | 1,054 | 748 |
| WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Run | 288 | 37 | 16 | 24 | 9 | 11 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 90 | 62 | 35 | 24 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 19 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | 2.100010 | Little Savage | ., | | , | | - | , i | | _ | | |
| WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | 474,558 | 146,427 | 43,603 | 43,125 | 26,842 | 30,817 | 11,605 | 7,133 | 3,120 | 2,833 |
| | | Poplar Lick | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-96d | POP0065 | Run | 141,648 | 21,768 | 9,305 | 14,879 | 4,677 | 5,144 | 1,966 | 1,592 | 769 | 848 |
| | | Poplar Lick | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-97 | POP0071 | Run | 139,795 | 21,112 | 8,844 | 14,639 | 4,627 | 5,117 | 1,943 | 1,419 | 714 | 718 |
| 14/14 | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- 110 | UGQ0000 | Georges Creek | 8,363 | 2,523 | 2,149 | 1,486 | 257 | 1,462 | 583 | 823 | 120 | 186 |
| WM- | 000000 | Creek | 0,303 | 2,323 | 2,149 | 1,400 | 237 | 1,402 | 303 | 023 | 120 | 100 |
| 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 50,901 | 30,300 | 18,389 | 14,180 | 957 | 11,846 | 4,633 | 7,584 | 944 | 1,449 |
| WM- | | | 00//01 | 00/000 | 10/007 | 1.1/1.00 | 707 | 1.70.0 | 1,000 | 7,001 | 711 | .,, |
| 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 79,527 | 43,940 | 14,137 | 11,738 | 5,121 | 11,266 | 5,143 | 5,188 | 837 | 1,307 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 10,679 | 14,674 | 6,222 | 2,095 | 5,198 | 4,917 | 1,142 | 740 | 15 | 139 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 4,094 | 658 | 161 | 113 | 85 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| WM- | HIDOOO | UT to | 4 (20 | 0.407 | 4.047 | 1 204 | 2 127 | 2.010 | 710 | 4/0 | 10 | 00 |
| 118 WM- | UJB0000 | Jackson Run Winebrenner | 6,629 | 9,497 | 4,046 | 1,384 | 3,137 | 3,019 | 713 | 469 | 10 | 88 |
| 119 ^f | WBN0002 | Run | 28,510 | 118,787 | 47,847 | 20,508 | 22,934 | 31,515 | 9,980 | 7,087 | 130 | 1,348 |
| WM- | אטטטעוטעע | Winebrenner | 20,310 | 110,707 | 77,047 | 20,000 | ۷۷,/۵4 | 31,313 | 7,700 | 1,001 | 130 | 1,540 |
| 120 | WBN0010 | Run | 17,323 | 25,490 | 10,666 | 3,542 | 6,860 | 7,404 | 1,926 | 1,331 | 26 | 250 |
| WM- | | UT to Moores | ,,,== | | | , | -, | | , | , | | |
| 122 | UMD0000 | Run | 49,773 | 10,945 | 6,904 | 9,365 | 725 | 4,327 | 1,628 | 2,699 | 336 | 513 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 78,326 | 24,263 | 14,116 | 11,655 | 1,563 | 9,873 | 4,034 | 5,185 | 834 | 1,305 |

| | Station | Station | | | | - | | | | | | 90- |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| WM- | 145140000 | | 0.474 | 4.040 | 4.004 | 450 | 4 705 | 0.40 | 000 | | 1.00/ | |
| 135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 8,174 | 1,842 | 4,921 | 453 | 1,735 | 840 | 329 | 694 | 1,296 | 54 |
| WM- | 1150004 | Little Laurel | F.4 | | _ | - | | - | | | | |
| 137 | LLR0024 | Run | 51 | 14 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| WM- 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 1,579 | 122 | 77 | 50 | 65 | 27 | 18 | 21 | 16 | 5 |
| WM- | 3710010 | Little Laurel | 1,379 | 122 | 11 | 30 | 00 | 21 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 3 |
| 1419 | LLR0009 | Run | 1,624 | 282 | 127 | 105 | 96 | 64 | 43 | 25 | 26 | 11 |
| 1419 | LLRUUU9 | North Branch | 1,024 | 202 | 127 | 103 | 90 | 04 | 43 | 20 | 20 | 11 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 142 ^h | NBC0072 | Casselman River | 92,747 | 11,100 | 11,221 | 5,359 | 16,406 | 5,800 | 2,608 | 2,517 | 1,961 | 494 |
| 142" | NDC0072 | South Branch | 92,141 | 11,100 | 11,221 | 3,339 | 10,400 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 2,317 | 1,901 | 494 |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 143 | SCA0067 | River | 4,144 | 684 | 302 | 246 | 288 | 176 | 106 | 60 | 63 | 27 |
| WM- | 3CA0007 | Alexander | 4,144 | 004 | 302 | 240 | 200 | 170 | 100 | 00 | 03 | 21 |
| 144 | ALE0011 | Run | 219 | 57 | 28 | 19 | 35 | 21 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 2 |
| 144 | ALEUUTT | North Branch | 219 | 37 | 20 | 19 | 30 | 21 | 12 | 0 | 0 | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 145 ⁱ | NBC0090 | River | 58,372 | 8,194 | 7,832 | 4,277 | 14,127 | 5,034 | 2,135 | 1,815 | 1,308 | 377 |
| WM- | NBC0090 | Rivei | 30,372 | 0,194 | 1,032 | 4,211 | 14,127 | 5,034 | 2,133 | 1,013 | 1,300 | 311 |
| 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 293 | 56 | 27 | 20 | 31 | 18 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 2 |
| WM- | TAROUUS | Pleasant | 273 | 30 | 21 | 20 | 31 | 10 | - 11 | 0 | 0 | |
| 147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | 4,029 | 538 | 1,229 | 121 | 544 | 240 | 80 | 197 | 289 | 14 |
| 177 | 1 LLOUGO | North Branch | 7,027 | 330 | 1,227 | 121 | 577 | 240 | 00 | 177 | 207 | 17 |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 148 ^j | NBC0106 | River | 12,473 | 1,875 | 2,953 | 600 | 2,937 | 915 | 387 | 597 | 498 | 68 |
| 110 | 1100100 | UT to North | 12,173 | 1,070 | 2,700 | 000 | 2,701 | 710 | 307 | 377 | 170 | - 00 |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 149 | ZWN0003 | River | 2,826 | 382 | 892 | 97 | 409 | 184 | 55 | 139 | 172 | 10 |
| 117 | 20010000 | UT to North | 2,020 | 302 | 072 | ,, | 107 | 101 | | 137 | 172 | 10 |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 151 | UNA0015 | River | 2,565 | 207 | 145 | 76 | 154 | 67 | 41 | 39 | 28 | 9 |
| WM- | 211,10010 | Little Shade | 2,000 | 201 | 1 10 | , 0 | 101 | | | 37 | 20 | , |
| 155 | LSR0015 | Run | 974 | 249 | 124 | 70 | 127 | 79 | 51 | 26 | 26 | 11 |
| Notes: | LONGOID | RMII | ,,, | 217 | 147 | , 0 | 121 | , , | 01 | | 20 | |

Table 5-5. TMDL maximum daily aluminum loads by flow percentile range (lb/d)

| | Station | Station | | | | | | | | 70- | | 90- |
|---------|---------|--------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-33 | UJN0005 | Jennings Run | 1,184 | 1,802 | 633 | 329 | 696 | 616 | 151 | 99 | 3 | 24 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-34 | UJH0015 | Jennings Run | 6,986 | 926 | 294 | 239 | 1,568 | 987 | 171 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-37 | UJF0002 | Jennings Run | 4,607 | 2,616 | 1,005 | 597 | 1,323 | 811 | 207 | 138 | 5 | 35 |
| WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 34,626 | 24,140 | 9,638 | 3,209 | 1,121,243 | 6,088 | 1,890 | 1,284 | 36 | 502 |

^a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

^c WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

^d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125. f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

y WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Table 5 | -5. (contin | ued) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Station | Station | | | | | | | | 70- | | 90- |
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-41 ^a | UJH0011 | Jennings Run | 7,849 | 2,719 | 1,007 | 580 | 2,067 | 1,626 | 262 | 113 | 5 | 28 |
| 14/14/10 | TED 0004 | Three Forks | 0.450 | 0.000 | 4.070 | 704 | 0.40 | | 0.4.4 | 407 | 404 | |
| WM-42 | TFR0021 | Run | 9,450 | 2,022 | 1,369 | 791 | 269 | 630 | 244 | 136 | 104 | 57 |
| WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 110,506 | 27,040 | 16,416 | 14,242 | 3,321 | 3,509 | 2,386 | 876 | 558 | 522 |
| WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run Right Prong | 6,207 | 1,376 | 1,268 | 815 | 207 | 592 | 192 | 160 | 90 | 77 |
| | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-48 | RTF0005 | Run | 15,890 | 3,805 | 2,737 | 1,614 | 553 | 1,921 | 658 | 294 | 345 | 166 |
| ***** | 1111 0000 | North Prong | 10,070 | 0,000 | 2,707 | 1,011 | 000 | 1,721 | 000 | 271 | 0.10 | 100 |
| WM-50 ^b | NPL0001 | Lostland Run | 53,400 | 12,768 | 7,506 | 6,981 | 1,631 | 2,086 | 1,131 | 476 | 326 | 198 |
| | | South Prong | | , | , | , | , | , | , | | | |
| WM-51 | SPL0016 | Lostland Run | 17,068 | 3,920 | 2,454 | 2,567 | 534 | 913 | 394 | 189 | 165 | 72 |
| | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-54 | TFR0016 | Run | 28,025 | 6,261 | 4,551 | 2,655 | 940 | 2,922 | 1,033 | 510 | 563 | 253 |
| | | UT to Three | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Forks Run | 5,912 | 1,109 | 1,137 | 537 | 168 | 618 | 229 | 81 | 27 | 18 |
| WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 26,368 | 6,491 | 3,236 | 3,626 | 795 | 575 | 521 | 188 | 133 | 88 |
| WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 28,098 | 5,601 | 5,370 | 3,473 | 970 | 3,629 | 1,317 | 463 | 188 | 136 |
| \A/\A_/\O | 50000 | UT to Laurel | 07.100 | E 447 | F 000 | 2 200 | 000 | 0.547 | 1 077 | 4.40 | 17/ | 100 |
| WM-62 | ULF0003 | Run | 27,192 | 5,416 | 5,200 | 3,380 | 938 | 3,517 | 1,277 | 449 | 176 | 129 |
| \A/\A / / A | NPL0018 | North Prong | 24 404 | 0.220 | 4 02 4 | E 104 | 1 075 | 1 240 | 7/1 | 205 | 225 | 101 |
| WM-64 WM-67 | LRE0029 | Lostland Run Laurel Run | 34,606 8,188 | 8,320 1,972 | 4,834 1,782 | 5,186 1,258 | 1,075 254 | 1,340 547 | 761 236 | 305 183 | 235 80 | 131 111 |
| WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 19,192 | 4,526 | 2,938 | 2,903 | 598 | 957 | 462 | 201 | 114 | 102 |
| VVIVI-09 | GLR0031 | UT to Savage | 19,192 | 4,320 | 2,930 | 2,903 | 370 | 937 | 402 | 201 | 114 | 102 |
| | | River above | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | 5,033 | 2,711 | 1,024 | 432 | 137 | 77 | 60 | 52 | 29 | 12 |
| WM-73 ^c | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 7,443 | 4,947 | 1,822 | 776 | 555 | 783 | 136 | 382 | 127 | 17 |
| | | Pine Swamp | | | , | | | | | | | |
| WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run | 78,897 | 28,763 | 9,865 | 7,389 | 6,157 | 3,271 | 1,250 | 620 | 230 | 163 |
| | | UT to Aaron | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Run | 416 | 189 | 66 | 34 | 36 | 64 | 10 | 31 | 10 | 1 |
| WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 323 | 178 | 67 | 28 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 99 | 52 | 15 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 14/14/07 | 101000 | Little Savage | 400.040 | 475 //0 | 47.007 | 45.004 | 00.000 | 0/ 5/4 | 44 504 | F 000 | 0.004 | 4 (05 |
| WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | 429,268 | 175,663 | 47,206 | 45,304 | 28,023 | 36,561 | 11,591 | 5,099 | 2,004 | 1,695 |
| WM-96d | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 37,938 | 8,450 | 2,977 | 3,316 | 1,843 | 2,284 | 729 | 294 | 104 | 120 |
| VVIVI-90° | PUP0003 | Poplar Lick | 37,930 | 0,430 | 2,911 | 3,310 | 1,043 | 2,204 | 129 | 294 | 104 | 120 |
| WM-97 | POP0071 | Run | 37,222 | 8,276 | 2,885 | 3,260 | 1,810 | 2,271 | 721 | 270 | 96 | 104 |
| VVIVI-77 | 1 01 0071 | UT to | 31,222 | 0,270 | 2,003 | 3,200 | 1,010 | 2,211 | 721 | 270 | 70 | 104 |
| WM- | | Georges | | | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | UGQ0000 | Creek | 3,441 | 1,161 | 1,576 | 603 | 106 | 500 | 204 | 280 | 45 | 63 |
| WM- | | | | | , | | | | | | | |
| 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 19,395 | 11,332 | 6,632 | 5,290 | 408 | 4,043 | 1,609 | 2,522 | 351 | 482 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 34,664 | 19,202 | 5,736 | 5,000 | 3,154 | 4,398 | 1,833 | 1,764 | 314 | 437 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 5,476 | 6,511 | 2,713 | 969 | 3,217 | 1,928 | 430 | 298 | 23 | 108 |
| WM- | 0710001 | 0, 15 | 40.000 | 4 770 | 400 | 070 | 000 | 40 | | _ | _ | 0 |
| 117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 10,822 | 1,773 | 402 | 272 | 202 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
| WM- | HIDOOO | UT to | 2 424 | 4 222 | 1 704 | 4 E E | 1 0/10 | 1 10/ | 250 | 100 | 10 | 40 |
| 118 WM- | UJB0000 | Jackson Run Winebrenner | 3,426 | 4,222 | 1,704 | 655 | 1,942 | 1,184 | 259 | 189 | 15 | 68 |
| 119 ^f | WBN0002 | Run | 14,691 | 50,451 | 20,153 | 8,682 | 14,161 | 12,133 | 3,608 | 2,842 | 193 | 1,085 |
| 117 | VV DIVUUUZ | Ruii | 17,071 | JU,4J I | 20,100 | 0,002 | 14,101 | 12,133 | 3,000 | 2,042 | 173 | 1,000 |

| Table 5- | -5. (contin | | | | | | | | | 70 | | 00 |
|------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70- 80 | 80-90 | 90- 100 |
| WM- | coue | Winebrenner | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-30 | 30-00 | 00-70 | 00 | 00-70 | 100 |
| 120 | WBN0010 | Run | 8,876 | 11,155 | 4,653 | 1,638 | 4,243 | 2,886 | 697 | 535 | 40 | 194 |
| WM- | | UT to Moores | 0,070 | , | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1/2 10 | 2,000 | 077 | | | .,, |
| 122 | UMD0000 | Run | 22,020 | 4,917 | 2,725 | 3,957 | 406 | 1,482 | 567 | 918 | 126 | 172 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 34,063 | 10,880 | 5,562 | 4,955 | 851 | 3,372 | 1,401 | 1,761 | 311 | 435 |
| WM- | MDW000 | M 1 D | 4 4 0 7 | 1 004 | /50 | 400 | //0 | 010 | 1.10 | 1/1 | 1// | 15 |
| 135 WM- | 8 | Meadow Run | 4,197 | 1,324 | 650 | 403 | 668 | 213 | 143 | 161 | 166 | 15 |
| 137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 116 | 37 | 13 | 11 | 22 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| WM- | LLN0024 | Kuii | 110 | 31 | 13 | 11 | 22 | 10 | 4 | ı | ı | 0 |
| 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 984 | 311 | 106 | 102 | 96 | 45 | 20 | 9 | 8 | 4 |
| WM- | | Little Laurel | | | | | | | | - | - | |
| 1419 | LLR0009 | Run | 2,535 | 804 | 277 | 228 | 238 | 121 | 56 | 21 | 22 | 9 |
| | | North Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | NDOOOTO | Casselman | E4 00/ | 45.000 | E 4.40 | F 407 | 4/ 007 | | 0.000 | 070 | 500 | 4.0 |
| 142 ^h | NBC0072 | River | 51,296 | 15,028 | 5,140 | 5,486 | 16,087 | 6,324 | 2,208 | 872 | 520 | 162 |
| WM- | | South Branch Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 143 | SCA0067 | River | 6,269 | 1,979 | 675 | 535 | 792 | 389 | 160 | 49 | 51 | 22 |
| WM- | 00/1000/ | Alexander | 0/207 | .,,,, | 0.0 | 000 | ,,,_ | 007 | | .,, | <u> </u> | |
| 144 | ALE0011 | Run | 461 | 149 | 54 | 36 | 95 | 44 | 18 | 5 | 5 | 2 |
| | | North Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 145 ⁱ | NBC0090 | River | 37,687 | 7,700 | 2,645 | 3,443 | 12,999 | 4,896 | 1,608 | 627 | 322 | 80 |
| WM- 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 473 | 152 | 54 | 42 | 85 | 39 | 16 | 5 | 5 | 2 |
| WM- | TAINUUUS | Pleasant | 473 | 132 | 34 | 42 | 03 | 37 | 10 | 5 | J | |
| 147 | PLE0008 | Valley Run | 2,258 | 718 | 250 | 242 | 406 | 157 | 65 | 45 | 39 | 8 |
| | | North Branch | , | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 148 ^j | NBC0106 | River | 8,167 | 1,799 | 1,201 | 682 | 2,733 | 1,053 | 360 | 283 | 130 | 23 |
| | | UT to North | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| 149 | ZWN0003 | Casselman River | 1,409 | 449 | 169 | 142 | 349 | 139 | 52 | 32 | 24 | 5 |
| 147 | 200100003 | UT to North | 1,409 | 447 | 109 | 142 | 347 | 137 | 52 | 32 | 24 | 5 |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 151 | UNA0015 | River | 1,536 | 492 | 174 | 139 | 283 | 126 | 52 | 18 | 16 | 6 |
| WM- | | Little Shade | | | | | | | | | | |
| 155 | LSR0015 | Run | 2,023 | 655 | 237 | 107 | 337 | 156 | 69 | 23 | 22 | 9 |

^a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34. ^b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

www-50 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

c WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

g WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151. WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

Table 5-6. TMDL maximum daily sulfate loads by flow percentile range (1,000 lb/d)

| 100.00 | | maximum o | uny cum | 10 1044 | , ay | ро. оо | 110110 10 | 90 (., | 100 1107 01 | , | 00 | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|------------|
| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90- 100 |
| Station | couc | UT to | 0 10 | 10 20 | 20 30 | 30 40 | 40 30 | 30 00 | 00 70 | 70 00 | 00 70 | 100 |
| | | Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | 10.45 | 4.57 | 2.09 | 1.39 | 5.03 | 4.82 | 0.75 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.09 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | 1.97 | 0.46 | 1.08 | 0.19 | 1.87 | 4.45 | 0.82 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-37 | UJF0002 | Run | 38.23 | 6.86 | 3.45 | 2.30 | 9.59 | 6.36 | 0.96 | 0.35 | 0.32 | 0.14 |
| VVVV 20 | IENIOOOO | Jennings | 00.00 | F0 F/ | 24.40 | 10.72 | 22.70 | 40.47 | 7.20 | 2.04 | 2/2 | 1 10 |
| WM-39 | JEN0092 | Run UT to | 99.09 | 59.56 | 34.49 | 18.73 | 32.78 | 48.47 | 7.39 | 2.84 | 2.62 | 1.19 |
| WM- | | Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 ^a | UJH0011 | Run | 13.42 | 5.39 | 2.52 | 1.75 | 5.76 | 9.25 | 1.53 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.11 |
| 71 | 03110011 | Three Forks | 13.72 | 5.57 | 2.02 | 1.73 | 3.70 | 7.20 | 1.55 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.11 |
| WM-42 | TFR0021 | Run | 134.31 | 39.42 | 27.91 | 22.33 | 17.39 | 14.41 | 11.90 | 9.92 | 7.54 | 4.77 |
| WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 1,534.00 | 446.22 | 281.28 | 236.51 | 181.29 | 138.24 | 117.62 | 96.86 | 74.28 | 49.25 |
| WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 83.74 | 23.06 | 17.72 | 13.56 | 10.25 | 10.68 | 7.91 | 6.54 | 4.87 | 3.09 |
| | | Right Prong | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-48 | RTF0005 | Run | 2,283.42 | 720.56 | 476.87 | 426.19 | 198.88 | 425.92 | 228.59 | 143.47 | 95.54 | 69.97 |
| | | North Prong | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Lostland | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 ^b | NPL0001 | Run | 748.76 | 217.04 | 142.36 | 117.74 | 90.02 | 70.29 | 59.99 | 49.65 | 37.97 | 25.05 |
| | | South Prong | | | | | | | | | | |
| \A/\A E1 | CDI 0014 | Lostland Run | 224.70 | 44.20 | 44.00 | 37.99 | 20.14 | 22.02 | 10.00 | 17 10 | 12.40 | 8.21 |
| WM-51 | SPL0016 | Three Forks | 234.79 | 66.29 | 46.09 | 37.99 | 28.16 | 23.02 | 19.89 | 16.43 | 12.49 | δ.Z I |
| WM-54 | TFR0016 | Run | 2,410.69 | 750.64 | 499.73 | 447.43 | 216.14 | 441.06 | 240.03 | 152.57 | 102.59 | 73.53 |
| VVIVI-34 | 1110010 | UT to Three | 2,410.07 | 730.04 | 477.73 | 447.43 | 210.14 | 441.00 | 240.03 | 132.37 | 102.37 | 73.33 |
| WM-55 | ZWT0000 | Forks Run | 883.94 | 257.28 | 161.86 | 146.05 | 75.96 | 134.11 | 74.29 | 47.11 | 32.30 | 23.17 |
| WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 366.84 | 106.78 | 66.34 | 56.16 | 43.13 | 32.39 | 27.79 | 23.07 | 17.71 | 11.78 |
| WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 158.23 | 50.05 | 33.04 | 29.63 | 14.94 | 28.64 | 15.78 | 9.87 | 6.63 | 4.65 |
| | | UT to Laurel | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-62 | ULF0003 | Run | 36.28 | 12.07 | 8.26 | 7.28 | 3.64 | 7.13 | 3.89 | 2.39 | 1.59 | 1.12 |
| | | North Prong | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Lostland | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-64 | NPL0018 | Run | 476.98 | 137.92 | 90.42 | 76.90 | 56.95 | 45.05 | 39.06 | 32.24 | 24.54 | 16.12 |
| WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 111.51 | 31.84 | 21.31 | 18.12 | 13.11 | 10.88 | 9.36 | 7.51 | 5.69 | 3.73 |
| WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 261.70 | 74.13 | 50.05 | 42.59 | 31.06 | 24.85 | 21.19 | 17.38 | 13.29 | 8.89 |
| | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Savage River above | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | 75.70 | 54.64 | 33.54 | 24.13 | 16.21 | 9.95 | 7.82 | 6.79 | 3.81 | 1.63 |
| WM- | Z V V V U U U I | / dion Kun | 13.10 | 54.04 | 55.54 | 47.IJ | 10.21 | 7.73 | 1.02 | 0.17 | 3.01 | 1.03 |
| 73 ^c | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 1,074.31 | 1,081.69 | 548.01 | 326.37 | 206.45 | 161.69 | 97.21 | 105.30 | 60.54 | 34.97 |
| | | Pine Swamp | .,57 1.01 | .,551.07 | 5 10.01 | 520.07 | 230.10 | .51.07 | 77.21 | . 55.55 | 30.01 | 31.77 |
| WM-77 | PYS0024 | Run | 128.81 | 76.63 | 39.58 | 28.59 | 23.68 | 14.96 | 9.73 | 8.07 | 4.89 | 3.46 |
| | | UT to Aaron | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-78 | ZWA0000 | Run | 55.67 | 41.64 | 21.84 | 15.39 | 12.51 | 11.78 | 5.90 | 7.48 | 4.03 | 2.13 |
| WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 24.35 | 17.59 | 10.75 | 7.73 | 5.48 | 3.43 | 2.41 | 2.05 | 1.19 | 0.50 |
| WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 2.63 | 1.42 | 1.03 | 0.68 | 0.52 | 0.33 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| | | Little Savage | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | 63.05 | 48.87 | 16.87 | 16.45 | 11.75 | 12.10 | 5.16 | 3.11 | 1.73 | 0.91 |
| WM- | DODGG/5 | Poplar Lick | / / 0= | 07.07 | 10.05 | 40.05 | 10.07 | 10.05 | F 7. | | 0.47 | 404 |
| 96 ^d | POP0065 | Run | 64.07 | 37.87 | 19.95 | 13.95 | 12.36 | 10.05 | 5.74 | 4.21 | 2.16 | 1.24 |

| Table 5-6. (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| Station | Station code | Station name Poplar Lick | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90- 100 |
| WM-97 | POP0071 | Run | 37.26 | 21.79 | 9.30 | 9.27 | 6.88 | 6.85 | 2.95 | 1.79 | 0.91 | 0.52 |
| WM- 110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 13.88 | 4.89 | 3.94 | 2.25 | 0.54 | 1.87 | 1.41 | 1.12 | 0.34 | 0.50 |
| WM- 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 94.37 | 60.28 | 31.11 | 20.88 | 2.38 | 19.12 | 11.11 | 10.16 | 2.51 | 3.88 |
| WM- 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 132.64 | 73.00 | 28.01 | 22.12 | 22.65 | 47.57 | 16.04 | 7.40 | 2.62 | 3.55 |
| WM- 116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 31.58 | 24.93 | 12.79 | 7.78 | 22.67 | 31.42 | 4.56 | 1.07 | 0.92 | 0.39 |
| WM- 117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 6.03 | 3.83 | 2.49 | 1.33 | 0.78 | 0.63 | 0.45 | 0.35 | 0.23 | 0.13 |
| WM- 118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 20.04 | 16.30 | 7.44 | 5.10 | 13.70 | 19.33 | 3.25 | 0.70 | 0.60 | 0.25 |
| WM- 119 ^f | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 84.72 | 190.29 | 86.03 | 61.46 | 99.09 | 201.72 | 31.75 | 8.62 | 7.06 | 3.60 |
| WM- 120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 51.06 | 42.91 | 21.77 | 13.55 | 29.90 | 47.35 | 7.17 | 1.86 | 1.57 | 0.69 |
| WM- 122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 84.81 | 18.47 | 12.90 | 16.65 | 2.93 | 7.50 | 3.99 | 3.78 | 1.02 | 1.40 |
| WM- 125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 129.50 | 40.55 | 25.99 | 21.46 | 5.97 | 12.69 | 9.73 | 7.21 | 2.43 | 3.53 |
| WM- 135 | MDW000 8 | Meadow Run | 57.85 | 24.87 | 14.15 | 12.33 | 10.79 | 8.56 | 6.07 | 4.49 | 5.76 | 1.92 |
| WM- 137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 1.42 | 0.67 | 0.42 | 0.31 | 0.39 | 0.28 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.05 |
| WM- 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 13.63 | 5.89 | 3.37 | 3.00 | 2.44 | 2.09 | 1.45 | 1.02 | 1.07 | 0.46 |
| WM- 141 ⁹ | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 35.46 | 15.60 | 9.08 | 7.51 | 6.23 | 5.37 | 4.03 | 2.69 | 2.81 | 1.18 |
| WM- 142 ^h | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 421.76 | 185.77 | 108.21 | 90.26 | 97.06 | 67.84 | 48.50 | 31.91 | 32.81 | 13.74 |
| WM- 143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 86.95 | 37.52 | 21.42 | 17.81 | 16.89 | 12.86 | 9.44 | 6.41 | 6.72 | 2.87 |
| WM- 144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 7.29 | 3.56 | 2.26 | 1.55 | 2.10 | 1.53 | 1.14 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.26 |
| WM- 145 ⁱ | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 94.44 | 41.53 | 24.18 | 21.82 | 31.65 | 18.57 | 11.33 | 7.11 | 7.07 | 2.99 |
| WM- 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 7.11 | 3.32 | 2.03 | 1.53 | 1.83 | 1.33 | 0.99 | 0.62 | 0.64 | 0.24 |
| WM- 147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 33.93 | 15.23 | 9.02 | 7.58 | 7.59 | 5.46 | 4.04 | 2.76 | 2.80 | 1.14 |
| WM- 148 ^j | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 55.23 | 24.88 | 14.80 | 12.22 | 13.75 | 9.33 | 6.64 | 4.52 | 4.53 | 1.84 |
| WM- 149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 20.50 | 9.31 | 5.57 | 4.44 | 5.49 | 3.60 | 2.46 | 1.62 | 1.64 | 0.66 |

| | 0. (COIIIII | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | Station | Station | | | | | | | | | | 90- |
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 100 |
| | | UT to North | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | |
| 151 | UNA0015 | River | 23.96 | 11.11 | 6.77 | 5.14 | 6.12 | 4.45 | 3.30 | 2.08 | 2.15 | 0.80 |
| WM- | | Little Shade | | | | | | | | | | |
| 155 | LSR0015 | Run | 34.15 | 16.57 | 10.49 | 6.67 | 8.71 | 6.63 | 5.09 | 2.96 | 3.04 | 1.22 |

Table 5-7. TMDL maximum daily nitrate loads flow percentile range (lb/d)

| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| M/M 4 00 | LLINIOOOF | UT to | 0.510 | 025 | 4.004 | 205 | 4.007 | 15.007 | 0.400 | 0/5 | 10/ | , |
| WM-33 | UJN0005 | Jennings Run | 3,513 | 935 | 4,234 | 385 | 4,836 | 15,286 | 2,628 | 265 | 186 | 6 |
| WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 18,355 | 1,916 | 43,162 | 809 | 40,723 | 66,637 | 15,084 | 162 | 186 | 34 |
| WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 8,463 | 1,293 | 8,135 | 526 | 9,007 | 20,065 | 3,162 | 381 | 271 | 15 |
| WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 25,924 | 11,965 | 37,024 | 3,663 | 31,807 | 101,577 | 18,363 | 3,758 | 1,621 | 52 |
| WM-41a | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 21,448 | 2,414 | 53,022 | 1,085 | 49,715 | 96,961 | 19,843 | 708 | 469 | 41 |
| WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 15,060 | 4,264 | 2,022 | 2,090 | 571 | 1,435 | 680 | 703 | 372 | 234 |
| WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 33,200 | 9,451 | 4,799 | 4,198 | 1,187 | 1,767 | 1,345 | 1,128 | 419 | 424 |
| WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 9,252 | 2,738 | 1,398 | 1,510 | 375 | 1,117 | 527 | 496 | 243 | 205 |
| WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 17,768 | 7,791 | 4,970 | 5,476 | 1,012 | 3,725 | 1,530 | 895 | 919 | 536 |
| WM-50 ^b | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 35,724 | 10,242 | 5,055 | 4,737 | 1,321 | 2,377 | 1,478 | 1,366 | 597 | 475 |
| WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 17,397 | 4,982 | 2,452 | 2,463 | 659 | 1,476 | 769 | 745 | 354 | 264 |
| WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 32,888 | 12,081 | 6,678 | 7,586 | 1,587 | 5,173 | 2,208 | 1,480 | 1,297 | 773 |
| WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 1,775 | 757 | 395 | 459 | 93 | 312 | 132 | 55 | 26 | 24 |
| WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 7,432 | 2,092 | 1,010 | 937 | 275 | 376 | 286 | 258 | 99 | 86 |
| WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 10,972 | 4,947 | 3,025 | 3,205 | 632 | 2,279 | 950 | 397 | 211 | 191 |
| WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 9,850 | 4,442 | 2,729 | 2,880 | 568 | 2,055 | 856 | 353 | 173 | 167 |

Notes:

a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64. ° WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.
e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.
f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.
g WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151. WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Table 5- | able 5-7. (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
| Station | Code | | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-30 | 30-00 | 00-70 | 70-00 | 00-70 | 70-100 |
| WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 23,974 | 6,757 | 3,380 | 3,230 | 869 | 1,585 | 1,001 | 936 | 404 | 330 |
| WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 4,493 | 1,349 | 709 | 672 | 173 | 350 | 247 | 188 | 70 | 92 |
| WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 11,576 | 3,340 | 1,658 | 1,630 | 435 | 883 | 509 | 444 | 184 | 173 |
| | | UT to Savage | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-72 | ZWV0001 | River above Aaron Run | 7,406 | 2,969 | 1,121 | 664 | 455 | 315 | 133 | 152 | 117 | 17 |
| WM-73 ^c | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 6,490 | 4,805 | 1,856 | 677 | 1,116 | 2,250 | 274 | 1,142 | 192 | 34 |
| WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 7,326 | 3,100 | 944 | 763 | 1,229 | 349 | 140 | 178 | 64 | 22 |
| WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 593 | 269 | 131 | 88 | 118 | 317 | 32 | 179 | 18 | 4 |
| WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 2,682 | 1,035 | 382 | 245 | 162 | 102 | 40 | 42 | 41 | 5 |
| WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 609 | 216 | 53 | 30 | 26 | 18 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 1 |
| WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 13,226 | 5,007 | 2,211 | 1,867 | 2,322 | 1,344 | 428 | 142 | 42 | 28 |
| WM-96d | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 9,705 | 3,712 | 1,190 | 1,233 | 1,541 | 817 | 266 | 246 | 107 | 244 |
| WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 7,795 | 2,891 | 1,002 | 1,092 | 1,335 | 742 | 235 | 167 | 71 | 92 |
| WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 16,803 | 7,364 | 4,717 | 2,488 | 557 | 1,834 | 1,762 | 621 | 237 | 521 |
| WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 10,959 | 2,898 | 2,221 | 2,610 | 376 | 2,943 | 2,332 | 794 | 201 | 672 |
| WM- 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 21,743 | 8,016 | 4,430 | 3,397 | 14,810 | 88,919 | 13,466 | 2,624 | 1,257 | 377 |
| WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 10,048 | 3,306 | 1,347 | 1,177 | 11,665 | 53,855 | 5,825 | 1,014 | 566 | 18 |
| WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 719 | 433 | 260 | 106 | 38 | 17 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 1 |
| WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 6,634 | 2,141 | 1,010 | 752 | 7,059 | 33,270 | 5,175 | 653 | 362 | 12 |
| WM- 119 ^f | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 35,518 | 19,204 | 3,642 | 7,134 | 32,646 | 214,782 | 25,237 | 5,862 | 3,166 | 73 |
| WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 14,152 | 5,213 | 1,863 | 1,841 | 13,466 | 71,145 | 8,038 | 1,588 | 884 | 22 |
| WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 9,933 | 4,632 | 2,744 | 2,227 | 623 | 2,392 | 843 | 299 | 187 | 247 |
| WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 9,624 | 4,927 | 3,051 | 1,833 | 731 | 1,968 | 1,203 | 429 | 116 | 369 |
| WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 14,864 | 4,567 | 9,520 | 12,040 | 13,644 | 566 | 597 | 601 | 3,389 | 31 |
| WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 500 | 155 | 50 | 33 | 70 | 31 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 0 |
| WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 7,836 | 2,408 | 757 | 595 | 589 | 283 | 114 | 246 | 146 | 3 |
| WM- 141 ⁹ | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 8,623 | 2,660 | 842 | 608 | 773 | 377 | 155 | 301 | 183 | 4 |

Table 5-7. (continued)

| Table 5- | able 5-7. (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
| WM- 142 ^h | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 49,200 | 15,153 | 4,790 | 3,781 | 13,108 | 2,947 | 1,092 | 1,914 | 1,061 | 25 |
| WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 11,331 | 3,489 | 1,101 | 764 | 1,147 | 543 | 213 | 378 | 231 | 5 |
| WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 2,729 | 851 | 276 | 176 | 480 | 215 | 85 | 132 | 79 | 3 |
| WM- 145 ⁱ | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 27,143 | 8,352 | 3,135 | 2,333 | 10,636 | 1,781 | 642 | 1,090 | 866 | 14 |
| WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 2,231 | 692 | 221 | 156 | 326 | 148 | 58 | 97 | 58 | 2 |
| WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 17,168 | 5,291 | 1,674 | 1,325 | 6,336 | 890 | 342 | 706 | 810 | 11 |
| WM- 148 ^j | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 21,641 | 6,671 | 2,381 | 1,680 | 9,271 | 1,216 | 458 | 913 | 846 | 13 |
| WM-149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 4,093 | 1,262 | 834 | 1,270 | 2,376 | 250 | 91 | 153 | 84 | 4 |
| WM-151 | UNA0015 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 9,775 | 3,021 | 962 | 644 | 1,390 | 623 | 239 | 421 | 243 | 6 |
| WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 11,155 | 3,472 | 1,121 | 489 | 1,745 | 796 | 311 | 468 | 278 | 9 |

Notes:

Table 5-8. TMDL maximum daily ammonium loads flow percentile range (lb/d)

| Station | Station code | Station name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
|---------|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| | | UT to Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-33 | UJN0005 | Run | 2,469 | 732 | 1,678 | 182 | 2,498 | 13,314 | 1,888 | 207 | 273.4 | 33.7 |
| | | UT to Jennings | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-34 | UJH0015 | Run | 13,134 | 899 | 17,002 | 339 | 20,354 | 64,507 | 11,289 | 83 | 76.2 | 13.8 |

^a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34. ^b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

[°] WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.
e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.
f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.
g WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151. WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^j WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Station Code Name | Table 5-8. (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|-------|---------|--------|
| WM-37 | o | Station | Station | 0.40 | 40.00 | 00.00 | 00.40 | 10.50 | 50.40 | / O 7 O | 70.00 | | 00.400 |
| MM-837 UJF0002 Run 8,870 1,009 3,219 248 4,681 17,519 2,311 295 386.2 52.2 | Station | code | | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | /0-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
| WM-419 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MM-39 | WM-37 | UJF0002 | | 8,870 | 1,009 | 3,219 | 248 | 4,681 | 17,519 | 2,311 | 295 | 386.2 | 52.7 |
| WM-41 | | | Jennings | | · | | | | | | | | |
| MM-41 | WM-39 | JEN0092 | | 26,186 | 9,237 | 14,662 | 1,788 | 15,219 | 89,187 | 13,188 | 2,130 | 2,385.7 | 301.1 |
| WM-41 WM-61 WM-62 UF 10 Aaron Run 18,652 1,766 20,915 426 24,814 90,965 14,786 499 635.9 80.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Three Forks Run | WM-41a | UJH0011 | | 18.652 | 1.766 | 20.915 | 426 | 24.814 | 90.965 | 14.786 | 499 | 635.9 | 80.9 |
| MM-42 TFR0021 Run | | | | | ., | | | | 727.22 | , | | | |
| WM-43 WOL0004 Wolfden Run 9,829 3,009 2,038 888 235 335 191 93 41.2 75. WM-45 EKL0003 Elklick Run 2,627 757 616 251 65 261 94 47 34.4 49.2 WM-48 RTF0005 Right Prong Inversors Run 4,495 1,438 1,314 886 167 952 345 181 180.5 137.9 WM-50* NPL0001 Run 10,699 3,200 2,154 996 257 474 208 104 56.0 72.2 WM-51 SPL0016 Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.2 WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Short Run 2,094 630 404 | \//\/_42 | TFR0021 | | A 127 | 1 185 | 845 | 308 | 91 | 312 | 120 | 53 | 45.7 | 40.9 |
| WM-43 WOL0004 Run | VVIVI 72 | 1110021 | | 7,127 | 1,103 | 043 | 300 | 71 | 312 | 120 | 33 | 43.7 | 40.7 |
| WM-48 RTF0005 Right Prong Three Forks Run | WM-43 | WOL0004 | | 9,829 | 3,009 | 2,038 | 888 | 235 | 335 | 191 | 93 | 41.2 | 75.1 |
| WM-48 RTF0005 Three Forks Run 4,495 1,438 1,314 886 167 952 345 181 180.5 137.5 WM-50* NPL0001 Run 10,699 3,200 2,154 996 257 474 208 104 56.0 72.5 WM-50* NPL0001 Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.5 WM-51 SPL0016 Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.5 WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.4 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 2,627 | 757 | 616 | 251 | 65 | 261 | 94 | 47 | 34.4 | 49.7 |
| WM-50 NPL0001 Run | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Three Forks | 4,495 | 1.438 | 1.314 | 886 | 167 | 952 | 345 | 181 | 180.5 | 137.9 |
| WM-50* NPL0001 Run 10.699 3.200 2,154 996 257 474 208 104 56.0 72.3 WM-51 SPL0016 Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.3 WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.0 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.8 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.4 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.,</td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> | | | | ., | , | , | | | | | - | | - |
| WM-51 SPL0016 Run Splotter Frong Lostland Run 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41. WM-54 TFR0016 Run Three Forks Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.0 WM-55 ZWT0000 UT to Three Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.0 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.3 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.3 WM-62 ULF0003 Lostland Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.4 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 | | | | 40.400 | | | | | | | | = | |
| WM-51 SPL0016 Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.3 WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 UT to Three Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.6 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.4 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 <t< td=""><td>WM-50^b</td><td>NPL0001</td><td></td><td>10,699</td><td>3,200</td><td>2,154</td><td>996</td><td>257</td><td>4/4</td><td>208</td><td>104</td><td>56.0</td><td>/2.3</td></t<> | WM-50 ^b | NPL0001 | | 10,699 | 3,200 | 2,154 | 996 | 257 | 4/4 | 208 | 104 | 56.0 | /2.3 |
| WM-51 SPL0016 Lostland Run 5,186 1,534 1,052 525 131 315 125 58 45.3 41.5 WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.8 WM-55 ZWT0000 UT to Three Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.0 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.4 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 UT to Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-54 TFR0016 Three Forks Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.4 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.8 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.8 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.8 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | Run | 5,186 | 1,534 | 1,052 | 525 | 131 | 315 | 125 | 58 | 45.3 | 41.7 |
| WM-54 TFR0016 Run 8,637 2,627 2,163 1,144 258 1,267 466 226 227.2 179.4 WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.8 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.8 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 | | | Three Forks | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.0 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.0 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.0 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-79 GLR031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 | WM-54 | TFR0016 | | 8,637 | 2,627 | 2,163 | 1,144 | 258 | 1,267 | 466 | 226 | 227.2 | 179.6 |
| WM-55 ZWT0000 Forks Run 431 127 124 68 15 74 28 10 2.9 4.0 WM-60 SH00016 Short Run 2,094 630 404 194 51 62 41 17 8.0 8.0 WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.0 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-79 GLR031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 | | | LIT to Three | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73c AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | | 431 | 127 | 124 | 68 | 15 | 74 | 28 | 10 | 2.9 | 4.0 |
| WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73c AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-61 LNB0014 Laurel Run 2,825 893 799 495 106 560 209 72 31.0 38.8 WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.9 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73c AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 2.094 | 630 | 404 | 194 | 51 | 62 | 41 | 17 | 8.0 | 8.6 |
| WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run Laurel Run Laurel Run Prong Lostland Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.5 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.4 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.8 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 | | | | _,_, | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run Laurel Run Laurel Run Prong Lostland Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.5 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.4 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.8 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 | WM-61 | L NR0014 | Laurel Run | 2 825 | 893 | 799 | 495 | 106 | 560 | 209 | 72 | 31.0 | 38.8 |
| WM-62 ULF0003 Laurel Run 2,521 803 718 442 95 503 187 64 24.4 32.4 WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.6 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 UT to Savage River above River above Aron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.8 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 3 | WWW OT | LINDOOTT | | 2,020 | 073 | 177 | 170 | 100 | 500 | 207 | 72 | 31.0 | 30.0 |
| WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.9 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 UT to Savage River above River above ARO000 Raron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.9 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 | \\/\\/\ 62 | 111 E0003 | | 2 521 | 803 | 710 | 442 | 05 | 503 | 197 | 61 | 24.4 | 32.0 |
| WM-64 NPL0018 Run 7,183 2,176 1,449 721 179 315 150 72 42.2 50.4 WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.4 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 UT to Savage River above Aron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.9 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 <t< td=""><td>VVIVI-UZ</td><td>ULI 0003</td><td></td><td>2,321</td><td>003</td><td>710</td><td>442</td><td>7.5</td><td>303</td><td>107</td><td>04</td><td>24.4</td><td>32.7</td></t<> | VVIVI-UZ | ULI 0003 | | 2,321 | 003 | 710 | 442 | 7.5 | 303 | 107 | 04 | 24.4 | 32.7 |
| WM-67 LRE0029 Laurel Run 1,331 408 321 139 34 79 33 21 9.8 25.0 WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 UT to Savage River above Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.9 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-69 GLR0031 Glade Run 3,444 1,037 720 352 87 188 78 38 17.7 31.4 WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.3 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | WM-64 | NPL0018 | Run | 7,183 | | 1,449 | 721 | 179 | | | 72 | | 50.9 |
| WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.5 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 1,331 | 408 | 321 | 139 | 34 | 79 | 33 | 21 | 9.8 | 25.6 |
| WM-72 ZWV0001 Aaron Run 2,124 523 192 77 44 21 12 10 4.9 3.3 WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.8 WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | WM-69 | GLR0031 | | 3,444 | 1,037 | 720 | 352 | 87 | 188 | 78 | 38 | 17.7 | 31.4 |
| WM-73° AAR0000 Aaron Run 2,053 904 340 116 159 344 50 168 31.8 3.8 WM-77 PYS0024 Pine Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.3 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | | | Savage | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-77 PYS0024 Pine Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | 2,124 | 523 | 192 | 77 | 44 | 21 | 12 | 10 | 4.9 | 3.3 |
| WM-77 PYS0024 Swamp Run 2,265 995 178 243 181 113 39 16 8.1 2.8 WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0.4 | WM-73 ^c | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 2,053 | 904 | 340 | 116 | 159 | 344 | 50 | 168 | 31.8 | 3.5 |
| WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0. | WM-77 | PYS0024 | | 2,265 | 995 | 178 | 243 | 181 | 113 | 39 | 16 | 8.1 | 2.8 |
| WM-78 ZWA0000 Run 200 57 21 15 17 51 6 27 3.5 0. | | | LIT to Aaron | | | | | | | | | | |
| | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | | 200 | 57 | 21 | 15 | 17 | 51 | 6 | 27 | 3.5 | 0.4 |
| | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 0.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.2 |

| Table 5- | able 5-8. (continued) Station Station | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| CL II | | | 0.40 | 40.00 | 00.00 | 20.40 | 40.50 | E0 (0 | (0.70 | 70.00 | 00.00 | 00.400 | |
| Station | code | name Little | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 | |
| | | Savage | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-86 | LSA0028 | River | 4,856 | 1,575 | 298 | 627 | 363 | 551 | 170 | 55 | 25.5 | 19.7 | |
| | 207.0020 | | 1,000 | .,0,0 | 270 | 027 | 000 | | .,, | | 2010 | .,,, | |
| MAA O/d | DOD00/F | Poplar Lick | 2.425 | 1 220 | 210 | 411 | 242 | 251 | 110 | F2 | 22.0 | 100.0 | |
| WM-96 ^d | POP0065 | Run | 3,435 | 1,330 | 219 | 411 | 243 | 351 | 110 | 52 | 22.8 | 108.8 | |
| | | Poplar Lick | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM-97 | POP0071 | Run | 2,851 | 1,044 | 169 | 377 | 216 | 339 | 105 | 33 | 14.8 | 54.1 | |
| \A/A 4 | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- 110 | UGQ0000 | Georges Creek | 10,489 | 2,060 | 2,553 | 971 | 304 | 964 | 804 | 508 | 128.5 | 814.8 | |
| WM- | 000000 | CICCK | 10,407 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 771 | 304 | 704 | 004 | 300 | 120.5 | 014.0 | |
| 111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 6,924 | 814 | 1,020 | 1,015 | 210 | 1,534 | 1,063 | 653 | 99.4 | 1,060.1 | |
| WM- | | Jackson | , | | , | ' | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · | | | , | |
| 113 ^e | JAC0001 | Run | 18,791 | 6,148 | 2,228 | 1,554 | 7,602 | 67,214 | 8,790 | 2,074 | 1,769.2 | 573.5 | |
| WM- | | Matthew | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | MTH0000 | Run | 9,083 | 2,609 | 628 | 566 | 6,039 | 41,330 | 4,065 | 795 | 816.0 | 79.6 | |
| WM- 117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 299 | 180 | 108 | 51 | 23 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3.9 | 0.5 | |
| 117 | 31A0024 | UT to | 299 | 100 | 100 | 31 | 23 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3.9 | 0.5 | |
| WM- | | Jackson | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 118 | UJB0000 | Run | 6,394 | 1,686 | 493 | 361 | 3,648 | 25,450 | 3,342 | 512 | 518.4 | 51.1 | |
| WM- | | Winebrenne | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 119 ^f | WBN0002 | r Run | 34,085 | 15,185 | 1,934 | 3,389 | 16,899 | 164,129 | 17,597 | 4,610 | 4,675.7 | 488.7 | |
| | VVDIVOOOZ | | 34,003 | 13,103 | 1,754 | 3,307 | 10,077 | 104,127 | 17,077 | 4,010 | 4,073.7 | 400.7 | |
| WM- | MENOGO | Winebrenne | 40.000 | 4.440 | 004 | 005 | | E4 E0/ | F / 40 | 4 0 4 0 | 4 000 0 | 104 (| |
| 120 | WBN0010 | r Run | 13,038 | 4,118 | 881 | 885 | 6,969 | 54,536 | 5,610 | 1,248 | 1,282.8 | 124.6 | |
| WM- | | UT to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 122 | UMD0000 | Moores Run | 5,904 | 1,385 | 1,448 | 839 | 343 | 1,287 | 385 | 239 | 92.9 | 375.1 | |
| WM- | 14.00007 | Jackson | F / 04 | 4 (07 | 4 (57 | | 40.4 | 4.050 | | 054 | 00.4 | F / O O | |
| 125 | JAC0006 | Run | 5,681 | 1,637 | 1,657 | 688 | 404 | 1,058 | 550 | 351 | 93.4 | 569.3 | |
| WM- | MDW000 | Meadow | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 135 | 8 | Run | 4,131 | 1,266 | 2,221 | 2,041 | 5,250 | 759 | 565 | 458 | 1,215.8 | 118.0 | |
| WM- | | Little Laurel | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 137 | LLR0024 | Run | 142 | 44 | 14 | 11 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0.7 | 0.1 | |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 2,183 | 669 | 210 | 202 | 185 | 35 | 17 | 22 | 15.7 | 1.6 | |
| WM- | | Little Laurel | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 141 ⁹ | LLR0009 | Run | 2,426 | 744 | 234 | 192 | 114 | 45 | 22 | 23 | 10.3 | 1.2 | |
| | | North | , | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | NDOOOZO | Casselman | 10 (07 | 4 007 | 1 000 | 1.050 | 4.044 | (10 | 07/ | 0/0 | 407.0 | 25.0 | |
| 142 ^h | NBC0072 | River South | 13,687 | 4,207 | 1,333 | 1,252 | 4,841 | 613 | 276 | 363 | 406.0 | 35.9 | |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 143 | SCA0067 | River | 3,192 | 978 | 307 | 240 | 186 | 73 | 32 | 29 | 12.9 | 1.5 | |
| WM- | | Alexander | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 144 | ALE0011 | Run | 753 | 233 | 75 | 50 | 76 | 28 | 12 | 10 | 4.5 | 0.7 | |
| 111 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | North | 755 | 200 | 7.5 | 30 | 70 | 20 | 12 | 10 | 7.0 | 0.7 | |
| | | Branch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WM- | | Casselman | _ | | | _ | | | | | _ | | |
| 145 ⁱ | NBC0090 | River | 7,563 | 2,323 | 735 | 781 | 3,943 | 495 | 240 | 296 | 344.6 | 33.8 | |

Table 5-8. (continued)

| a | Station | Station | | | | | | /- | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Station | code | name | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
| WM- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 621 | 191 | 61 | 48 | 53 | 19 | 9 | 8 | 3.2 | 0.5 |
| WM- 147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 4,830 | 1,486 | 472 | 443 | 2,403 | 314 | 187 | 205 | 299.4 | 30.8 |
| WM- 148 ^j | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 6,062 | 1,866 | 592 | 561 | 3,443 | 429 | 222 | 266 | 314.0 | 32.8 |
| WM- 149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 1,129 | 347 | 187 | 214 | 902 | 108 | 35 | 60 | 58.5 | 3.1 |
| WM- 151 | UNA0015 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 2,723 | 840 | 269 | 207 | 259 | 92 | 40 | 39 | 18.7 | 2.2 |
| WM- 155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 3,110 | 965 | 313 | 126 | 329 | 122 | 54 | 42 | 18.6 | 2.7 |

Notes:

5.3.1 Wasteload Allocations

Federal regulations (40 CFR 130.7) require TMDLs to include individual WLAs for each point source. On the basis of the types of activities and the minimal flow of the discharges, these permitted non-mining sources are believed to be negligible. Under these TMDLs, these minor discharges are assumed to operate under their current permit limits and are assigned WLAs that allow them to discharge at their current permit limits. Table 5-9 presents the WLAs for each point source. It was assumed that if a parameter limit was not in the permit, the present discharge levels were not adversely affecting the stream.

Table 5-9. WLAs for permitted facilities upstream of impaired segments

| Basin | NPDES permit number | Outlet | Permittee | Station | Station code | Station name | Flow (mgd) | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------|----------------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Caledonia Hill | | | | | | | |
| | | | Mine - Star | | | | | | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 001 | Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.00011 | 1.01 | 1 | |
| | | | Caledonia Hill | | | | | | | |
| | | | Mine - Star | | | | | | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 003 | Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.000967 | 8.84 | | |
| | | | Caledonia Hill | | | | | | | |
| | | | Mine - Star | | | | | | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 006 | Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0002 | Mill Run | 0.000081 | 0.74 | | |

^a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.
 WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

^e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

^f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

^h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^j WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Table 5 | -9. (continue | d) | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------------|--------|---|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Basin | NPDES permit number | Outlet | Permittee | Station | Station code | Station name | Flow (mgd) | lron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
| | | | Caledonia Hill Mine - | | | | | | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 007 | Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0003 | Mill Run | 0.000072 | 0.66 | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 800 | Caledonia Hill Mine - Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0004 | Mill Run | 0.00012 | 1.10 | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 009 | Caledonia Hill Mine - Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0005 | Mill Run | 0.00018 | 1.64 | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 010 | Caledonia Hill Mine - Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0006 | Mill Run | 0.000165 | 1.51 | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 013 | Caledonia Hill Mine - Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0007 | Mill Run | 0.000015 | 0.14 | | |
| CC | MDC052002 | 014 | Caledonia Hill Mine - | | MII 0001 | Mill Dun | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG852802 | 014 | Star Mining, Inc. | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run UT to | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG852427 | 001 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | Georges Creek | 0.00005 | 0.46 | | |
| GC | MDG852427 | 002 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.00015 | 1.37 | | 1 |
| GC | MDG852427 | 003 | Barton Mining Company (Mine #1) | WM-110 | UGO0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.00015 | 1.37 | | |
| | | | Barton Mining | | | | | 1.07 | | |
| GC | MDG852427 | 004 | Company (Mine #1) | VVIVI-110 | UGQ0000 | Moores Run Winebrenner | 0 | - | | |
| GC | MD0066958 | 001 | Midlothian WTP Fairview Coal | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Run Winebrenner | 0.001 | 6.09 | | |
| GC | MDG852161 | 001 | Company Inc | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Run | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG852161 | 002 | Fairview Coal Company Inc | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG852161 | 003 | Fairview Coal Company Inc | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG499890 | 001 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG499890 | 002 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0 | | | |
| GC | MDG499890 | 003 | Tri-Star Mining Quarry Operation | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 0.000735 | | | |
| GC | MD0070670 | | Western M Lumber (Colmar Mine) | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 6.46 | 19,677 | | |
| PR | MDG859602 | 001 | C Mine Surface Mine - Mettiki Coal, Inc | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 0 | | | |
| PR | MDG859602 | 002 | C Mine Surface Mine - Mettiki Coal, Inc | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 0.001 | 9.14 | | |
| | | | C Mine Surface Mine - Mettiki Coal, | | | | | | | |
| PR | MDG859602 | 003 | Inc C Mine Surface Mine - Mettiki Coal, | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 0 | | | |
| PR | MDG859602 | 004 | Inc | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 0 | | | |
| PR | MDG859615 | 001 | LAOC Corporation - Paugh Tract Mine | WM-50 | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 0 | | | |
| PR | MDG859613 | 002 | Island Tract Surface Mine - Vindex Energy Corporation | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 0.000025 | 0.23 | | |

Table 5-9. (continued)

| Table | 9. (Continue | <u>ч, </u> | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------------------|---|--|---------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Basin | NPDES permit number | Outlet | Permittee | Station | Station code | Station name | Flow (mgd) | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
| PR | MDG859613 | 003 | Island Tract Surface Mine - Vindex Energy Corporation | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 0 | ı | - | |
| PR | MDG859613 | 001 | Island Tract Surface Mine - Vindex Energy Corporation | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 0.00005 | 0.46 | | |
| PR | MDG859613 | 004 | Island Tract Surface Mine - Vindex Energy Corporation | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 0 | - | | |
| SR | MD0068691 | 001 | Georges Creek Inc. Moran Coal | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 0.0020 | 18.28 | | |
| SR | MD0070661 | | (Lower Bakerstown Mine) | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.046 | 420.36 | | |

Notes:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River;

Because the permits do not have limits for all parameters, during model development an analysis was performed on other data in PCS to see if these data had an affect on pH. The PCS database was searched for permits with the same Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes as the permits in the model. Average flow and loads from these facilities were used to calculate average effluent concentrations by SIC code. Additional information was obtained from EPA's national recommended water quality criteria (USEPA 2006). No effect was observed; therefore, these concentrations were not used in the final model.

5.3.2 Load Allocations

The LA is that portion of the TMDL that is assigned to nonpoint sources. LAs were first applied to atmospheric deposition. These TMDL loads are based on the 2020 predictions under the CAIR regulation from EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards at Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. After these future loads were applied to the model, the loads from known mining seeps and portals were reduced. If further reductions were required, the loads from other nonpoint sources were reduced. These loads were applied to the whole watershed and not a specific nonpoint source or land use.

Table 5-10 presents total annual load allocations at the monitoring locations, as the stream leaves the watershed. Note that the loads in these tables include atmospheric deposition loads, which are also presented separately in Table 5-11 (but as direct inputs to the land surface rather than as the stream leaves the watershed). Atmospheric deposition reductions were not found to have a significant impact on predicted pH in the watershed. The loads in Table 5-10 include background concentration and atmospheric loads that have gone through chemical reactions. These loads also include loads from mine seeps, which are presented in Table 5-12. These loads represent a 99 percent reduction in flow and pollutant concentration levels for the mine seeps.

Table 5-10. LAs for iron, aluminum, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium yearly loads

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 1,447 | 1,064 | 31,932 | 3,480 | 1,037 |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 14 | 26 | 840 | 83 | 18 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 150 | 217 | 7,252 | 1,205 | 286 |
| CR | WM-141 ^a | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 278 | 519 | 18,962 | 1,329 | 291 |
| CR | WM-142 ^b | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 16,981 | 12,882 | 234,888 | 8,859 | 2,190 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 703 | 1,310 | 46,958 | 1,775 | 389 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 57 | 100 | 4,394 | 479 | 96 |
| CR | WM-145 ^c | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 13,131 | 7,907 | 55,999 | 5,232 | 1,347 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 57 | 103 | 4,129 | 376 | 78 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 543 | 561 | 19,108 | 3,089 | 803 |
| CR | WM-148 ^d | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 2,543 | 1,900 | 31,737 | 4,036 | 1,049 |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 381 | 364 | 11,991 | 824 | 217 |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | UT to North Branch Casselman River | 261 | 346 | 14,022 | 1,685 | 394 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Little Shade Run | 239 | 409 | 19,996 | 1,824 | 383 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 1,100 | 501 | 3,242 | 3,891 | 1,514 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 8,368 | 3,229 | 18,852 | 2,181 | 899 |
| GC | WM-113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 11,446 | 5,122 | 40,857 | 8,231 | 4,101 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 2,038 | 1,049 | 9,593 | 3,084 | 1,778 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 314 | 728 | 3,533 | 210 | 81 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 1,282 | 667 | 6,427 | 2,081 | 1,177 |
| GC | WM-119 [†] | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 14,197 | 6,581 | 43,974 | 9,759 | 6,363 |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 3,392 | 1,716 | 15,183 | 4,189 | 2,437 |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 5,221 | 2,295 | 17,304 | 3,573 | 1,316 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 8,980 | 3,903 | 31,370 | 3,937 | 1,455 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 1,724 | 3,031 | 98,993 | 5,414 | 964 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 18,911 | 35,795 | 1,042,429 | 12,179 | 2,257 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 1,246 | 2,031 | 59,693 | 3,440 | 637 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 1,372 | 3,625 | 1,244,350 | 6,618 | 1,302 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 9,054 | 17,448 | 517,583 | 13,196 | 2,443 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 2,890 | 5,586 | 161,641 | 6,438 | 1,201 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 3,893 | 7,348 | 1,345,541 | 12,055 | 2,270 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 434 | 1,435 | 470,712 | 650 | 118 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 3,616 | 8,451 | 247,332 | 2,727 | 474 |

Table 5-10. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station code | Station name | Iron (lb/yr) | Alum- inum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) | Nitrate (lb/yr) | Ammon- ium (lb/yr) |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 7,765 | 7,296 | 91,327 | 4,205 | 790 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 7,700 | 7,060 | 21,740 | 3,777 | 706 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 5,782 | 11,265 | 326,461 | 8,792 | 1,644 |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 1,685 | 2,728 | 76,171 | 1,672 | 317 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 3,312 | 6,264 | 177,803 | 4,271 | 808 |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | UT to Savage River above Aaron Run | 910 | 1,615 | 74,432 | 2,248 | 364 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 747 | 2,048 | 953,471 | 2,392 | 415 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 32,714 | 25,425 | 106,854 | 2,625 | 490 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 41 | 122 | 52,643 | 231 | 42 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 73 | 106 | 23,511 | 765 | 117 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 20 | 35 | 2,392 | 163 | 28 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 109,634 | 100,322 | 42,278 | 4,169 | 839 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 24,065 | 7,368 | 54,720 | 3,148 | 637 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 23,514 | 7,091 | 24,521 | 2,400 | 496 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 113 | 269 | 1,285 | 859 | 568 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 184 | 438 | 785 | 5,081 | 2,823 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 251 | 616 | 3,366 | 2,012 | 1,145 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 1,449 | 21,705 | 15,338 | 7,499 | 4,691 |
| WC Notos: | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 304 | 735 | 2,198 | 6,896 | 4,027 |

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills

Table 5-11. Projected (2020) yearly loads from atmospheric deposition for TMDL scenario

| Basin | Station | Station | Station name | | Dry (lb/yr) | | | Wet (lb/yr) | |
|--------|---------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------------|
| Dasiii | Station | code | Station name | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| CR | WM-135 | MDW0008 | Meadow Run | 11,318 | 108 | 1,314 | 13,214 | 6,045 | 2,518 |
| CR | WM-137 | LLR0024 | Little Laurel Run | 812 | 8 | 94 | 948 | 434 | 181 |
| CR | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 5,563 | 53 | 646 | 6,495 | 2,972 | 1,238 |
| CR | WM-141 ^a | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 9,196 | 88 | 1,068 | 10,736 | 4,912 | 2,046 |
| CR | WM-142 ^b | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 78,744 | 754 | 9,145 | 91,933 | 42,061 | 17,518 |
| CR | WM-143 | SCA0067 | South Branch Casselman River | 11,492 | 110 | 1,335 | 13,416 | 6,138 | 2,556 |
| CR | WM-144 | ALE0011 | Alexander Run | 3,286 | 31 | 382 | 3,837 | 1,755 | 731 |

Creek

a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.
b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

[°] WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

^d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97.

e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

⁹ WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

^h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151.

WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

¹ WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Basin | Station | Station | Station name | Dry (lb/yr) | | | Wet (lb/yr) | | |
|--------|---------------------|---------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|----------------|---------|---------------|
| Dasiii | Station | code | Station name | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-145 ^c | NBC0090 | River | 47,326 | 453 | 5,496 | 55,252 | 25,279 | 10,528 |
| CR | WM-146 | TAR0003 | Tarkiln Run | 2,512 | 24 | 292 | 2,933 | 1,342 | 559 |
| CR | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 11,131 | 107 | 1,293 | 12,996 | 5,946 | 2,476 |
| | | | North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-148 ^d | NBC0106 | River | 42,589 | 408 | 4,946 | 49,723 | 22,749 | 9,474 |
| | | | UT to North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-149 | ZWN0003 | River | 3,271 | 31 | 380 | 3,819 | 1,747 | 728 |
| | | | UT to North Branch Casselman | | | | | | |
| CR | WM-151 | UNA0015 | River Little Shade | 6,432 | 62 | 747 | 7,509 | 3,436 | 1,431 |
| CR | WM-155 | LSR0015 | Run | 7,882 | 75 | 915 | 9,203 | 4,210 | 1,754 |
| GC | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 10,627 | 102 | 1,234 | 12,407 | 5,677 | 2,364 |
| GC | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 40,378 | 386 | 4,689 | 47,141 | 21,568 | 8,983 |
| GC | WM-113 ^e | JAC0001 | Jackson Run | 20,802 | 199 | 2,416 | 24,286 | 11,111 | 4,628 |
| GC | WM-116 | MTH0000 | Matthew Run | 8,538 | 82 | 992 | 9,967 | 4,560 | 1,899 |
| GC | WM-117 | STA0024 | Staub Run | 6,858 | 66 | 796 | 8,007 | 3,663 | 1,526 |
| GC | WM-118 | UJB0000 | UT to Jackson Run | 6,167 | 59 | 716 | 7,200 | 3,294 | 1,372 |
| GC | WM-119 ^f | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 15,708 | 150 | 1,824 | 18,339 | 8,390 | 3,494 |
| GC | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run UT to Moores | 11,559 | 111 | 1,342 | 13,495 | 6,174 | 2,572 |
| GC | WM-122 | UMD0000 | Run | 11,590 | 111 | 1,346 | 13,531 | 6,191 | 2,578 |
| GC | WM-125 | JAC0006 | Jackson Run | 13,534 | 130 | 1,572 | 15,801 | 7,229 | 3,011 |
| PR | WM-42 | TFR0021 | Three Forks Run | 11,440 | 109 | 1,329 | 13,356 | 6,111 | 2,545 |
| PR | WM-43 | WOL0004 | Wolfden Run | 24,400 | 234 | 2,834 | 28,487 | 13,033 | 5,428 |
| PR | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 6,731 | 64 | 782 | 7,858 | 3,595 | 1,497 |
| PR | WM-48 | RTF0005 | Right Prong Three Forks Run | 9,847 | 94 | 1,144 | 11,496 | 5,260 | 2,191 |
| PR | WM-50 ^g | NPL0001 | North Prong Lostland Run | 26,430 | 253 | 3,069 | 30,857 | 14,118 | 5,880 |
| PR | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 12,504 | 120 | 1,452 | 14,598 | 6,679 | 2,782 |
| PR | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 33,490 | 321 | 3,889 | 39,099 | 17,889 | 7,450 |
| PR | WM-55 | ZWT0000 | UT to Three Forks Run | 1,397 | 13 | 162 | 1,631 | 746 | 311 |
| PR | WM-60 | SHO0016 | Short Run | 7,282 | 70 | 846 | 8,501 | 3,890 | 1,620 |
| PR | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 44,905 | 430 | 5,215 | 52,426 | 23,986 | 9,990 |
| PR | WM-62 | ULF0003 | UT to Laurel Run | 7,644 | 73 | 888 | 8,924 | 4,083 | 1,700 |
| PR | WM-64 | NPL0018 | North Prong Lostland Run | 17,308 | 166 | 2,010 | 20,207 | 9,245 | 3,850 |

Table 5-11. (continued)

| Basin | Station | Station | Station name | Dry (lb/yr) | | | Wet (lb/yr) | | |
|--------|--------------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Dasiii | Station | code | Station name | Sulfate | Nitrate | Ammon- ium | Sulfate | ulfate Nitrate | Ammon- ium |
| PR | WM-67 | LRE0029 | Laurel Run | 3,278 | 31 | 381 | 3,827 | 1,751 | 729 |
| PR | WM-69 | GLR0031 | Glade Run | 8,259 | 79 | 959 | 9,642 | 4,412 | 1,837 |
| | | | UT to Savage River above | | | | | | |
| SR | WM-72 | ZWV0001 | Aaron Run | 14,189 | 136 | 1,648 | 16,566 | 7,579 | 3,157 |
| SR | WM-73 ^h | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 18,808 | 180 | 2,184 | 21,958 | 10,046 | 4,184 |
| SR | WM-77 | PYS0024 | Pine Swamp Run | 8,482 | 81 | 985 | 9,903 | 4,531 | 1,887 |
| SR | WM-78 | ZWA0000 | UT to Aaron Run | 3,861 | 37 | 448 | 4,508 | 2,062 | 859 |
| SR | WM-80 | MRR0000 | Miller Run | 7,685 | 74 | 892 | 8,972 | 4,105 | 1,710 |
| SR | WM-81 | BRU0048 | Big Run | 3,101 | 30 | 360 | 3,621 | 1,657 | 690 |
| SR | WM-86 | LSA0028 | Little Savage River | 11,576 | 111 | 1,344 | 13,515 | 6,184 | 2,575 |
| SR | WM-96 ⁱ | POP0065 | Poplar Lick Run | 9,851 | 94 | 1,144 | 11,501 | 5,262 | 2,191 |
| SR | WM-97 | POP0071 | Poplar Lick Run | 6,836 | 65 | 794 | 7,981 | 3,652 | 1,521 |
| WC | WM-33 | UJN0005 | UT to Jennings Run | 1,156 | 11 | 134 | 1,349 | 617 | 257 |
| WC | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 10,514 | 101 | 1,221 | 12,275 | 5,616 | 2,339 |
| WC | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 5,706 | 55 | 663 | 6,662 | 3,048 | 1,269 |
| WC | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 13,099 | 125 | 1,521 | 15,293 | 6,997 | 2,914 |
| WC | WM-41 ^j | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 13,261 | 127 | 1,540 | 15,482 | 7,083 | 2,950 |

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

Table 5-12. Yearly loads from mine seeps and portals

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated Station | Associated station code | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| CR | GR-15-P2 | WM-138 | SPI0018 | Spiker Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| CR | C-24-S1 | WM-141 | LLR0009 | Little Laurel Run | 0.35 | 0.00 | 14.74 |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 7.24 | 0.00 | 140.80 |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 9.87 | 7.90 | 501.00 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 3.68 | 0.75 | 97.62 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 15.79 | 3.22 | 418.36 |

^a WM-41 includes upstream loads from WM-34.

^b WM-50 includes upstream loads from WM-64.

^c WM-73 includes upstream loads from WM-78.

d WM-96 includes upstream loads from WM-97. e WM-113 includes upstream loads from WM-118 and WM-125.

^f WM-119 includes upstream loads from WM-120.

^g WM-141 includes upstream loads from WM-137.

h WM-142 includes upstream loads from WM-145 and WM-151. WM-145 includes upstream loads from WM-148.

^j WM-148 includes upstream loads from WM-147 and WM-149.

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | | | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|----------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | • | | code | North Branch Casselman | | () , | |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 7.02 | 0.35 | 4.21 |
| CR | C-51-S1 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | North Branch Casselman River | 11.19 | 0.00 | 54.17 |
| 0.1 | 00.0. | ****** | 11200012 | North Branch Casselman | 11110 | 0.00 | 0 1.11 |
| CR | C-51-S2 | WM-142 | NBC0072 | River | 75.66 | 0.00 | 609.70 |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 7.24 | 0.00 | 140.80 |
| | | | | North Branch Casselman | | | |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 9.87 | 7.90 | 501.00 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | North Branch Casselman River | 3.68 | 0.75 | 97.62 |
| O. C | 0 10 01 | | 1120000 | North Branch Casselman | 0.00 | 0.70 | 01.02 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 15.79 | 3.22 | 418.36 |
| OD | 0.50.00 | \A/N 4 4 4 5 | NIDOGGG | North Branch Casselman | 7.00 | 0.05 | 4.04 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-145 | NBC0090 | River | 7.02 | 0.35 | 4.21 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run | 15.79 | 3.22 | 418.36 |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-147 | PLE0008 | Pleasant Valley Run North Branch Casselman | 7.02 | 0.35 | 4.21 |
| CR | C-48-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 7.24 | 0.00 | 140.80 |
| | | | | North Branch Casselman | | | |
| CR | C-49-P1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 9.87 | 7.90 | 501.00 |
| CR | C-49-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | North Branch Casselman River | 3.68 | 0.75 | 97.62 |
| CR | U-49-31 | VVIVI- 146 | NBC0100 | North Branch Casselman | 3.00 | 0.73 | 91.02 |
| CR | C-50-S1 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 15.79 | 3.22 | 418.36 |
| | | | | North Branch Casselman | | | |
| CR | C-50-S2 | WM-148 | NBC0106 | River | 7.02 | 0.35 | 4.21 |
| GC | BA-05-P1 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 6.58 | 5.26 | 334.00 |
| GC | BA-05-P2 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 0.66 | 0.53 | 33.43 |
| GC | BA-05-P4 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 3.29 | 2.63 | 167.00 |
| GC | BA-05-P6 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 3.29 | 2.63 | 167.00 |
| GC | BA-05-P7 | WM-110 | UGQ0000 | UT to Georges Creek | 6.58 | 5.26 | 334.00 |
| GC | G-70-P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC GC | R-48-P5 BA-10-P1 | WM-111 WM-111 | MIL0001 MIL0001 | Mill Run Mill Run | 10.99 13.74 | 14.66 10.99 | 946.28 697.53 |
| GC | BA-10-P1 BA-10-P2 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | BA-10-P3 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | BA-10-P4 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | BA-10-P5 | WM-111 | MIL0001 | Mill Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | G-03-P1 | WM-119 | WBN0002 | Winebrenner Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | G-03-P1 | WM-120 | WBN0010 | Winebrenner Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| GC | G-52-P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 0.00 | 1.83 | 178.63 |
| GC | R-43-P1 | WM-122 | UMD0000 | UT to Moores Run | 1.97 | 1.58 | 100.14 |
| | Cogley | | | | | | |
| PR | Subsid-P9 | WM-45 | EKL0003 | Elklick Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| PR | P-88-P1 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 9.87 | 7.90 | 501.00 |
| PR | P-88-P2 | WM-51 | SPL0016 | South Prong Lostland Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| PR | P-54-P1 | WM-54 | TFR0016 | Three Forks Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| PR | P-03-S1 | WM-61 | LNB0014 | Laurel Run | 13.71 | 2.80 | 363.31 |
| SR | R-52-P1 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.66 | 0.53 | 33.43 |

Table 5-12. (continued)

| Basin | Mine seep or portal | Associated Station | Associated station code | Associated station name | lron (lb/yr) | Aluminum (lb/yr) | Sulfate (lb/yr) |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| SR | R-52-P10 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.66 | 0.53 | 33.43 |
| SR | R-52-P11 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 32.90 | 13.16 | 2,273.21 |
| SR | R-52-P7 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.66 | 0.53 | 33.43 |
| SR | R-52-P8 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.35 | 0.53 | 100.98 |
| SR | R-52-P9 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 0.66 | 0.53 | 33.43 |
| SR | R-52-S1 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 13.71 | 2.80 | 363.31 |
| SR | R-52-S2 | WM-73 | AAR0000 | Aaron Run | 14.74 | 7.37 | 1,644.35 |
| WC | FB-08-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.48 |
| WC | NG-03-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20.32 |
| WC | NG-03-P3 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.00 | 0.00 | 731.92 |
| WC | NG-03-S1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 13.71 | 2.80 | 363.31 |
| WC | R-01-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 1.64 | 1.32 | 83.50 |
| WC | R-02-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 7.68 | 47.59 | 485.13 |
| WC | R-03-P1 | WM-34 | UJH0015 | UT to Jennings Run | 1.32 | 0.66 | 25.00 |
| WC | FB-29-P4 | WM-37 | UJF0002 | UT to Jennings Run | 13.74 | 10.99 | 697.53 |
| WC | FB-01-P1 | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 0.26 | 4.21 | 42.32 |
| WC | R-05-P1 | WM-39 | JEN0092 | Jennings Run | 5.26 | 23.69 | 278.97 |
| WC | FB-06-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 43.86 | 0.00 | 87.73 |
| WC | FB-06-P2 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 21.93 | 17.55 | 2,837.95 |
| WC | FB-08-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.48 |
| WC | NG-03-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20.32 |
| WC | NG-03-P3 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 0.00 | 0.00 | 731.92 |
| WC | NG-03-S1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 13.71 | 2.80 | 363.31 |
| WC | R-01-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 1.64 | 1.32 | 83.50 |
| WC | R-02-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 7.68 | 47.59 | 485.13 |
| WC | R-03-P1 | WM-41 | UJH0011 | UT to Jennings Run | 1.32 | 0.66 | 25.00 |

Note:

CR = Casselman River; GC = Georges Creek; PR = Upper North Branch of the Potomac River; SR = Savage River; WC = Wills Creek

5.3.3 Margin of Safety and Future Allocation

The MOS is the portion of the pollutant loading reserved to account for uncertainty in the TMDL development process. There are two ways to incorporate the MOS (USEPA 1991): (1) implicitly by using conservative model assumptions to develop allocations, or (2) explicitly specify a portion of the TMDL as the MOS and use the remainder for allocations. For this TMDL, a five percent explicit MOS was used to account for uncertainty in the modeling process. The MOS loadings are presented in Table 5-2.

While the MOS is an allocation for scientific uncertainly, the FA is an allocation for growth. Ten percent of the load was allocated for FA in the area covered by the TMDL. This growth includes future urban developments, including point sources, coal mining areas, agriculture, and other nonpoint sources. The FA could also be used for sources not accounted for or unknown and, therefore, not otherwise included in the TMDL. The FA loadings are presented in Table 5-2.

6 REASONABLE ASSURANCE

Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and EPA regulations require reasonable assurance that TMDLs will be implemented. TMDLs represent an attempt to quantify the pollutant load that may be present in a waterbody and still ensure attainment and maintenance of water quality standards. The Western Maryland TMDLs identify the necessary overall load reductions for those pollutants causing use impairments and distributes those reduction goals to the appropriate sources. Reaching the reduction goals established by these TMDLs will occur only through changes in current land use practices, including the remediation of AMD and the implementation of the CAIR. Although the derived TMDLs are based on best professional judgment using current data in the calibrated model, meeting these TMDLs might not be necessary if alternative remediation and future monitoring prove that pH is being corrected without reducing these parameters.

The Maryland Bureau of Mines (BOM) is responsible for protecting the environment from potential impacts from active mining and promoting the restoration of abandoned mine lands and water resources. In issuing new or updated permits in the TMDL area, BOM will ensure that permit limits will not adversely affect the pH in impaired waters. BOM also reclaims abandoned mine lands. These lands are prioritized on the basis of health, safety, and environmental impacts. Within the BOM, the Acid Mine Drainage Abatement Section's mission is to improve the state's waters that are impaired by AMD from abandoned coal mines. This is an ongoing process that is limited by the amount of funding available and can be aided by partnerships with industries, watershed groups, other government agencies, and other interested parties.

On March 10, 2005, EPA issued the CAIR, which places caps on emissions for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen dioxides in the eastern United States. It is expected that CAIR will reduce sulfur dioxide emissions by more than 70 percent and reduce nitrogen oxides emissions by more than 60 percent from the 2003 emission levels (USEPA 2005d). Because these pollutants are highly mobile in the atmosphere, emission reductions in West Virginia, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and possibly Michigan are expected to improve the quality of precipitation in the five TMDL watersheds.

Individuals or local watershed groups interested in improving conditions in the watersheds are strongly encouraged to review funding sources available through MDE and other state and federal agencies. Numerous state programs, including section 319 programs, are available. Other Maryland programs include the Small Creeks and Estuaries Restoration Program and the State Revolving Loan Fund. For more information, visit http://www.mde.state.md.us/AboutMDE/grants/index.asp (MDE 2006). Watershed groups in the area include the Braddock Run Watershed Association in the Wills Creek watershed, the Georges Creek Watershed Association, and the Savage River Watershed Association.

There are several installed and operating AMD treatment systems in the western Maryland watersheds as well as pending systems that are being designed and planned for construction in the next few years (Table 6-1).

Table 6-1. AMD treatment systems installed or pending installation in western Maryland watersheds

| Basin | Treatment type | System designation | Design | Year operational |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| North Branch Casselman River | Passive | Amish Road I | Aluminator / pond | 2005 |
| North Branch Casselman River | Passive | Amish Road II | Alds / ponds / wetlands | 2006 |
| Georges Creek | Active | Mill Run PLB | Pulse limestone bed | 2001 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Coney Cleaners | Saps | 2002 |
| Georges Creek | Active | McDonald Mine | Boxholm bucket doser | 2003 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Fazenbaker | Saps / wetland | 2003 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Potomac Hill | Steel slag ditch / saps | 2003 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Oak Hill I | Saps / wetlands | 2005 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Midlothian School | Pyrolucite | 2006 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Neff Run I | Limestone leach bed | 2006 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Neff Run II | Steel slag leach bed | 2006 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Neff Run III | Limestone leach bed | 2006 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Railroad Street | Saps | 2007 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Getson | Leach beds | 10/2007 |
| Georges Creek | Passive | Hampshire Hill | Steel slag leach bed | 07/2008 |
| Savage River | Passive | Aarons Run Owens North | Pyrolusite | 10/2007 |
| Savage River | Passive | Aarons Run Owens South | Pyrolusite | 10/2007 |
| Savage River | Active | Aarons Run | Boxholm bucket doser | 04/2008 |
| Savage River | Passive | Aarons Run Headwater Rest. | Leach beds | 10/2008 |
| Savage River | Passive | Aarons Run Stream Rest. | Saps / leach bed | 10/2008 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Kitzmiller | Aquafix waterwheel doser | 1993 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Gorman | Pumpkonsult slurry doser | 1994 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Laurel Run | Pumpkonsult slurry doser | 1994 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Lost Land Run | Boxholm bucket doser | 1994 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Passive | Elk Kick I | Ald / wetland | 1995 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Vindex | Aquafix waterwheel doser | 1996 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Passive | Elk Lick II | Saps / steel slag / wetlands | 1999 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Kempton Air Shaft | Aquafix waterwheel doser | 2000 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Passive | Elk Lick III | Saps / wetlands | 2001 |
| Upper North Branch Potomac | Active | Shallmar | Aquafix waterwheel doser | 2006 |

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