

Title 26 Department of the Environment

Subtitle 11 AIR QUALITY

Chapter 44 Maryland Heating Fuel Provider Reporting Program

Authority: Environmental Article, §§1-404(b), 2-101(b), 2-103(b)(1), 2-301(a)(1), §2-1203, 2-1204.2, Annotated Code of Maryland

.01 Purpose.

The purpose of this Chapter is to establish reporting requirements for heating fuel providers of the amount of heating fuel delivered for final sale or consumption in Maryland.

.02 Applicability

This Chapter applies to heating fuel providers delivering heating fuel in Maryland.

.03 Definitions.

- A. In this Chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.
- B. Terms Defined.
 - (1) “Biofuel” means a liquid fuel and blending components produced from biomass feedstocks.
 - (2) “Biomethane” means a mixture of methane and other gases produced by decomposing matter in an oxygen-free environment with the assistance of microbes.
 - (3) Commercial sector.
 - (a) “Commercial sector” means the part of the State’s economy that consists of service-providing facilities and equipment.
 - (b) “Commercial sector” includes:
 - (i) businesses;
 - (ii) federal, state, and local government facilities;
 - (iii) institutional living quarters;
 - (iv) private and public organizations; and
 - (v) sewage treatment facilities.
 - (4) “Coal” means a combustible rock that includes carbonaceous material and is formed from plant remains that have been compacted, hardened, chemically altered, and metamorphosed by heat and pressure over geologic time.
 - (5) “Conservative missing data parameter” means data that are:
 - (a) Substituted for missing data; and
 - (b) Known to result in an amount of reported cubic feet, gallons, or tons for a delivery of a heating fuel under Regulation .05 of this Chapter at least as large as the actual amount of the delivery.
 - (6) “Deliver” means, regarding a heating fuel, to physically transfer or instruct or otherwise cause to be physically transferred.
 - (7) “Department” means the Maryland Department of the Environment.
 - (8) “Diesel fuel” means a fuel composed of distillates obtained in petroleum refining operations or blends of such distillates with residual oil used in motor vehicles.
 - (9) Electric power sector.
 - (a) “Electric power sector” means the part of the State’s economy whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.
 - (b) “Electric power sector” includes:
 - (i) electric generating stations; and
 - (ii) combined heat and power (CHP) plants.
 - (10) “Gallon” means a unit of volume (U.S. gallon) equaling 231 cubic inches.
 - (11) Heating fuel.
 - (a) “Heating fuel” means any material substance, whether solid, liquid, or gaseous, that can be used to supply heat.
 - (b) “Heating fuel” includes:
 - (i) biofuel;
 - (ii) biomethane;
 - (iii) coal;
 - (iv) hydrogen;
 - (v) kerosene;
 - (vi) natural gas;
 - (vii) No. 1 fuel oil;
 - (viii) No. 2 fuel oil;
 - (ix) No. 4 fuel oil;

- (x) No. 5 fuel oil;
- (xi) No. 6 fuel oil;
- (xii) other fuel oil; and
- (xiii) propane.
- (c) "Heating fuel" excludes:
 - (i) diesel fuel;
 - (ii) motor gasoline;
 - (iii) wood and wood-derived fuels; and
 - (iv) solid waste.
- (12) "Heating fuel provider" means a person that delivers heating fuel for final sale or consumption in Maryland.
- (13) "Hydrogen fuel" means the use of hydrogen as a fuel source.
- (14) Industrial sector.
 - (a) "Industrial sector" means the part of the State's economy that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods.
 - (b) "Industrial sector" includes the following types of activity:
 - (i) agriculture;
 - (ii) construction;
 - (iv) forestry;
 - (vi) manufacturing;
 - (vii) mining; and
 - (viii) oil and gas extraction.
- (15) "Kerosene" means a light petroleum distillate that has a maximum distillation temperature of 400 degrees Fahrenheit at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572 degrees Fahrenheit, and a minimum flash point of 100 degrees Fahrenheit and includes No. 1-K and No. 2-K, as defined in ASTM Specification D3699, and range or stove oil.
- (16) "Motor gasoline" means a complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as defined in ASTM Specification D 4814 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690C, is characterized as having a boiling range of 122 to 158 degrees Fahrenheit at the 10 percent recovery point to 365 to 374 degrees Fahrenheit at the 90 percent recovery point.
- (17) "Natural gas" means a gaseous mixture of hydrocarbon compounds with methane as the primary compound and sufficient energy content and a small enough share of impurities for transport through commercial gas pipelines and sale to end-users.
- (18) "No. 1 fuel oil" means a light distillate fuel oil that has distillation temperatures of 400 degrees Fahrenheit at the 10-percent recovery point and 550 degrees Fahrenheit at the 90-percent recovery point and meets the specifications in ASTM Specification D396.
- (19) "No. 2 fuel oil" means a distillate fuel oil that has distillation temperatures of 400 degrees Fahrenheit at the 10-percent recovery point and 640 degrees Fahrenheit at the 90-percent recovery point and meets the specifications in ASTM Specification D396.
- (20) "No. 4 fuel oil" means fuel oil made by blending distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil stocks and meeting the specifications in ASTM Specification D396 or Federal Specification VV-F-815C.
- (21) "No. 5 fuel oil" means heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that meet the specifications in ASTM Specification D396, ASTM Specification D975, and Federal Specification VV-F-815C.
- (22) "No. 6 fuel oil" means the heaviest oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that meet the specifications in ASTM Specification D396, ASTM Specification D975, and Federal Specification VV-F-815C.
- (23) "Other fuel oil" means a blend of fuel oils.
- (24) "Other energy-consuming sectors" means any consumption of heating fuel that is not associated with the commercial sector, electric power sector, industrial sector, or residential sector.
- (25) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, business trust, unincorporated organization, firm, company, limited liability company, government agency, or any other legal entity or form of organization.
- (26) "Propane" means a straight-chain, paraffinic hydrocarbon, C₃H₈, extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams, which is gaseous at standard temperature and pressure, boils at a temperature of -44 degrees Fahrenheit, and meets the specifications in ASTM Specification D1835 and includes HD-5 and HD-10.
- (27) "Residential sector" means the part of the State's economy that consists of living quarters for private households.
- (28) "Ton" means a unit of weight equaling 2,000 pounds.
- (29) Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 - (a) "Wood and wood-derived fuels" means wood and products derived from wood that are used as a fuel.
 - (b) "Wood and wood-derived fuels" include:
 - (i) round wood (cord wood);
 - (ii) limb wood;
 - (iii) wood chips;

- (iv) bark;
 - (v) sawdust;
 - (vi) forest residues;
 - (vii) charcoal;
 - (viii) paper pellets;
 - (ix) railroad ties;
 - (x) utility poles;
 - (xi) black liquor;
 - (xii) red liquor;
 - (xiii) sludge wood;
 - (xiv) spent sulfite liquor;
 - (xv) densified biomass (which includes wood pellets); and
 - (xvi) other wood-based solids and liquids.
- (30) “Year” means calendar year.

.04 Incorporation by Reference.

A. In this Chapter, the following documents are incorporated by reference:

- (1) ASTM International, ASTM Specification D396, “Standard Specification for Fuel Oils”
- (2) ASTM International, ASTM Specification D3699, “Standard Specification for Kerosene”
- (3) ASTM International, ASTM Specification D975, “Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oils”
- (4) ASTM International, ASTM Specification D1835, “Standard Specification for Liquefied Petroleum (LP) Gases”
- (5) ASTM International, ASTM Specification D4814, “Standard Specification for Automotive Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel”
- (6) Federal Specification VV-F-815C, “Federal Specification: Fuel Oil, Burner”

.05 Fuel Delivery Reports.

A. Beginning June 1, 2026 and quarterly thereafter, a heating fuel provider shall submit to the Department a fuel delivery report of any heating fuel that the provider delivered for final sale or consumption in Maryland during the previous quarter.

(1) The quarterly fuel delivery report required under §A of this regulation shall contain:

- (a) The provider’s name;
- (b) The quarter covered by the report;
- (c) The following information delineated by month:

(i) Separately for each county in Maryland, the total amount of cubic feet, gallons, or tons of each heating fuel delivered by type, as specified in Table 1 of §D of this regulation;

(ii) Separately for each county in Maryland, list the sector(s) (i.e., commercial, electric power, industrial, residential, or other energy-consuming sectors) receiving the heating fuel as specified under §A(1)(c)(i) of this regulation;

(iii) Separately for each county in Maryland, if the total amount or the amount for any delivery of a heating fuel is not specified in the provider’s records, invoices, or other documentation, a conservative missing data parameter for the total amount for that product; and

(d) An attestation that the report contains the required information, which is true and correct to the best available knowledge.

(2) The quarterly report to be submitted pursuant to §A of this regulation shall be submitted to the Department:

- (a) In an electronic format specified by the Department; and
- (b) No later than the first day of the third month after the quarter covered by the report, as follows:
 - (i) June 1 for the reporting period January through March;
 - (ii) September 1 for the reporting period April through June;
 - (iii) December 1 for the reporting period July through September; and
 - (iv) March 1 for the reporting period October through December.

B. Missing data.

(1) If a conservative missing data parameter is submitted pursuant to §A(1)(c)(iii) of this regulation, the heating fuel provider shall also submit documentation in the required report providing identification of, and explanation for, the data elements selected and utilized to develop the conservative missing data parameter.

(2) If a heating fuel provider fails to submit a complete fuel delivery report in accordance with §A(1) of this regulation, the Department may assign, for each heating fuel specified in Table 1 of §D of this regulation, an estimated amount of cubic feet, gallons, or tons at least as large as the amount actually delivered based on information that the Department deems relevant.

C. Heating fuels.

Table 1. Heating fuels.

Biofuel
Biomethane

Coal
Hydrogen Fuel
Kerosene
Natural Gas
No. 1 Fuel Oil
No. 2 Fuel Oil
No. 4 Fuel Oil
No. 5 Fuel Oil
No. 6 Fuel Oil
Other Fuel Oil
Propane
Other (specify)

.06 Recordkeeping Requirements.

A. Recordkeeping requirements.

(1) A person subject to this Chapter shall maintain the following records for at least five years:

- (a) Copies of the quarterly reports submitted to the Department pursuant to Regulation .05 of this Chapter;
- (b) All material received, reviewed, generated, or used to complete the report; and
- (c) Any additional information requested by the Department.

B. A person shall provide, by request of the Department, the records required under this regulation.