



# Insight into the Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR)

## Mike McMahon Natural Resource Planner IV Water Supply Program - MDE







## RTCR in General [§141.851]

- TCR promulgated in 1989
- . Applies to all public water systems (PWS)
  - Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)
  - Treatment Technique Trigger (TTT)
- Beginning April 1, 2016, unless otherwise specified.
- . Current TCR in effect through March 31, 2016 [§ 141.21/63]
- . Sample siting plan not later than March 31, 2016
- Beginning CY 2017, annual site visit; if monitoring annually







## Methods & Lab Certification [§141.852]

- Volume of 100 mL for analysis, regardless of method.
- Sample incubation maximum 30 hours.
- . Absence/Presence
- . Total coliforms and E. coli (EC).







## General Monitoring for All PWSs [§141.853]

#### Sample Siting Plans

- All PWSs must develop a siting plan by March 31, 2016
- Representative of the distribution system

**Total Coliform Sample Collection** 

- Routine, repeats, & GWR
- Routines collected at regular intervals during the month GWSs ≤4,900, all on same day
- Collect minimum, even with EC MCL or TT violation







## General Monitoring for All PWSs [cont'd]

Alternate Repeat Monitoring Locations

- Written State approval
- Representative of distribution
- Potential contamination pathway
- . State may modify/alternative locations as needed
- GWS ≤1,000 may select locations differentiating
  - Source contamination
  - Distribution contamination
    e.g., GWS with a single well may use triggered GWR sample as a repeat







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## General Monitoring for All PWSs [cont'd]

#### Seasonal Systems

- Site-specific considerations for monitoring timing e.g., during highest demand or vulnerability
- Start-up procedure
  - Sampling prior to serving public
  - Exempt, if distribution pressurized when closed
  - Monitoring < monthly, <u>must</u> sample during vulnerable period







## General Monitoring for All PWSs [cont'd] Invalidation of Total Coliform Samples

- Invalidated samples do not count toward monitoring
- May invalidate TC+ sample only if
  - Improper laboratory analysis, re-sample 24 hrs, & analyze until valid
  - Non-distribution plumbing problem (20T+, AO-)
  - Circumstances/conditions do not reflect general water quality
- Cannot invalidate
  - Solely because all repeats were negative
  - If system has only one valid sample tap
- Collect all required repeat samples to determine TTT
- Documented in writing & signed by supervisor







## Routine Monitoring, Noncommunity GWSs ≤1,000 [§141.854]

#### Transition to RTCR

- Previous monitoring, unless triggered to increase
- May reduce monitoring, quarterly to annually if:
  - Well-operated GWS
  - System has a clean compliance history, min. 12 mos.
  - Most recent SS: no <u>SDs</u>, protected source, meets construction standards
  - Site visit within the last 12 mos. indicates any <u>SDs</u> were corrected
  - Annual Site Visit for Systems Monitoring Annually
    - Beginning later than CY2017, includes seasonal systems
    - Initial & recurring annual site visit = Level 2 assessment
    - Required Class 1 SS may be substituted







## Routine Monitoring, Noncommunity GWSs ≤1,000 [cont'd]

Increased Monitoring for Quarterly or Annual Systems Must begin monthly monitoring following month if:

- E. coli MCL violation
- Coliform treatment technique violation
- Level 2 or 2-Level 1 assessments in rolling 12-mo.
- 2 Monitoring Violations OR (1 MV + 1-L1A) in rolling 12-mo.

Annual system with 1 monitoring violation must begin quarterly

#### Make-up Samples

To retain quarterly status for TNCs missing a quarter:

- End of monitoring period following missed period
- Different week than current routine, as soon as possible







## Routine Monitoring, Noncommunity GWSs ≤1,000 [cont'd]

Requirements to Return to Quarterly Within the last 12 months, the system must meet all of the following criteria:

- SS <u>or</u> a site visit <u>or</u> a Level 2 assessment by approved party
- Free of SDs & protected water source
- Clean compliance history for a minimum of 12 mo.

Requirements to Return to Annual *Quarterly requirements & additional below:* 



- Annual site visit (e.g. a Level 2 Assement) & correct all SDs
- Have or adopt 1 or more of the following as a barrier to contamination:
  - Cross-connection control plan
  - A State-certified operator/circuit rider
  - Continuous disinfection/residual
  - 4-log viral removal/inactivation
  - Other equivalent enhancements?





## Routine Monitoring, Noncommunity GWSs ≤1,000 [cont'd] Monitoring Frequency

- Monitor according to schedules effect on March 31, 2016
- With "trigger" 1/month (below)

#### Return to Routine Monthly

- . E. coli MCL violation
- Coliform treatment technique violation
- Level 2 or 2-Level 1 assessments in a rolling 12-mo.
- . 2 monitoring violations in a rolling 12 mo.

#### Criteria for Reduced Monitoring

- State-certified operator & clean compliance history, min. 12 mo.
- Most recent SS shows the system meets criteria, including enhancement







## Routine Monitoring Subpart H Systems [§141.856]

Unfiltered SWTR Systems, Including GWUDI

- Systems may not monitor less than monthly
- Collect at least 1 sample:
  - Near the first service connection
  - Each day source water exceeds 1 NTU
  - Within 24 hours of the first exceedance
  - Must be included in determining TTT exceedance







## Routine Monitoring for Noncommunity > 1,000 [§141.857]

#### Reduced monitoring

- Only ground water & not GWUDI
  - ≤ 1,000 mos & > 1,000 in other mos.
    - Mos. ≤ 1,000, monitoring may be reduced, in writing, to a frequency allowed under the requirements for noncommunity water systems ≤ 1,000, only ground water Mos.



Population served	Minimum no. samples/mo.	Population served	Minimum no. samples/mo
25 to 1,000	1/Q or Y	59,001 to 70,000	70
1,001 to 2,500	2	70,001 to 83,000	80
2,501 to 3,300	3	83,001 to 96,000	90
3,301 to 4,100	4	96,001 to 130,000	100
4,101 to 4,900	5	130,001 to 220,000	120
4,901 to 5,800	6	220,001 to 320,000	150
5,801 to 6,700	7	320,001 to 450,000	180
6,701 to 7,600	8	450,001 to 600,000	210
7,601 to 8,500	9	600,001 to 780,000	240
8,501 to 12,900	10	780,001 to 970,000	270
12,901 to 17,200	15	970,001 to 1,230,000	300
17,201 to 21,500	20	1,230,001 to 1,520,000	330
21,501 to 25,000	25	1,520,001 to 1,850,000	360
25,001 to 33,000	30	1,850,001 to 2,270,000	390
33,001 to 41,000	40	2,270,001 to 3,020,000	420
41,001 to 50,000	50	3,020,001 to 3,960,000	450
50,001 to 59,000	60	3,960,001 or more	480



## Repeat Monitoring Requirements [§141.858]

Same-month repeat monitoring

- . If a routine is TC+, must collect repeats within 24 hours of being notified
- No fewer than <u>3</u> repeat samples for each TC+
- May extend the 24-hour limit, specifying time limit
- Cannot waive the requirement collect same-month repeats
- . Collect all repeats same day, systems with a single service connection may:
  - Collect over a three-day period
  - A larger volume repeat, total at least 300 mL
- . An additional set of repeats must be collected if 1 or more repeats are TC+
- Must continue to collect additional sets until ND or TTT
- Must use all routines & repeats results, not invalidated, to determine TTT







## Repeat Monitoring Requirements [§141.858]

Next-month monitoring following a TC+ [systems fewer than 3,301]

- With/without a L1 TTT, collect at least 3 routines next month (at regular intervals or single day if from different sites)
- . Must use additional routine results to determine TTT

Waive requirement for 3 next-month routines

- Perform site visit before the end of the next month
- Determine if additional monitoring and/or corrective action needed:
  - Why the sample was TC+

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- Verify problem was/will be corrected before end of the next month
- Document the decision (approved and signed by supervisor):
  On file audits & public; specific cause TC+; correction action taken
- May not waive solely on the grounds that all repeats TC-Cannot be done by an employee of the system







### E. coli Testing Requirements [§141.858]

#### Escherichia coli (E. coli)

- If any routine or repeat sample is TC+, must analyze for *E. coli*
- . If *E. coli* is present, system must notify the State by EoB on day notified
- . The State may forgo *E. coli* testing on a TC+, if assumes that EC+

The system must notify the State as if confirmed EC+







## Coliform Treatment Technique Triggers (TTT) [§ 141.859]

#### Level 1 TTT

- 40 or > samples/month, exceeds 5.0% TC+ that month
- < 40 samples/month, 2 or > TC+ in the same month



• Fail to take every required [same-month] repeat after any TC+

#### Level 2 TTT

- An *E. coli* MCL violation
- A second Level 1 trigger, within a rolling 12-month period, unless:
  - Determined what caused the first Level 1 TTT
  - Problem was corrected
- Systems monitoring annually, a Level 1 TTT in two consecutive years





#### Assessment Requirements for Protection Against Potential Fecal Contamination [§ 141.859]

#### **Assessment Requirements**

- <u>Systems ensures</u> Level 1 & 2 assessments conducted, as soon as practical identify SDs & coliform monitoring defects
- Systems ensures that the assessor evaluates minimum elements that include:
  - Review sample sites & sampling protocol
  - Atypical events affecting distributed water quality
  - Distribution maintenance changes (water storage)
  - Source & treatment considerations (small GWS)
  - Existing "water quality" monitoring data



The system must conduct the assessment consistent with any State directives that tailor specific assessment elements to system characteristics





#### Assessment Requirements for Protection Against Potential Fecal Contamination [cont'd]

#### Assessment Form Submission

- The system must describe in the completed form:
  - Sanitary defects detected
  - Corrective actions completed
  - A proposed timetable for any corrective actions not already completed
  - Alternatively, the assessment form may also note no SDs identified
  - Completed form submitted within 30 days after system learns of TTT







#### Assessment Requirements for Protection Against Potential Fecal Contamination [cont'd]

**Assessment Distinctions** 



. Level 1

Complete a Level 1 assessment as soon as practical after Level 1 TTT

- Level 2
  - In the case of an *E. coli* MCL violation, the <u>system must comply</u> with any expedited actions or additional actions required by the State (County)
  - System must ensure that a Level 2 assessment is completed by the State or by a party approved by the State

System may conduct Level 2 assessments if the system has staff or management with the certification or qualifications specified by the State, unless otherwise directed by the State





#### Assessment Requirements for Protection Against Potential Fecal Contamination [cont'd]

Assessment Review, Consultation, & Corrective Action

- . Consult with the system if review is not sufficient
- Either may request a consultation during the assessment (method of accomplishment, appropriate time-frame, etc.)
- If State requires, system must submit a revised assessment form (agreed-upon schedule not to exceed 30 days from date consultation)
- Upon completion and submission, determine if TTT cause was identified (if so, is problem corrected or schedule for correcting problem)
- Systems must correct SDs found (Level 1 or 2) (not completed: compliance timetable & notification)







#### Violations [§141.860]

#### E. coli MCL

- EC+ repeat following TC+ routine
- TC+ repeat following EC+ routine
- . System fails to collect all required repeats following EC+ routine
- System fails to "test" for *E. coli* when any repeat TC+

#### **Treatment Technique**

- Exceeding TTT & failing to conduct assessment or corrective actions
- Seasonal system fails to complete start-up procedure







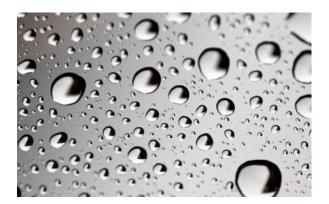
#### Violations [cont'd]

#### Monitoring

- Failure to complete routine sampling
- Failure to "analyze" for E. coli following TC+ routine

#### Reporting

- Failure to submit a monitoring report
- Failure to submit a completed assessment form in a timely manner
- Failure (system) to notify the State following an EC+ by EoB







## Reporting and Recordkeeping [§141.861]

Reporting (Tier3?)

- E. coli: System must notify State of EC+ or violation by EoB & notify the public
- Treatment Technique
  - Report violation to the State EoB next day
  - Submit the assessment report within 30 days
  - Notify each scheduled corrective action not/completed
- Failure of monitoring requirements report within 10 days & notify public
- Failure of start-up procedure for seasonal system







## Reporting and Recordkeeping [cont'd]

#### Recordkeeping



- System must maintain, for State review,
  - Any assessment form, regardless of who conducts assessment
  - Documentation of corrective actions completed
  - Other available summary documentation of the SDs & corrective actions
  - Retain not less than five years after
- System must maintain a record of TC+ repeats meeting criteria for extension of 24-hour period for collecting repeats





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