

Maryland Commission on Climate Change Adaptation & Response Working Group



Photo Credit: Lee Goodwin

- Charge: Implementing solutions for reducing Maryland's climate change vulnerability
- Membership: 7 state agencies; 2 public sector representatives; 2 MCCC liaisons; numerous technical advisors from across the State.



Stevens True Value Hardware

DOCK STREET

STEVENS

ARMADILLOS

Storm Bros
Ice Cream Factory
featuring
cones · shakes · floats · sundaes · sodas

Amy McGovern, 2012

Access & Infrastructure



Claudia Donegan



Maryland's Climate Action Plan

Adaptation Elements



2008

2011

2008

CHAPTER FIVE
Comprehensive Strategy for Reducing Maryland's Vulnerability to Climate Change
Phase I: Sea Level Rise and Coastal Erosion

2011

Comprehensive Strategy for Reducing Maryland's Vulnerability to Climate Change
Phase II: Building societal, economic, and ecological resilience

REPORT OF THE ADAPTATION AND RESPONSE SUBGROUP

REPORT OF THE HUMAN HEALTH, AGRICULTURE, FORESTS AND TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS, BAY AND AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS, WATER RESOURCES, AND GROWTH AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUBGROUPS

2012

2015

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan
Chapter 8: Adaptation

2012

2015

Maryland Department of the Environment
MDE

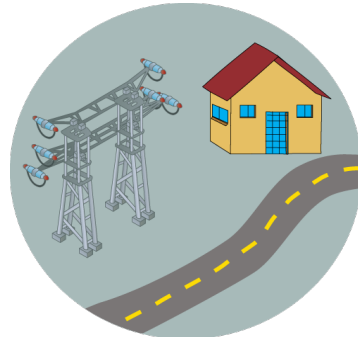
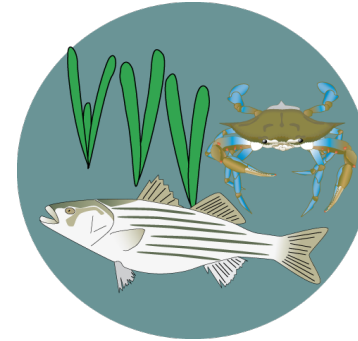
2015 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS REDUCTION ACT PLAN UPDATE
OCTOBER 2015

Larry Hogan
Governor

Neil Rulifson
Assistant Governor

Ben Crain
Secretary

Climate change will affect all sectors of our economy, society and environment



Sector-Based Adaptation Strategy



Adaptation: Phase I

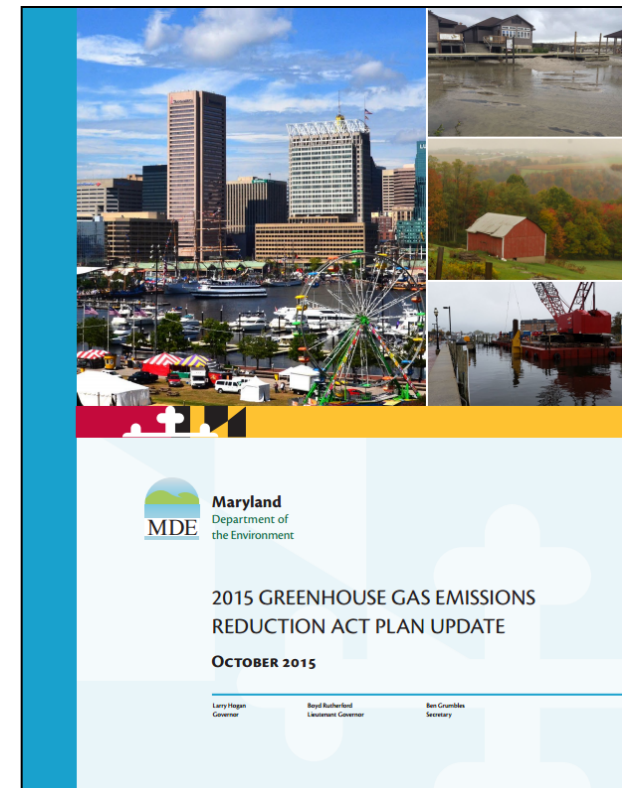
Adaptation: Phase II

Affected Sectors	Climate Stressor	Climate Vulnerability	Adaptation Strategies
Water Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changes in precip. • Extreme events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decreased water supply • Increased flooding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create water markets • Improve flood control
Bay/Aquatic Ecosystems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sea level rise • Increased water temp 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased salinity • Habitat loss 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Install “living shorelines” • Protect critical habitat
Human Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased air temp. • Extreme events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vector-borne illness • Heat-related health effects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designate “cooling centers” • Vector-borne surveillance
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changes in precip. • Sea level rise 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drought • Salt-water intrusion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plant salt tolerant crops • Drought management
Forest/Terrestrial Ecosystems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changes in precip. • Increased air temp. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disease, Fire • Species shifts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fire mgmt. and control • Invasive species mgmt
Growth & Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changes in precip. • Sea level rise 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased population growth • Increased flooding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Smart” site and building design • Retrofit storm water mgmt.
Coastal Zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sea level rise • Extreme events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Submergence of low-lying lands • Increased coastal flooding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protect coastal infrastructure • Increase natural vegetative buffers

State-Level Accomplishments



- Transportation Vulnerability Assessment (State Highway Administration)
- Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment and Recommendations (Maryland Port Administration)
- Historical, Archaeological, and Cultural Resources Vulnerability Study (Maryland Historical Trust)
- Higher Regulatory Standards for Floodplain Management (MD Dept. of Environment)
- Review of Current Statewide Building Codes and Recommendations for Enhancement in Coastal Regions of Maryland & “Sustainable Communities” Designation Reviews (Dept. of Housing and Community Development)
- State Hazard Mitigation Plan & State Disaster Recovery Operations Plan (Maryland Emergency Management Agency)
- DHMH: State Climate Change Environmental Health Capacity Building Grant (Dept. of Health and Mental Hygiene)
- Temperature Sensitive Stream Regulations (MD Dept. of Natural Resources)
- CoastSmart Construction Infrastructure Siting and Design Criteria (Multiple Agencies)



2015

Quarterly Forums to Address Consequences of Climate Change



- **Quarter 1**: Delivering Tools and Assistance for Local Governments
- **Quarter 2**: Impacts on the State's economy, revenues and investment decisions
- **Quarter 3**: Developing broader public and private partnerships
- **Quarter 4**: Addressing the challenge that vulnerable communities will likely be disproportionately impacted by climate change

Strategy: Give partners the right tools to plan and adapt



DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT AREA MAPPER

Climate Change Impact Area Mapper

The Climate Change Impact Area Mapper is an online tool provided by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources for management decision-making, planning and education purposes. The Climate Change Impact Area Mapper brings together multiple data layers from different sources to illustrate land areas in Maryland that are projected to be the most sensitive to anticipated changes in climate. The layers include areas vulnerable to sea level rise, storm surge, flooding, drought, and rising temperatures.

Disclaimer:

Every reasonable effort has been made to provide complete and accurate information and to produce high-quality map information. The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) provides this information with no guarantees of its accuracy, reliability, correctness, or completeness. Users rely on the information contained in the Climate Change Impact Area Mapper at their own risk, and any conclusions drawn from such information are done at the sole risk and the responsibility of the user. The data, maps, and information provided should be used only as a screening-level tool for management and planning decisions.

The Climate Change Impact Area Mapper is a compilation of multiple data layers from different sources, and thus is challenged by spatial and temporal scales. In many instances, the information was created and is maintained by other federal, state and local governments as well as the commercial entities. DNR has collected these data and made them available in a read-only format for management decision-making, planning and education purposes, only. If you have any questions about this viewer, please contact Zoë Johnson at zjohnson@dnr.state.md.us.

News & Events

Maryland Issues New Guidelines for State Construction in Areas Vulnerable To Coastal Flooding and Sea Level Rise

State of Maryland
Department of Natural Resources
January 2014

Governor O'Malley Releases Final Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan

New Sea Level Rise Projections

Smart, Green & Growing Atlas

Overview | How To | Contents | Add Data

Add Data

Content comes from MD iMap. Click [here](#) for more information.

- Causes of the Problems
- Current Health
- Animals Plants and Habitats
- Recreational & Economic Opportunities
- Solutions
- Get Involved
- Climate Impacts
 - Sea-Level Affecting Marshes Model
 - Sea Level Rise Vulnerability
 - Sea Level Rise Wetland Adaptation
 - Drought Risk Areas
 - Fire Vulnerability
 - Storm Surge Areas
 - Erosion Vulnerability Areas
- Environmental Geography

Maryland Climate Change

Climate Change Home

Data Guide

Planning for Climate Change Fact Sheet

Contact:
Zoë Johnson
410.260.8741
DNR Program Manager
for Climate Policy
and Planning

Note: Maps work best in a visible at closer zoom level

Contact the

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

COASTAL ATLAS: Shorelines

Problem Solver | Maryland.gov | Online Services | State Agencies | Phone Directory

Search

Email Friend | print page

DNR HOME | COASTAL ATLAS HOME | OCEAN | SHORELINES | ESTUARIES | DATA

COASTAL ATLAS: Shorelines

Layer List

- Shoreline Rates of Change
- Historical Shorelines
- Shoreline Inventory
- Living Shoreline Suitability
- Sea Level Rise Vulnerability
- Sea Level Rise Vulnerable Wetlands
- Storm Surge Areas
- Bruun Profile Study
- Erosion Vulnerability Assessment

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Strategy: Foster & Advise Local-Level Adaptation Planning



The CoastSmart Communities Scorecard



A community self-assessment tool
This tool has been prepared by the Chesapeake & Coastal Service to provide Maryland's coastal communities a practical method to assess their preparedness to face the risks associated with coastal hazards and the potential increased impacts of those hazards in the future due to climate change



Land-Use Planning		Yes	No
1. Does your community participate in the FEMA Community Rating System?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Does your community's comprehensive plan have a make recommendations to reduce coastal hazard vul		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Are frequently flooded areas zoned or planned for of easements and acquisitions?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Does the comprehensive plan recommend subdivisio to coastal hazards?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Does the comprehensive plan recommend subdivisio		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Does the comprehensive plan promote infill outside v		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. Does the Sensitive Areas Element of the comprehensive		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. Does the Water Resources Element of the comprehen water availability?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Does the community have an adopted floodplain ma		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Are planning horizons extended to incorporate pote		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. Does the water and sewer plan include recommendal infrastructure at risk to coastal flooding or other coa		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12. Does the community have a certified floodplain ma		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13. Does your community have a floodplain manager or organizations?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14. Does the community have technical or computer ma		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15. Has the community adopted the 2010 Maryland Buildin		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16. Has the community conducted a build-out analysis u		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17. Does the community require disclosure statements for		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18. Does the community have a timeline or strategic plan in areas at risk to coastal flooding or other coastal ha		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19. Does the community require the elevation of residen be above base flood elevations, also known as freebo		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20. Does your community require flood-proofing of resid within the 100-year floodplain?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21. Does your community restrict rebuilding of structur		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22. Does your community use an early flood warning sys		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Total number of yes and no answers

Infrastructure & Critical Facilities		Yes	No
1. Does the community have a capital improvements plan or an equivalent budgetary process?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Are professional planners, engineers, and/or certified floodplain managers involved in the capital improvements planning process?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Does the capital improvements plan identify the frequency necessary to update the plan?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Does your community have a detailed inventory, inclu the structural components of emergency access routes and culverts?)		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Does your community have procedures for regularly e components of emergency access routes for damage?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Does your community have a plan for upgrading/rep transportation infrastructure?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. When critical transportation infrastructure is repaire considered to reduce future flood damages?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. When upgrading existing community infrastructure, d improvements plan or the community consider the im coastal hazards?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. When planning new community infrastructure, does the plan or the community consider the impact of the follow		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Has the community discussed at what point it will sto community infrastructure to withstand increased coa level rise?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. Are maps (or other spatial tools like GIS) used to spati vulnerability of the following to coastal hazards?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11.1 Roads		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11.2 Public buildings (schools, hospitals, fire stations, etc.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11.3 Public services (wastewater treatment, water distrb transmission, etc.)		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Total number of yes and no answers

Assessing Risk and Vulnerability		Yes	No
1. Has your community considered the following?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Has the past extent of the following coastal hazards been identified and mapped based on historical information, existing plans and reports, or scientific and local knowledge?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Do any plans describe the damage and cost of previous storms, floods, or erosion?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Does the community track repetitive loss properties within the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Have historic rates of local sea-level rise been defined through tide-gauges or research?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Does the community have staff trained in mapping or monitoring the following?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. Are maps or spatial data used to define the future extent of the following coastal hazards?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. Do any plans estimate future financial losses that may result from sea-level rise?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Have the values of properties at risk from sea-level rise been evaluated?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Has the community assessed the vulnerability of the following to coastal hazards through mapping or GIS?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. Does the community have staff trained in the use of FEMA's HAZUS-MH?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12. Have risk and vulnerability assessments been shared with these people and agencies?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Total number of yes and no answers

Community Rating System (CRS) points

► **Activity 410 - Floodplain Mapping**
The objective of this activity is to improve the quality of the mapping that is used to identify and regulate floodplain development (e.g. Higher study standards (HSS), using future-conditions hydrology, including sea level rise, etc. points).

► **Activity 510 - Floodplain Management Planning**
The objective of this activity is to credit the production of an overall strategy of programs, projects, and measures that will reduce the adverse impact of the hazard on the community and help meet other community needs (e.g. Repetitive loss area analysis (RLAA), etc. points).

ASSESSING RISK AND VULNERABILITY

CoastSmart rating: of 36

Number of Yes answers: of 36

CoastSmart > 25
On the Right Track... 12-25
Getting Started... < 12