## Air Quality Facts OZONE – DIRUNAL CLIMATOLOGY

## WHEN IS OZONE THE WORST DURING THE DAY?

In Maryland, ground-level ozone pollution has a strong diurnal pattern with the lowest concentrations exhibited before sunrise and highest concentrations occurring between noon and early evening (12 pm - 5 pm). Before sunrise, ozone concentrations are low for two main reasons: (a) a nighttime (nocturnal) temperature inversion prevents mixing of polluted air from aloft down to the surface; and (b) destruction of ozone through contact with surfaces and "ozone scavenging" from reactions with Nitric Oxide (NO). At sunrise, the presence of sunlight allows Oxides of Nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) to chemically react to form ozone. Around 9 am, surface heating allows the temperature inversion to break. Air aloft, which has ozone and ozone precursors (originating primarily form out of State), mixes down to the ground. In the afternoon, local effects such as emissions and micro-meteorology (e.g., Bay/Sea Breeze), continue to contribute to the ozone concentrations observed at ground level. The combination of locally produced and transported ozone reach a peak between noon and early evening. After sunset, ozone destruction occurs at the surface and persists through the night. The ozone on bad air days can persist through the late evening hours depending on how high the ozone concentration is and the rate of ozone destruction after sunset. In addition, the severity of ozone pollution is different at rural, suburban, and urban centers. To learn more about these differences across the State, check out the Air Quality Facts on "Ozone – Extent of the Ozone Pollution Plume."



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