

Appendix A- James River Face Supplement

Trajectory analysis results at
James River Face Wilderness
Area.

Equations for Different Metrics

Everyday Residence-time Probability

$$EP = \left(\frac{n_{ij}}{N} \right)$$

n_{ij} = total endpoints passing through grid cell i, j

N = total endpoints passing through all grid cells from all trajectories

Incremental Probability

$$IP = HP - EP$$

High Day Residence-time Probability

$$HP = \left(\frac{m_{ij}}{M} \right)$$

m_{ij} = total high day endpoints passing through grid cell i, j

M = total high day endpoints passing through all grid cells from high day trajectories

Cluster-Weighted Probability

$$CWP = \frac{1}{C} \left(\sum_{i=1}^L (\bar{C})_i \cdot RP_i - \bar{C} \cdot EP \right)$$

L = total number of clusters calculated

$(\bar{C})_i$ = Average pollutant concentration (based on observations associated with cluster i)

\bar{C} = Average pollutant concentration (based on all days)

Description of Figures

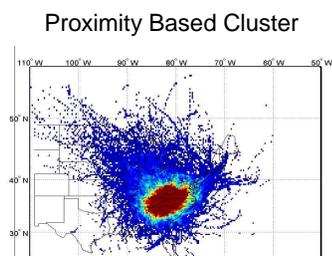
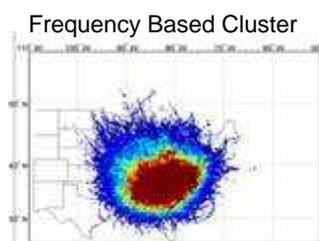
- Central Trajectory (CT)- Trajectory with the largest number of nearest neighbors in the dataset.
- Frequency Based Clusters- These clusters are formed by finding the “central” trajectory which has the greatest number of neighboring trajectories within a subjectively selected radius of proximity (R). These trajectories are then removed from the dataset and the process is applied to the remaining trajectories.
- Proximity Based Clusters- Clustering relies on the frequency-based cluster groups, but forms trajectory groups based on proximity rather than frequency. In the first step, the frequency-based approach is used to identify the central trajectories that represent the most populated frequency-based clusters (approximately 10 clusters typically contain at least 98% of the trajectories in the dataset using R=12 and 120 hour back-trajectory (BT) time). These 10 central trajectories are then used to develop 10 proximity-based clusters by assigning every trajectory in the dataset to its nearest central trajectories (calculated back to 72 hours).
- Incremental Probability- Difference between the everyday probability (probability derived from all the trajectories in the dataset) and high day probability (probability derived from trajectories arriving at the site on the subset of high pollution days).
- Cluster Weighted Probability- Each PATH-derived cluster’s residence-time probability is weighted by the average sulfate (or other pollutant) value for any measurements corresponding to a trajectory which is a member of that cluster. The weighted residence-time probability is summed over *all* clusters calculated for a site. The everyday probability is subtracted from the sum of cluster-weighted probabilities to identify areas of increased (or in the case of negative values, decreased) probability of being associated with a meteorological pathway for pollutant transport.

James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Top 10 Clusters

Modes defined at: R= 12, 120hr BT, 500m start height, 8915 valid trajectories, 5456 invalid

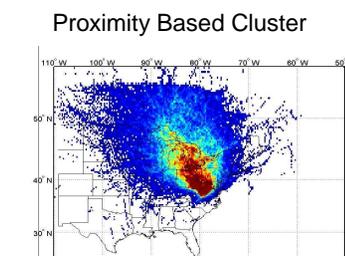
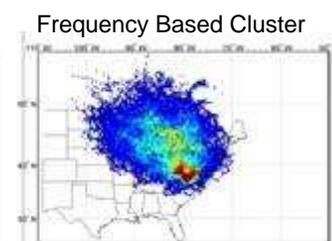
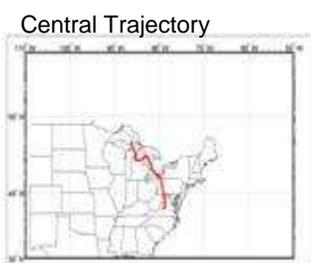
Reassign Trajectories Based on 72hr BT, 500m start height, 12103 Valid Trajectories

Cluster 1



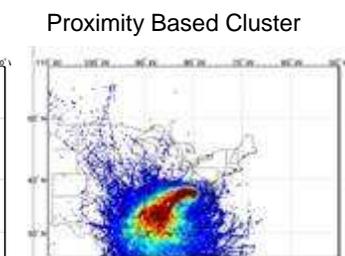
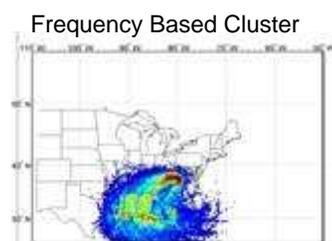
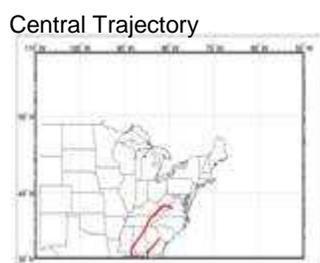
	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	5.87	6.27
Bext	102.71	108.01
PM	14.64	15.81
OC	3.70	4.17
# Trajs	6290	1397
# Trajs w. Poll	1805	405

Cluster 2



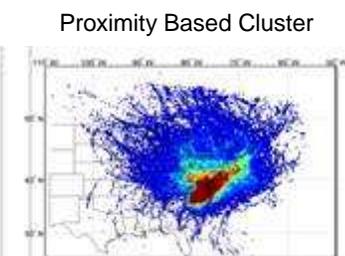
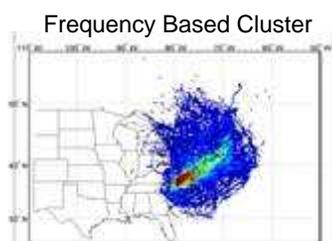
	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	4.06	4.35
Bext	73.65	78.57
PM	10.27	10.68
OC	2.63	2.64
# Trajs	1398	1386
# Trajs w. Poll	446	439

Cluster 3



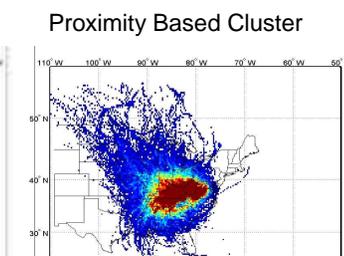
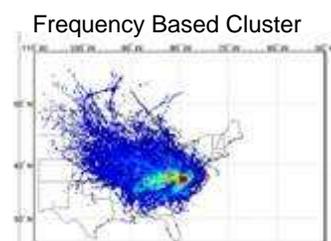
	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	4.26	4.45
Bext	76.57	80.93
PM	11.51	11.99
OC	3.19	3.29
# Trajs	793	1338
# Trajs w. Poll	292	459

Cluster 4

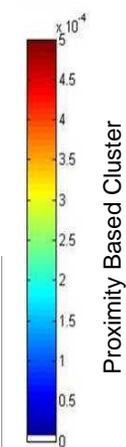
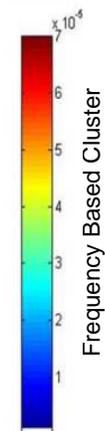


	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	3.71	5.71
Bext	70.53	99.25
PM	9.11	13.31
OC	2.31	3.17
# Trajs	724	1331
# Trajs w. Poll	179	339

Cluster 5



	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	4.58	5.95
Bext	81.17	104.85
PM	11.20	15.28
OC	2.87	3.79
# Trajs	662	1086
# Trajs w. Poll	178	288



James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Top 10 Clusters

Modes defined at: R= 12, 120hr BT, 500m start height, 8915 valid trajectories, 5456 invalid
 Reassign Trajectories Based on 72hr BT, 500m start height, 12103 Valid Trajectories

Cluster 6

Cluster 7

Cluster 8

Cluster 9

Central Trajectory

Central Trajectory

Central Trajectory

Central Trajectory

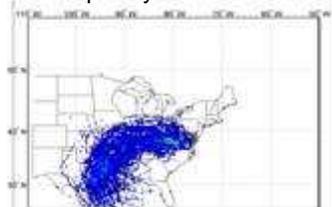
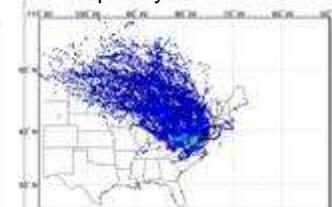
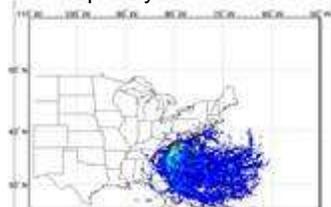
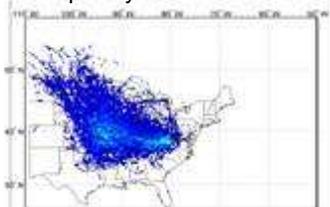


Frequency Based Cluster

Frequency Based Cluster

Frequency Based Cluster

Frequency Based Cluster

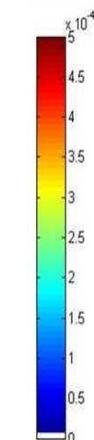
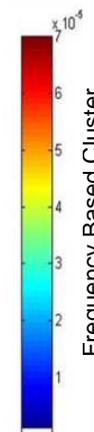
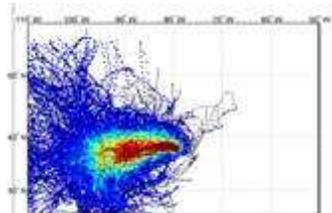
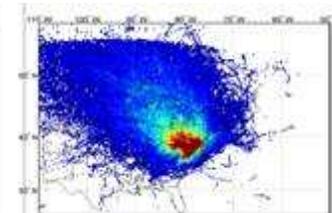
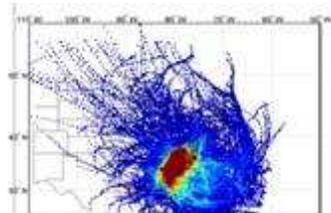
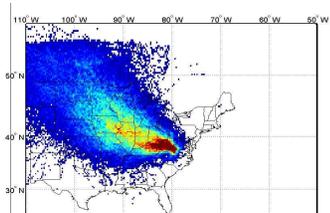


Proximity Based Cluster

Proximity Based Cluster

Proximity Based Cluster

Proximity Based Cluster



	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	2.53	3.46
Bext	47.66	64.27
PM	6.31	8.80
OC	1.61	2.37
# Trajs	315	1792
# Trajs w. Poll	107	498

	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	4.02	5.06
Bext	68.45	87.42
PM	10.69	12.92
OC	2.94	3.34
# Trajs	234	906
# Trajs w. Poll	60	252

	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	5.69	5.06
Bext	102.07	90.44
PM	14.29	12.57
OC	3.88	3.18
# Trajs	208	1963
# Trajs w. Poll	66	545

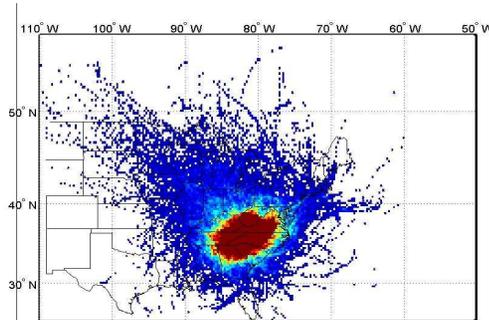
	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	3.45	5.38
Bext	67.24	95.14
PM	9.41	13.37
OC	2.90	3.43
# Trajs	156	819
# Trajs w. Poll	40	263

James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Best/Worst Sulfate

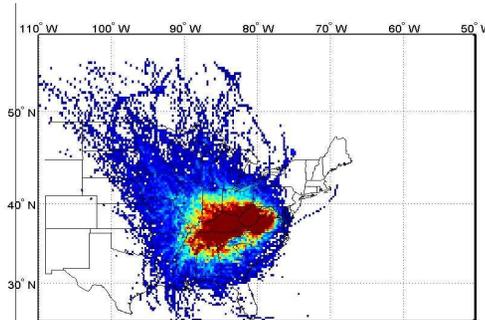
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Highest Sulfate
(Proximity)

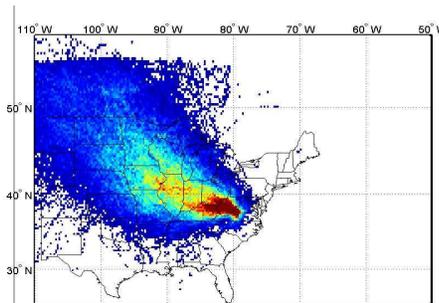


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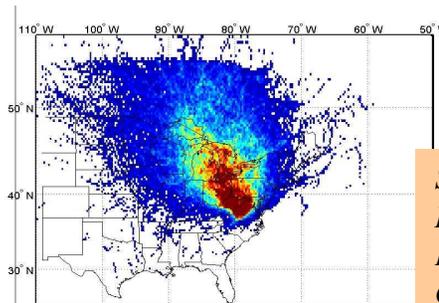


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Bext	81.17	104.85
PM	11.20	15.28
OC	2.87	3.79
# Trajs	662	1086
# Trajs w. Poll	178	288

Lowest Sulfate
(Proximity)



	Frequency	Proximity
Sulfate	2.53	3.46
Bext	47.66	64.27
PM	6.31	8.80
OC	1.61	2.37
# Trajs	315	1792
# Trajs w. Poll	107	498

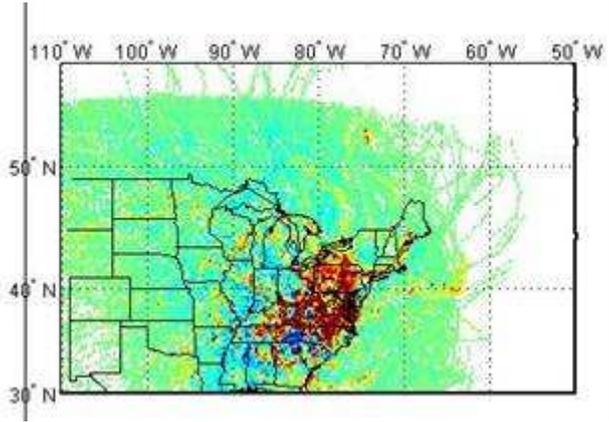


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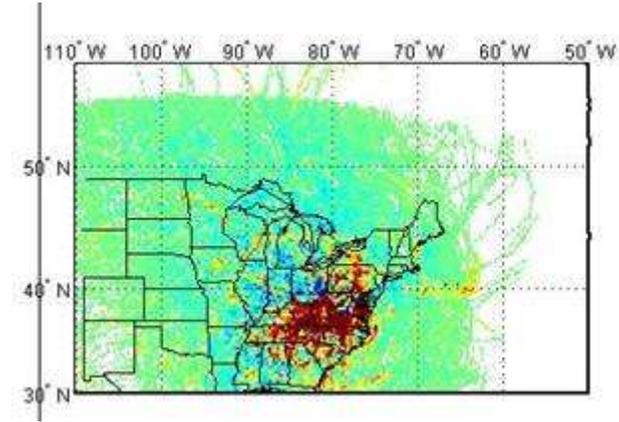
Sulfate- Sulfate ion Conc. (ug/m3)
Bext- Extinction (Mm-1)
PM- Particulate Matter Conc. (ug/m3)
OC- Organic Carbon Conc. (ug/m3)
Num Trajs- Number of trajectories in cluster
Num Trajs w. Poll- Number of trajectories in cluster with associated pollution measurement (Based on number of IMPROVE samples taken during the 2000-2004 period).

James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Incremental Probability

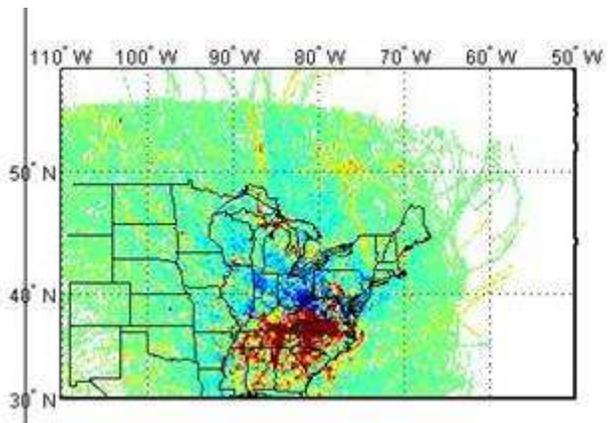
IP Based on Top10%, 500m



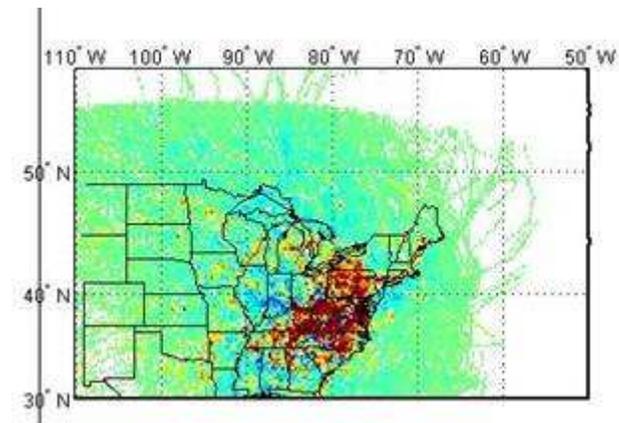
Sulfate



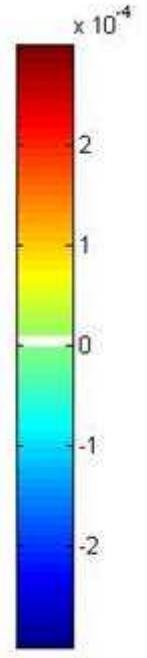
PM



OC

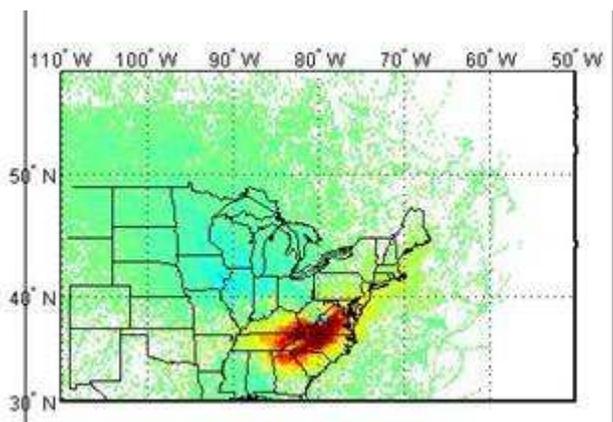


B-ext

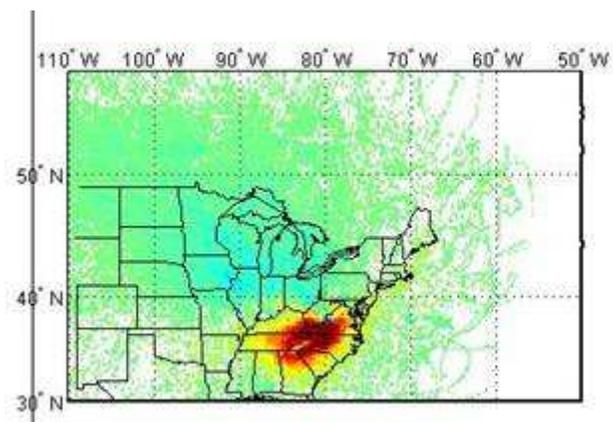


James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Cluster Weighted Probability

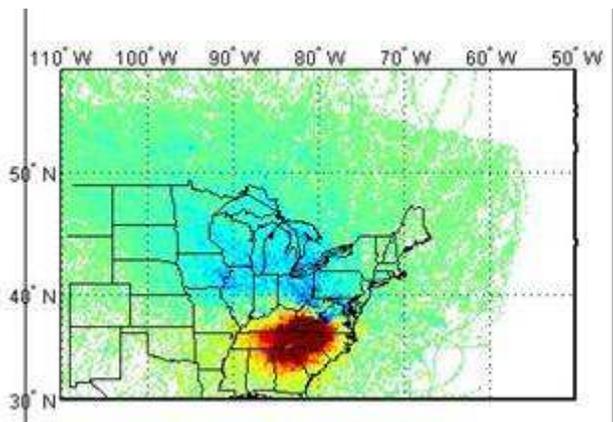
CWP calculated using Proximity Based Clusters, 500m



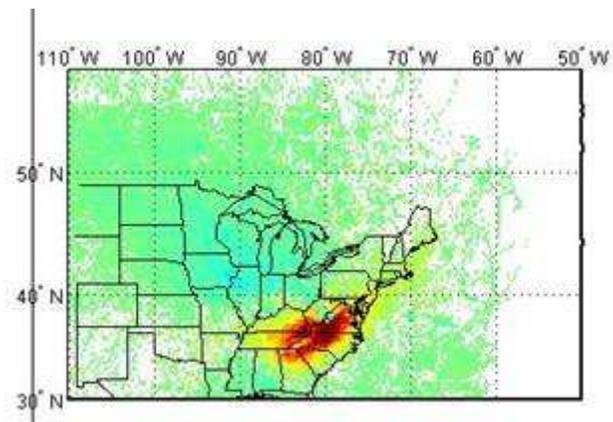
Sulfate



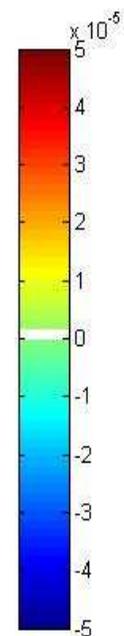
PM



OC

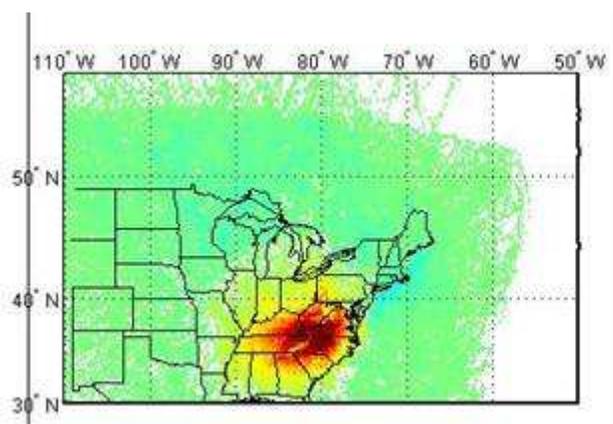


B-ext

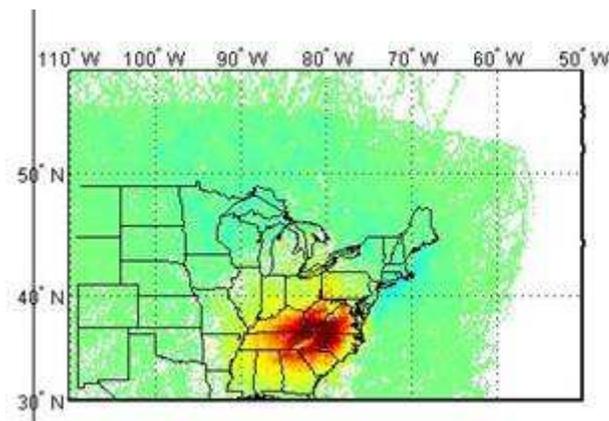


James River Face All Trajectories 00-04, Cluster Weighted Probability

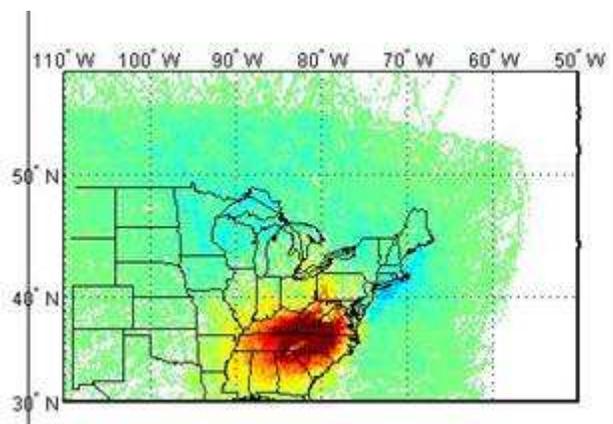
Calculated using Frequency Based Clusters, 500m



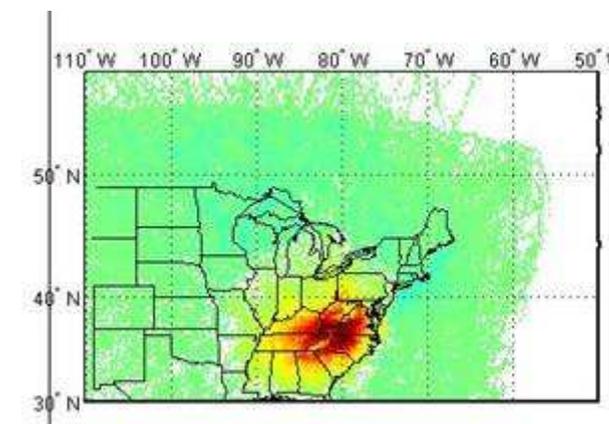
Sulfate



PM



OC



B-ext

